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ACRONYMS

ABB Activity based budget

ABET Adult Basic Education and Training

AFP Acute Flacid Paralysis
ALS Advanced life support
ALOS Average Length of Stay

ANC Ante Natal Care

ART Anti Retroviral Treatment Plan

BAS Basic Accounting System
BUR Bed Utilisation Rate

CA(SA) Chartered Accountant South Africa
CBO Community Based Organisation

CEO Chief Executive Officer
CFO Chief Financial Officer
CHC Community Health Centre
CMH Cecelia Makiwane Hospital

COHSASA Council for Health Service Accreditation of Southern Africa

CSC Corporate Service Centres

CTOP Choice on Termination of Pregnancy
DHAC District Health Advisory Committee

DHS District Health System

DHIS District Health Information System

DORA Division of Revenue Act
DOT Directly observed treatment

DPSA Department of Public Service and Administration

Dr Doctor

EC Eastern Cape

ECDOH Eastern Cape Department of Health` ECPA Eastern Cape Provincial Administration

EDL Essential Drug List

EHO Environment Health Officers
ELHC East London Resource Centre
EMRS Emergency Medical Rescue Services

ENT Eyes, Nose, Throat Executive Officer

FHIG Fort Hare Institute of Government

FPS Forensic Pathology Services
FAEC Fleet Africa Eastern Cape
FMS Financial Management System

HBC Home based care

HIV/AIDS Human Immunodeficiency Virus / Acquired Immune Deficiency

ABB Activity based budget

ABET Adult Basic Education and Training

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FHIG Fort Hare Institute of Government FPS Forensic Pathology Services FAEC Fleet Africa Eastern Cape Financial Management System

HBC Home based care

HIV/AIDS Human Immunodeficiency Virus / Acquired Immune Deficiency

Syndrome

HOD Head of Department

HPCSA Health Professions Council of South Africa HPTD Health Professions Training & Development

HR Human Resources





HTA High Transmission Area

HWESETA Health & Welfare Sector Education & Training Authority

IDP Integrated Development Plan

IPD In Patient Days

IMR Infant Mortality Rate

IMT Interim Management Team IT Information Technology

IYM In year monitoring

JMT Joint Management Team KSD King Sabata Dalindyebo

KZN Kwa-Zulu Natal
LAN Local Area Network
LRA Labour Relations Act
LSA Local Service Area

MCWH Maternal Child and Women' Health

MDR Multiple Drug Resistance
MEC Member of Executive Council

MEDSAS Medical Stores Administration System

MP Mpumalanga Province
 MRC Medical Research Council
 NDoH National Department of Health
 NGO Non-Government Organisation
 NHLS National Health Laboratory Service

NMM Nelson Mandela Metropole

NMMM Nelson Mandela Municipal Metropole MTS Modernisation of Tertiary Services

NP Northern Province

NTSG National Teriary Services Grant

OR Oral Rehydration

OPD'S Out Patient Departments

PABX Private Automatic Branch Exchange

PE Port Elizabeth

PEAR Performance Expenditure and Review

PEP Policy on Non-Occupational Exposure Prophylaxis

PFMA Public Finance Management Act PFSA Public Finance Service Agency

PGDP Provincial Growth and Development Plan PHAC Provincial Health Advisory Committee

PHC Provincial Health Council
PHC Primary Health Care
PPP Public Private Partnerships

PSNP Primary School Nutrition Programme

PSETA Public Sector Education and Training Authority

PWD Public Works Department

QHCAS Quality Health Care Assurance Systems
RDP Reconstruction & Development Programme

Rx Treatment SA South Africa

SADHS South African Demographic Health Survey

SAPS South African Police Services

SDP Service Delivery Plan SEO Senior Executive Officer

SETA Sector Education and Training Authority

SG Superintendent General SLA Service Level Agreement

SMME'S Small, Medium and Micro Enterprises

SMS Senior Management Services
SOP'S Community Based Organisation
STI Sexually transmitted infections

SWOT Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities & Threats

TB Tuberculosis

UPFS Uniform patient Fee Schedule VCT Voluntary Counselling and Testing

WC Western Cape

WITS University of the Witwatersrand





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Part A

VISION AND MISSION

1.1 VISION

A health service to the people in the Eastern Cape Province promoting a better quality of life for all.

1.2 MISSION

To provide and ensure accessible comprehensive integrated services in the Eastern Cape emphasizing the Primary Health Care approach utilizing and developing all resources to enable all its present and future generation to enjoy health and quality of life.

1.3 CORE VALUES

The core values of the Department include, amongst others the following:

- Equity of both distribution and quality of services
- Service excellence including customer satisfaction
- Fair labour practices
- Good work ethic and a high degree of accountability
- Transparency demonstrated through consultations with all stakeholders in the health industry/field and
- Access to essential health services.



2. REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE AUTHORITY



We have come to the end of the 2004/5 financial year. Each year presents us with an opportunity to reflect on what we have achieved vis a vis challenges that still lie ahead for us and to what extent we meet the aspirations of the people of the Eastern Cape in our quest to provide accessible and integrated health services.

We are now in the second decade of our fledging democracy and our mandate as the elected government is to improve the lives of all South Africans. In this regard the specific mandate of the Eastern Cape Department of Health and its mission is to

provide an accessible and affordable health service.

The Department has definitely made commendable strides towards fulfilling the mandate notwithstanding the challenges that exists.

In my Policy Speech of 2004/5 I emphasized the need to "reshape our health services so that every one has an equitable access to essential care, particularly the poor and vulnerable". We set our selves to not only make the services accessible but, "quality customer centered care".

Given the legacy of backlogs in infrastructure, scarce resources (both financial and human), geographic spread of the province which is predominantly rural; the report reflects on all these challenges and achievements and more importantly our future plans to deal with the challenges and constraints. Some of the notable achievements include;

- Clustering of districting hospitals for efficient use of available resources.
- Appointment of Chief Executive Officers for 14 of the 18 cluster hospitals
- Vacancy rate is down from 65% in 2002/3 to 31% in the year under review
- Establishment of Quality Assurance and Customer Care Chief Directorate to assess, monitor quality care levels and improvement thereof
- The department has a 24 hour call-centre with a toll-free number in order to increase accessibility for all
- HIV/AIDS, we have increased access to PMTCT in 25 LSAs
- Have successfully re-directed the focus of the department to primary health care. In the coming years our budget allocation will reflect this.

On the other hand challenges that confront us include;

- Scarcity of health professionals and skilled personnel exacerbated by the migration of same out of the province and country.
- Fierce competition in securing and retaining needed and scarce human resource skills and limitations in building attractive pay packages
- Inadequate budget allocation
- Maternal mortality rate is still a concern and we have established a directorate to focus on this issue. We also acknowledge the fact that the department is now reaching areas that have never been reached before, hence the increase in numbers
- The illegal circumcision of juveniles remains a big challenge that does not only need the co-operation of parents, but the young boys themselves
- We acknowledge that the treatment and all related processes of HIV/AIDS pandemic is still going to be a major challenge to the department despite the progress we have made in this area.
- Sporadic out break of diseases like measles and hepatitis etc.

I wish to assure the people of this beautiful province and beyond that the department is now consolidating on the gains that have been made and is gaining momentum.

Part 2, page 6 of my 2005 Policy Speech sets, infrastructure development, hospital revitalization, emergency services, human resources, training, special services and corporate services as our service delivery platform.

Part 3 of the speech sets ten key focus areas that we must deliver on being, strengthening of district health system, strengthening quality assurance, promote partnerships and public participation, ensure compliance across all sectors, improving sustainable quality health care delivery, long range planning towards a quality public health system for long term sustain.

In conclusion I wish to thank the public and our customers who tirelessly continue to invite our attention to their areas of dissatisfaction for us to improve. My political organization for entrusting me with this humongous task. The stakeholders who have over time supported and also counseled us.

I feel indebted to the Premier of the province for her leadership and guidance and my fellow colleagues in the executive for their support.





I thank all those members of staff who selflessly work long hours with commitment and dedication and wish to let those who still find their feet heavy to move to know that I still have trust in them and their ability to change things for the better.

I am convinced that as a collective inspired by need to better the lives of our people, we shall sail to greater heights, and to confront the challenges together.

Dr M.B. Goqwana MEC for Health

3. REPORT OF THE HEAD OF DEPARTMENT



This report presents work in progress. The year under review can be considered as the beginning of the implementation of the Turn Around Strategy as developed by the Interim Management Team (IMT) in 2003. The first report of the IMT was released in August 2004 by the Minister of Public Services and Administration. That reported highlighted major achievements registered by the department over a twelve months period; as well as the need to finalize the outstanding projects. Importantly, the sustainability of the turn around plan measures was identified as a critical challenge, in terms of ensuring the institutionalization of the plans as part of the operations of the department.

Accordingly, the IMT report concluded that 73% of the planned projects had been completed. Only 2% of the projects had not yet been started. The rest of the projects were in progress, which have now been incorporated in the Operational Plan as part of the consolidation of the Turn Around Strategy.

The improvements effected over the review period confirm that the sustainability of the Turn Around Strategies is beginning to be entrenched. The following examples illustrate the point

Budget expenditure management is beginning to show maturity, with the department achieving close to 100% expenditure, and significantly avoiding over-expenditure. The establishment of the Audit Committee in 2004 was also a major achievement in improving financial oversight.

Significant progress has also been registered in improving access to services, as well as the quality of care. In the year under review , the following health facilities were completed;

- 7 new clinics and 2 Community Health Centers (CHCs)
- 27 clinics upgraded
- 7 existing clinics improved by adding residences for nurses
- 3 projects in hospitals under the revitalization grant
- etc

The full implementation of the Comprehensive Plan for management, Treatment and Care of HIV and AIDS, including the roll out of the ARV programme in June 2004, has made it possible for the public Sector to respond to the AIDS pandemic in a comprehensive manner. Even though the sites for ARV's were initially 8, the





department has now increased these to 16 and another 10 to start in October 2005 thus making it possible for the department to upscale. It is also worth mentioning that the targets for the first year for patients receiving treatment was exceeded within the first six months, thus indicating a large demand in treatment.

- Other successes have been made in terms of filling posts at managerial level and district level, including the appointment of Corporate Services Centre Managers
- Major challenges continue to face the department, many of them historical or as part
 of the legacy of apartheid and the homeland system. These challenges translate
 themselves in terms of structural and systemic weaknesses that hamper rapid
 improvements in service delivery. On the main, these weakness reflect themselves
 in inadequate and sometimes dysfunctional systems, capacity constrains such as skills
 shortages, infrastructure backlogs including lack of good roads which make it
 difficult to access Health institutions
- The burden of disease is growing. A 2004 antenatal clinic HIV Survey suggested that there was as increase in HIV prevalence from 23, 6% in 2002 to 27, 1% in 2003 and 28% in 2004. The 20 to 29 year old are the most affected age group compared to other age groups. However, it should be noted that the increase does not nullify the fact that the HIV epidemic has reached the maturity stage. These may suggest that the proportion of AIDS related deaths may be precisely equal to the number of new HIV infections. HIV prevalence remains high in Nelson Mandela Metro (34, 5%), 33.8% in C Hani and Cacadu with the lowest prevalence (19%). The male urethral syndrome incidence has decreased from 3.6 per 100,000 in 2001 to 3 per 100,000 in 2004.
- TB is one of the major causes of morbidity and mortality. TB management and control has been complicated by HIV and AIDS in the province. There is a constant increase in TB incidence from 440.8 in 1998 to 624 per 100,000 populations in 2003. These increase in TB incidence should also be attributed to the increase incase detection or case findings in most of the Local Service Areas. The greatest challenge of the TB control and prevention is that the cure rate of all TB cases detected in the province is still less than 30% (Target >85%). Nelson Mandela Metro and Cacadu District Municipality have high TB incidence in the province. This is also attributed to the fact that both Nelson Mandela Metro and Cacadu Health Districts have good surveillance systems which allows them to detect cases. Syphilis prevalence has decreased from 3.8% in 2003 to 2.4% in 2004.
- A comprehensive burden of disease study is currently being conducted by the Walter Sisulu University (WSU) on behalf of the department. This study will give us a better insight about the disease profile of the province, and the impact it is having on the capacity of the department to cope.

The implementation of the departmental programme of action will be intensified beyond the review period. Accordingly, some of the major projects to be implemented include the following;

- A regional based service delivery model based on a referral system
- A health systems review project focusing on strengthening all the critical health systems

In conclusion, it is important to highlight that the department implemented measures to force savings as well as budget surrenders as part of the provincial austerity measures, which impacted on our ability to fully achieve our targets. This situation continues to affect the department.

In my capacity as the Accounting Officer of the Eastern Cape Department of Health, I therefore present this Annual Report for the financial year 2004/05 to the Honourable Member of the Executive Council for Health in the Eastern Cape, the Eastern Cape Provincial Legislature and all citizens of this province and country.

Mr. L.M. Boya

Superintendent-General



4. SITUATION ANALYSIS

The Eastern Cape Department of Health serves a population of approximately 6,436,763 million through 719 clinics and 92 hospitals. Although the building of new facilities has been focused in previously under served areas like Alfred Nzo and OR Tambo, the population per facility is still in excess of 10,000 in some areas

Table 1: Mortality trends

	1998	2003	2004
Infant mortality (under 1) rate	61.2/1000 live births	72/1000 live births	-
Child mortality (under 5)	80.5/1000 live births	112/1000 live births	-
Maternal mortality	56	129	209

Top 10 causes of death

A comprehensive study on the burden of disease in the Eastern Cape is to be conducted in the next financial year by Walter Sisulu University on behalf of the Department

Table 2: Notifiable Conditions

	2001	2002	2003	2004
Acute Flaccid Paralysis	29	27	28	25
Cholera	9	2335	3158	777
Malaria	13	2	9	54
Measles (Confirmed)	0	0	0	7
Meningococcal Infection	32	32	26	29
Poisoning Agricultural Stock remedies	0	0	0	6
Tuberculosis (All types)	21385	28676	20779	19009
Typhoid	0	0	0	3
Viral Hepatitis (All types)	37	56	37	59

MAJOR HEALTH SERVICE CHALLENGES

Despite its achievements, the Department is still challenged by the following:-

- High Infant and Maternal mortality rates
- Management of childhood diseases including low immunization coverage. The current immunization coverage rate is 61.2% and the department is aiming at 85% by 2009.
- Management and reduction of communicable diseases, HIV/AIDS, TB and STIs as well as the Comprehensive Treatment Plan which includes ARV roll-out.
- Rendering of EMS for rural areas of the province.
- Management of non-communicable disease including diseases of lifestyle, malnutrition and obesity
- Poor quality of care in our institutions,
- Recruitment, retention and composition of health professionals.
- Staff development and capacity building
- Backlog in health facilities development and equipment especially in the North Eastern part of the province
- Legislative reforms influenced by cultural factors e.g. circumcision, and recognition of alternative medicine including traditional healing
- Cross boundary movement of people from and to KZN and Free State Province has an impact on the utilisation of services.

PRIORITIES FOR 2005/06

In the next financial year, the Provincial Department of Health in the Eastern Cape will focus on the following key areas:-

- Strengthening the service delivery platform especially for PHC through determination and enforcement of minimum norms and standards, setting correct baselines, and benchmarking.
- Revitilisation of health institutions
- Strengthening Quality Assurance Systems
- Promoting Partnerships and Public Participation
- Ensuring compliance across all sectors
- Improving and re engineering business processes for long term sustainable quality health care delivery.
- Long range planning towards a quality public health system





- Strengthening information systems towards more effective monitoring and evaluation
- Improve overall organizational performance through intensification of Performance Management Development Systems (PMDS)
- Effective communication and branding of the department, institutions and programmes

PART B

5. BUDGET PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE

Table 3: Expenditure by budget sub-programme

Programme	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2004/05	Variance -% under/ (over- expenditure)
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
Programme 1: Administration	191,694	215,110	245,207	252,749	3
Programme 2: District Health Services	2,247,675	2,518,346	2,558,483	2,570,000	0
District management	84,717	79,058	199,007	195,075	(2)
Clinics	495,966	549,082	593,300	585,379	(1)
Community health centres	278,393	361,779	256,618	252,144	(2)
District hospitals	1,164,332	1,265,795	1,290,646	1,308,826	1
Community based services	28,362	10,810	42,726	40453	(6)
Other community services	11,333	6,011	37,879	40,297	6
Coroner services	0	0	387	450	14
HIV/AIDS	46,796	72,729	115,170	131,970	13
Nutrition	137,776	173,082	22,750	15,406	(48)
Programme 3: Emergency Medical Services	128,464	194,488	125,234	126,896	1
Emergency transport	128,464	159,650	124,293	125,964	1
Planned patient transport	0	34,838	941	932	(1)
Programme 4: Provincial Hospital Services	1,531,892	1,764,282	1,708,351	1,719,434	1
General hospitals (regional)	1,309,395	1,520,871	1,494,939	1,521,466	2
TB hospitals	46,692	80,760	24,507	24,968	2
Psychiatric hospitals	175,805	162,578	173,000	188,905	8
Subacute, stepdown and chronic hospitals		70			
Dental training hospitals		3			
Programme 6: Health Sciences and Training	96,124	122,884	159,948	164,544	3
Nurse training colleges	70,523	102,365	152,185	156,673	3
EMS training colleges	539	299	197	274	28
Bursaries	25,062	9,551	7,560	7,589	0
PHC training		9,197	8	8	0
Other training		1,472	(2)	0	0
Programme 7: Health Care Support Services	9,168	23,027	10,440	10,807	3
laundries	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering	-	-	-	=	-
Forensic services	-	-	-	-	-



Programme	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2004/05	Variance -% under/ (over- expenditure)
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
Orthotic and prosthetic services	9,168	23,027	10,440	10,807	3
Medicines trading account	-	-	-	-	-
Programme 8: Health Facilities Management	288,212	404,875	372,554	376,836	1
Community health facilities			150,654	150,585	0
EMS	-		- 180,760	-	
District hospitals	213,237	- 304,337	40,279	182,684	1
Provincial hospitals	74,975	100,506		42,705	6
Central hospitals		32			
Other facilities			861	862	0
Total: Programmes	4,493,242	5,243,012	5,180,217	5,221,266	1

Table 4: Evolution of expenditure by budget per capita sub-programme (constant 04/05 prices)

	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05
Population	6,436,763	6,436,763	6,436,763
% insured	-	-	10.2
Uninsured population	-	-	5,780,213
Conversion to constant 2004/05 prices	1.16	1.05	1.00
	Exp per capita	Exp per capita	Exp per capita
	Uninsured	Uninsured	Uninsured
Programme	R'000	R'000	R'000
Programme 1: Administration	0.0385	0.0391	0.0424
Programme 2: District Health Services	0.4511	0.4575	0.4426
Programme 3: Emergency Medical Services	0.0258	0.0353	0.0216
Programme 4: Provincial Hospital Services	0.3074	0.3205	0.2956
Programme 5: Central Hospital Services	-	-	=
Programme 6: Health Sciences and Training	0.0193	0.0223	0.0277
Programme 7: Health Care Support Services	0.0018	0.0042	0.0018
Programme 8: Health Facilities Management	0.0578	0.0735	0.0645
Total: Programmes	0.9017	0.9524	0.8962







5.1 PROGRAMME 1: HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

AIM

The aim of the programme is to ensure the management of financial-; human-; information-; and infrastructure resources.

ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAMME 1

This programme consists of two main streams of branches, i.e. financial and corporate services. The Office of the MEC and the Superintendent General (H.O.D) are included in this programme.

The following Branches or Streams make up Programme 1:-

Corporate Services with the following Chief Directorates

- Integrated Human Resources Management
- Corporate Services and Information Technology
- Infrastructure Management

Financial Services Branch:-

- Financial Management
- Integrated Budgeting and Strategic Planning
- Procurement and Payment (Supply Chain Management)

Office of the Superintendent General:-

- Quality Health Care Assurance Services
- Internal Audit Services

In addition, to the above two Chief Directorates, two directorates with the Office of the Superintendent General were introduced during the period in review, they are, Communication and Monitoring and Evaluation Directorates.





ANALYTICAL REVIEW OF PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE

The analytical review of the programme performance focuses on new policies introduced during the 2004/05 financial year as well as policy amendments which will come into effect during the 2005/06 financial year. Major constraints and challenges hampering programme performance are highlighted, together with the programme priorities for the 2005/06 financial year.

5.1.1 POLICIES

Within the Administration Programme, the following policies were implemented by different chief directorates during the 2004/05 financial year.

Chief Directorate: Integrated Human Resource Management

Following the implementation of the new service delivery model (decentralization), some measures had to be put in place to facilitate the process consequently:-

- HR Delegations to Complexes, Corporate Services, District Offices, institutions and LSA's were effected.
- 28 HR policies were developed by the Integrated Human Resources Management
- Seven (7) Human Resource policies were developed internally and were discussed and adopted in the Provincial Health and Welfare Sectoral Bargaining Chamber.

The Legislative Framework:

- Public Service Act, 103 of 1994 as amended
- South African Qualifications Authority Act, 58 of 1995
- Labour Relations Act, 66 of 1995
- Basic conditions of Employment Act, 75 of 1997
- Skills Development Act, 97 of 1998
- Employment Equity Act, 55 of 1998
- Public Service Regulations, 1999
- Public Service Bargaining Council Collective Agreements

Chief Directorate: Financial Management

- Uniform Patient Fee Schedule (new)
- Continued with existing financial policies

Chief Directorate: Procurement and Payment

- Supply Chain Management Framework
- Supply Chain Management Delegations
- Supply Management Practice Notes
- Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act 5 of 2000
- Introduction of Monthly and Year end reports
- Roll-out of Creditors Reconciliation

Chief Directorate: Corporate Service Centre, Information Technology and International Liaison

- No policies were implemented by the sub-programme during the 2004/05 financial year
- A comprehensive cellular phone policy was developed, but its final approval is awaited
- Amended the Migration Act

Chief Directorate: Integrated Strategic Planning and Budgeting

• National and Provincial Treasury Guidelines on Budgeting and Strategic Planning guided the directorate in the compilation of the Strategic plan and Budget Statement documents.

Chief Directorate: Quality Health Care Assurance Systems

- National Policy on Quality Assurance this policy gives guidelines on setting of standards and structures to monitor the adherence to set standards. This document was also used as a guideline for the development of Provincial policy which is currently in a draft form.
- Batho Pele this document seeks to promote accessibility in quality health services



and active participation of community members. There has been an increase in customer focus in our institutions, hence the complaints systems and the hospital board's policy.

- Patients Rights Charter seeks to empower health service users about their rights regarding health care, and enables health service providers to work towards provision of quality health care standards.
- Research Policy the purpose of this policy is to coordinate research, empower researchers and protect the rights of research participants within the province, with an aim of providing relevant information essential to improve health services
- Access to Information Act PHC, hospital, TB, STI, HIV information is readily available from the information directorate.
- National Health Act provides a framework for a structured uniform health system within the country, taking into account the obligations imposed by the Constitution and other laws on the national, provincial and local governments with regard to health

5.1.2 PRIORITIES

Within the Administration Programme, the following priorities were implemented by different chief directorates during the 2004/05 financial year.

Chief Directorate: Integrated Human Resource Management

- Roll-out all approved policies in the form of workshops or seminars in order to profile them to the staff members
- The finalisation of Human Resources Plan to be in line with the National Department of Health
- The finalisation of Employment Equity Plan for the Department
- Embarked on an extensive Change Management programme as part of transformation
- Developed policies to govern relationship between organized labour and the Department
- Improved management of filing system

- Re-engineered systems to efficiently manage paper-based documents
- Conducted staff satisfaction surveys

Chief Directorate: Financial Management

- UPFS implementation
- Operation Clean Audit
- Setting up of an audit committee
- Adherence to existing financial policies
- Development and implementation of a financial internal control system
- Completion of the devolution of the Pre Audit function

Chief Directorate: Procurement and Payment

- To ensure that procurement systems are implemented in the Department that will facilitate effective and efficient Programme operations.
- To ensure the availability and accessibility of accurate information on the activities of the Business Unit.
- Training of Staff in Supply Chain Management and Computer literacy.
- Creditors account to be reconciled on a monthly basis.
- All invoices to be paid within 30 days.

Chief Directorate: CSC, Information Technology and International Liaison

- To establish 8 Corporate Services in support of new service delivery model adopted by the Department
- A complete assessment of all PABX's in the province had been completed.
- Two problematic PABX's had been replaced at PE Walton Building and Humansdorp Hospital.
- A basic IT infrastructure had been established at an additional 25% of hospitals.
- An additional 25% of hospitals are currently utilizing transversal systems which contribute to more effective service delivery.
- · Recruitment of critical medical staff in rural areas
- · Recruitment of students for medical training from underserved areas





Chief Directorate: Integrated Strategic Planning and Budgeting

- Establish full linkage between Strategic, Operational and Budgeting process
- Manage plan, monitor, evaluate and coordinate the budgeting process in the department
- Formulation and development of budget policies.

Chief Directorate: Quality Health Care Assurance Systems

- To establish quality improvement programs in the health institutions
- To monitor adherence to set norms and standards
- To prepare institutions to be accredited on international standards

5.1.3 CHALLENGES AND CONSTRAINTS

The programme experienced the following challenges and constraints during the 2004/2005 financial year.

Chief Directorate: Integrated Human Resource Management

- Recruitment and retention is still a challenge. Besides health professionals, managers in various areas were difficult to recruit
- Timeous payment of salaries and benefits
- Lack of capacity amongst staff
- The inadequate budget to the Department has for years militated against the filling of vacant posts in the Department
- Programme management capacity lacking
- Office accommodation
- Electronic Human Resources Information System besides Persal

Measures to overcome them

- Budget allocation on personnel to be reviewed
- The organisational structures within the Chief Directorate have been aligned to the needs and demands of our clients. The next phase would be to embark upon a process of training and development of requisite skills in close liaison with Human Resources Development Chief Directorate. Various strategic positions have been

filled though gaps still remain in certain areas;

• Leverage on technology to enhance productivity

Chief Directorate: Financial Management

- Low staffing levels
- Problematic interfaces (Medsas)
- BAS Accessing BAS is a problem as the system is slow or always down
- Revenue collection is poor at the institutions, as the function is not taken seriously as other finance functions.
- Misallocations due to PERSAL and BAS not interfacing properly
- Inadequate budget
- Suitable office accommodation and automation

MEASURES TO OVERCOME THEM:

- Workstudy was engaged to revise the organogam of this Chief Directorate.
- Application for funding through the critical posts route
- Performance agreements have been put in place and performance is monitored
- Service provider for Medsas interface and SITA were engaged to sort out the delays
 Training on UPFS billing is taking place, and the audit intervention plan has been
 developed, and the teams are working in the regions and amongst other things, to
 raise awareness on revenue collection and general compliance to financial
 regulations and prescripts.
- Computers will be purchased in the next financial year.
- Inaccessibility of BAS has been reported to IT for assistance
- A specialist will be engaged to sort out the PERSAL BAS links
- Office accommodation currently being reviewed

Chief Directorate: Procurement and Payment

- Inadequate Procurement Staff at Institutional level to ensure priorities are implemented.
- Performance management and development of staff.
- Institutional Reform specifically in terms of the adoption of the new Supply Chain Management methodologies.





- Accessing BAS is a problem as the system is slow or always down.
- Problematic interfaces between BAS AND LOGIS
- Office accommodation
- Difficulty in getting monthly statements from suppliers

Chief Directorate: CSC, Information Technology and International Liaison

- Obtaining accommodation for CSC
- Limited budget
- Capacity of staff especially at district level
- The belt-tightening process had been a real challenge in improving the communication infrastructure
- Appointment of core staff due to budget problems
- Post will be filled for the unit in the next financial year

Chief Directorate: Integrated Strategic Planning and Budgeting

- To ensure that the Strategic Plans prepared by the Chief Directors incorporates the policy framework of the department and addresses the basic health needs of the Province of the Eastern Cape
- To ensure that the budget is properly aligned to the Strategic Plan of the Department
- Non-availability of Programme Managers in order to give information on variances on the IYM.
- Non-availability of cash-flow projections from cost centres in order to make informed requisition of funds.
- Too many responsibility in each cost centre leading to misallocation of personnel expenditures.
- BAS system very slow and often not working is a challenge to efficiency.
- Constant shifting of funds by cost centres results to less productivity.

Measures to overcome them

• The Programme Managers will be given a time-table which illustrates the times when he/she should be available.

- A circular to all cost centres will be issued encouraging them to forward weekly cash-flow projections.
- The organogram needs to be revised and cost centres codes be minimised on BAS.
- The complaint pertaining to BAS has been communicated time and again to System Controller and IT.
- A circular stating that the shifting of funds be done quarterly is to be issued out.

Chief Directorate: Facilities Management

- In Office Support Management Services there was never enough office space for all the staff and functions that needed to be performed and document management was a great challenge.
- Due to the belt tightening exercise, no appointments could be made.

Chief Directorate: Quality Health Care Assurance Systems

- Poor support from institutions and programme managers in addressing the issues of quality in the institutions and utilization of information
- Complaint system not functional in some of institutions

Measures to overcome constraints

- Continuous training on investigative procedures and handling of complaints has been done.
- Batho Pele road shows and radio slots will continue.
- Workshops on hospital boards and support provided to institutions in the formation of boards.
- Quality improvement workshops on complaints management for institutional managers and quality assurance coordinators have been done.

5.1.4 ACHIEVEMENTS

Chief Directorate: Financial management

Revenue Management

In 2003/04 Cabinet approval was obtained to implement UPFS. 8 institutions were



targeted to implement UPFS billing for 2004/05, but the implementation was done to 11 institutions. The revenue target for the year was R44m and the actual collection was R53m.

Accounting services

The department closed the financial year end books, in compliance with section 40 of the PFMA and Treasury Circular 18.

Financial Internal Control

The pre auditing function was established in six centres against the target of 8 centres as the focus has been at the Head Office and 5 regional and corporate service centres that are serving all offices and institutions.

Investigations:

Reported cases	Status	Outcome
Hotline 57	49 in progress	5 referred to Social Development 3 duplicates
Adhoc investigations 7	3 in progress	2 finalised 2 recommendations done

Chief Directorate: Procurement and payment

The following achievements were made by this chief directorate:-

- The implementation of PPPFA principles in terms of Supply Chain Management Practice Note 2 of 2003 whereby all procurement of goods and services equal to or above R30, 000 up to R100, 000 are evaluated applying 80/20 preference point system.
- Establishment of Procurement Committees for adjudication of bids equal to or above R30, 000 up to R100, 000.
- Procurement delegations were increased from R75, 000 to R100, 000 in the case of quotations to ensure effective service delivery especially at institutional level.

- 2 new LOGIS sites were implemented namely, Butterworth and Fort England Hospitals.
- Identification of a suitable Supplier Database Management Software.
- Introduction of Streams to render technical support to all Institutions.
- Management staff was introduced in the new concept of Supply Chain Management through the Provincial Treasury

Chief Directorate: Integrated Strategic Planning and Budgeting

- The department succeeded against all odds to have an accurate EC5.1 consolidation with all cost centres.
- The support to Programme Managers in all matters pertaining to budgets maintained through the year.
- Able to see to it, through the IYM and expenditure control, that the department was able to remain within the allocated budget.
- Minimise misallocation of expenditures through continual checking and passing corrective journals.

Chief Directorate: Facilities Management

The Fleet Africa Eastern Cape (FAEC) contract had several problems, the chief of which was the inadequacy of FAEC's electronic management information system(MIS).

- The Departmental MIS was successfully implemented.
- The Asset management unit in the department was set up.

Chief Directorate: Quality Health Care Assurance Systems

Customer Care & Quality Assurance Management

Health Call Center:

This ensures a 24hr communication line with health service users and staff. The call centre was launched for the purpose of encouraging community participation in health matters





Toll free number

The toll free line for the Eastern Cape Department of Health is 0800032364. This number is continuously used by the health service consumers to complain, enquire, and report fraud and in our health facilities.

Quality Assurance Teams

Quality Health Care Assurance Systems ensures adherence of the health facilities to quality standard as enshrined in the Quality Assurance Policy. Forty two (42) health institutions have established Quality Assurance Teams to coordinate quality improvement activities in the institutions.

Clinical Audit

Clinical Audit Concept has been communicated to all public health institutions.

Clinical Audit teams have been formed in 15 hospitals to coordinate clinical audit activities.

- National Norms and Standards (District and Primary Health Care Package)
 These have been distributed to all health institutions for their compliance and participation in the coordination of quality improvement activities.
- Capacity Building Workshops

Two workshops for capacity building were held for Quality Assurance Coordinators and Managers of institutions

A Health and Human Rights workshop was held for managers and hospital board members to create awareness and promote health rights based care as well as to promote partnership with South Africa Human Rights Commission.

Batho Pele Road Show

In July 2004 a Road Show on Batho Pele was held in the OR Tambo District . The purpose was to create awareness to the heath care providers on operationalization of Batho Pele as well as to health service users on their responsibilities on the implementation of Batho Pele. This project will continue to reach all the districts.

Quality Month Celebrations

November is regarded as a international quality month. In recognition of that the QHCAS created awareness on quality issues, targeting the community members and health care providers at OR Tambo District Municipality

Health Awards

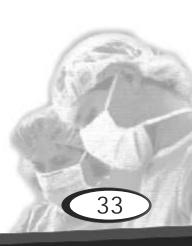
The Cecilia Makiwane and Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative health awards were held with the aim of encouraging institutions to strive for excellence in the delivery of health services.

Quality Improvement initiatives at Health Facilities
 Amahlati Local Service Area was supported and assisted to conduct the awards ceremony for the best clinics on the implementation of Batho Pele Principles.
 Mother Child and Women's Health was assisted on the purchasing of protocols of maternal conditions in pregnancy. Various institutions were assisted to

Patient Satisfaction Survey

conduct quality improvement initiatives

The Patient Satisfaction Surveys were conducted in 18 Hospitals to promote a customer care oriented health service delivery. This will allow clients to have inputs in the quality of care they receive. The data base for field workers has been established for hospitals that participated to ensure continuity of patient satisfaction survey. Institutional managers were trained on patient satisfaction survey.



Programme 1



Table 5: Performance against targets from the 2004/05 strategic plan - Programme Administration

Sub-programme	Objective	Indicator	2002/03 Actual	2003/04 Actual	2004/05 Actual	2004/05 Strat. Plan target
Intergrated Human Resource Management	Sourcing and Recruiting of staff	Vacancy kept at a low %	%59	50%	31%	35%
	Facilitate Financial And Non-Financial Rewards for all	Timeous payments of benefits	3 Months	2 Months	1 month	1 month
	Ensure the retention of Health professionals For at least 5 Years	Turn-over rate	10.2%	10%	10%	10%
	Provision of sound HR policies	New and revised HR policies available; Employment Equity Plan in place	%0	60% HR Policies drafted EE Plan 40% developed	30 New policies Developed; 7 policies approved	30 new policies To be Developed
	Development and Implementation of wellness programmes	Availability of a Workplace HIV&AIDS Strategy; Functional EAP referral system In place	Ni	Nil	Workplace HIV/AIDS Strategy 75% complete EAP Policy Developed	Strategy 50% Completed EAP policy in place Referral system in place

20%	Continuous	50%	700%	%08	50&	Nil
%08	Continuous	20%	,100%	%08	50&	Nil
10%	Continuous	30%	%09	%09	10&	40%
NIL	Implementation /Review	10%	IIN	Nii	III	Nil
HR Plan in place	Organisational structures in place	Mandatory jobs Evaluated, job descriptions in place	Approved establishments reflected on PERSAL;	All records on PERSAL comply to NMIR	PERSAL users trained	No backlogs in
Developement of HR Plan for the Department	Development of Organisational structures	Performing Job evaluation And job descriptions	Management, control and Monitor the capturing of HR trnsactions on PERSAL system	Ensure accuracy of information on PERSAL	Ensure training of PERSAL Users.	Ensure sound, fair
				1		1

Programme 1



	8 centres established		To establish a basic IT infrastructure at
	7 centres established	An in-depth assessment of all problematic PABX's had been done. Due to the belt-tightening process only critical cases were attended to, i.e. PE Walton Building and Humansdorp Hospital. New installations were done at Bisho Nurses Home and EL CSC. A generic specification for PABX's, cellular phones and cellular routers had been developed and is utilized.	A basic IT infrastructure were
	3 centres established		A basic IT infrastructure were Established at 60%
	Full Sourced		A basic IT Infrastructure were
Disciplinary and dispute cases; Effective collective bargaining forums	11 Corporate service Centre established	Functional and suitable PABX in hospitals	Number of hospitals, LSA's and CSC's with
And transparant Employment relations In the Department	Establishment of corporate service centres	Enhance the telecommunication Infrastructure of the Department to improve Its cost effectiveness	To develop and maintain The
	Corporate Services	Information Technology Services	

	departmental IT infrastructure	functional IT infrastructure	established at 50% of hospitals	of hospitals	85% of hospitals	75% of hospitals
	To support the development, maintenance and utilization of application software in the department	% of facilities utilising transversal systems, e.g. BAS and PERSAL	50% of hospitals utilize transversal systems	60% of hospitals utilize transversal systems	85% of hospitals utilize transversal systems	To provide access to transversal systems at 75% of hospitals
International Liaison	Functional international medical training and appointment of Foreign Qualified Doctors	No of trained medical students and recruitment of medical professionals	%0	25%	Ongoing process - 30% medical training recruitment 15 Foreign doctors and 2 Foreign Pharmacists recruited	100%
Finance	Support programmes to achieve a 5% variance in spending	Spending patterns as per in year monitoring		The department overspent the budget by R131m	The department had savings of R41m	Maintain a 5% variance.
		Accurate and timeous financial report provided	Unqualified audit report	Disclaimer issued	Awaiting audit opinion	Unqualified report with 65% reduction in emphasis of matter
	Provide financial accounting services	Exceptions cleared	80% of suspense accounts with reduced balances	25% suspense accounts cleared	100% suspense cleared	50% suspense accounts cleared
	Provide financial internal control	Pre audit services rendered	Pre audit centralised in the Provincial Treasury	Accreditation to run own pre audit received from the Provincial Treasury	6 functional pre audit centres rolled out	8 functional pre audits rolled out to 8 centres
Procurement and Payment	To Ensure Compliance With The PFMA And	Number of days in which suppliers paid	40 Days	39 days	49 days	30 days



	100%	Fully fuctional document centre for Head Office.	2005/2010 Strategic Plan	2005/06 Operational Plan	Submission of Quarterly reports 2004 Annual Report
	45%	All documents for 2004/5 financial year must be received at the document centre and the document tracking system will installed.	2005/2010 Strategic Plan developed and tabled to Treasury	2004/05 Operational Plan submitted to Legislature	Submission of Quarterly reports 2003 Annual Reports
	30%	The 2004/05 documentation received and filed at the documentation centre.	2004/07 ECDoH Strategic Plan developed and tabled to Treasury	2003/04 Operational Plan submitted to Legislature	Submission of Quarterly reports 2002 Annual Report
	10%	Call for all financial documents from districts and institutions for 2004\2005 financial year.	2003/06 ECDoH Strategic Plan	2002/03 Operational Plan	Report for four quarters Annual report 2003/04
	Number of creditors reconciled monthly.	Number of documents filed monthly against the number of documents generated.	Availability of the departments Strategic plan	Availability of the Operational plan of each year	Availability of quarterly reports Availability of Annual
Treasury Guidelines When Paying Creditors	To ensure that there are no duplications, over/under Payments of invoices.	Establish an effective functional document Centre.	Provide a road map of provincial objectives and targets in form of a five year Strategic Plan	Develop a plan that reflects the activities of the Eastern Cape Department of Health	Provide a monitoring and accountability tool to the provincial populations and legislature
			Strategic Planning		

	compiled for submission Adhoc report submitted	To allocate based on initial draft and reprioritisation where applicable. Loading of the Final budget.
	Adhoc reports submitted Budget hearings report presented in Cape Town on Port folio committee presentation on the 7th June 2004	To finalise indicative budget with Provincial Treasury
	Adhoc reports submitted	Discussions with Provincial Treasury on first draft
2003/04	Adhoc reports submitted	Implement Circular 45 of 1999 at all levels and Complete first draft of budget by all stakeholders. Compilation of EC Forms by all cost Centres as per indicative. Conducting one performance review with Provincial and Local Government facilities for the 4th Ouarter of the 2003/04 FY. Train sub-districts in the Northern Region
Reports	Adhoc Reports	Maintain a 5% variance spending variance. An implemented Budget Management system aligned to Provincial Treasury time frames
legislature		Effective and participative Budget Management system
		To develop and implement an improved Budgetary Management system at all levels



	Conducting one performance review with Provincial and Local Government facilities for the all four Quarter s of the 2004/05 FY.	Train sub-district in the Region of the province, eg. Metro,Kouga,Camdeboo and Albany	Provide support to all Programme Managers to complete IYM reports for April to March
	Conducting one performance review with Provincial and Local Government facilities for the all four Quarters of the 2004/05 F.Y.	Train sub-district in the Region of the province, eg. Mbashe KWT,Fort Beafort and E London	Provide support to all Programme Managers to complete IYM reports for April to March.
	Conducting one performance review with Provincial and Local Government facilities for the all four Quarter s of the 2003/04 F.Y.	Train sub-districts in the Northern Region of the province,eg. A. North,Elliot,Cala & Queenstown,	Provide support to all Programme managers to complete IYM reports for April to March.
Of the province, eg. Umtata & Kokstad Provide support to all Programme Managers to complete IYM reports for April to March. Submission of weekly Cash Flow requirements as per			
	Conducting of three performance reviews	Train districts	Full support to Programme Managers and timeous submission of 12 IYM reports as scheduled by Provincial Treasury
	Report and results on performance reviews (Cost per PDE, Bed occupancy)	Trained staff on conducting a perfomance review	Twelve comprehensive quality IYM reports
	Improve Template for performance reviews on budgets and expenditure	Provide training to districts and facilities on new performance review methodology	Implement effective In Year Monitoring (IYM) management system for the department

Submission of weekly Cash Flow requirements as per schedule	55 % of institutions with established quality assurance teams.	51 institutions trained infection control teams	30 institutions with hospital boards	30	
Submission of weekly Cash Flow requirements as per schedule	39 institutions with established quality assurance teams	66 institutions and 7 Local service areas have been trained on formation of infection control teams	42 institutions with interim hospital boards.	72	Batho Pele roadshows conducted in two Districts, O.R.Tambo
Submission of weekly Cash Flow requirements as per schedule		22 institutions	2	No data	
		No data	No data		No data
Fifty (50) Cash Flow submissions to Provincial Treasury	Number of institutions with quality assurance teams	Number of hospitals with trained infection control teams	% of institutions with functioning and representative hospital boards	Number of institutions displayed information about available services	Draft policy has been developed and circulated for inputs
Cash Flow submissions to Provincial Treasury	Implementation and coordination of Quality assurance programmes.		Implementation of Batho- Pele principles		
Implement effective Cash Flow Management system for the Department	Ouality Health Care Assurance Systems				



	18	0	15	20%
Buffalo City.	Tender specification completed with tender board for 24 prioritised institutions. The initiative will be tendered.	Tender specification completed with tender board. The initiative will be tendered.	National District Norms and Standards Circulated to 92 hospitals Primary Health Care Norms and Standards circulated to all 25 Local Service Areas	
	īĒ	듵	Ē	20%
	Į.	ī	īē	2%
	Accreditation No of institutions on accreditation program	Number of institutions on accredited	Number of institutions evaluated on minimum standards set Complaint System	Percentage of institutions with functional complaints system
	Monitor and evaluate health services to ensure quality improvements			

	10%	10	30		30		30	30
submitting their stats	%09	15 institutions have established clinical audit teams	15 Institution are holding morbidity and mortality meetings	,	0% Hospitals not yet submitting reports but hospitals have	commenced clinical audit activities	All Hospitals are submitting stats to MCWH	29 Perinatal Problem Identification Program Sites (PPIP)with soft ware are reporting to MCWH
	30%	10	0		0		0	0
	.10%	0	0		0		0	0
stats to Head Office	Percentage of Resolved Complaints	Number of institutions with functioning clinical audit teams	Number of institutions holding morbidity and mortality meetings once a	month	Number of institutions submitting reports on	anaesthetic deaths	Number of Hospitals submitting maternal deaths statistics	Number of institutions submitting perinatal deaths monthly



					ware are reporting to MCWH	
Number of reporting a outcomes	Number of hospitals reporting adverse clinical outcomes		0	Nil		5
Improve and notifi systems	Improve disease surveillance and notifications systems	Number of districts trained in disease surveillance systems	All	All	All	All
		Number of districts with a disease profile		,100%	7 districts with HIV & Syphilis, rabies & other notifiable medical conditions	4
		Percentage of disease outbreaks attended to within 48 hours			100%(measles, Hepatitis A, Rabies, food poisoning & cholera outbreaks)	100%
				None	16	20
		% of private facilities reporting on notifiable medical conditions				
Resear	Research coordination	Number of protocols reviewed and approved			18 (all protocols)	All
		Surveys conducted	HIV & Syphilis surveys conducted	HIV & Syphilis surveys HIV & Syphilis surveys conducted	HIV & Syphilis surveys conducted	HIV & Syphilis surveys conducted
		Annual health research conference	Conducted & report available	0	Conducted & report available	Conducted & report available
		Health research data base		None	Data base established and protocols reviewed in 2004/5 were captured	Established by end of May 2005

Guideline in place by March 2005	4 epidemiological notes per year	List of assets acquired in financial year 2002/03, 03/04, 04/05	Unit commissioned according to new organogramme	Implementation of FAEC contract;
Guideline in place but not yet finalised on requests to make more inputs by universities in province	4 epidemiological notes were published	List of assets acquired in financial year 2002/03, 03/04, 04/05	Staff appointed to unit according to organogramme valid at April 2004. Staff started to line report to CFO branch from 1 Feb 2005	Implementation of FAEC contract completed except for FAEC electronic MIS
	4 Epidemiological notes were published	Information provided for AFS. Draft policies available- awaiting Provincial Treasury guidelines for finalization of policies.	Unit was commissioned	FAEC contract implemented except for non-compliant vehicles were not completely
	4 Epidemiological notes were published	Information provided for AFS. No updated departmental policies available	Unit initiated and then disintegrated with restructuring	Preparations for contract undertaken
Research policy guideline	Information sharing with different programs within the province to improve planning	List of new acquisitions for disclosure in financial statements. Draft implementation on document on asset management	Appointment of asset management unit	FAEC contract fully functional
		Asset Management Implementation		Efficient Fleet management
		Facilities Management		





	Establishment of Departmental MIS	No Departmental MIS	Departmental MIS went out on tender	Departmental MIS went Dep't did implement its Implementation of own MIS Departmental MIS	Implementation of Departmental MIS
Efficient and effective Office support services	Adequate office space available	5,000m2 of space available	5,000m2 of space available	6,000m2 of office space available	6,000m2 of office space 11,000m2 of office space available
	Good document management	Only staff and general registry available	Finance document center was created	Records manager not appointed due to belt tightening	Appointing a records manager for the Department

5.2 PROGRAMME 2: DISTRICT HEALTH SERVICES

AIM

The aim of the District Health Services Branch is to deliver Primary Health Care and level 1 hospital services through the District Health System vehicle, more specifically the following:

- Development of governance structures and delegation of PHC services to competent Local Government structures;
- Improving maternal, child and women's health;
- Strengthening the HIV/AIDS, Sexually Transmitted Infections and TB programme;
- Reduction of mortality and morbidity rates;
- Improvement of District Hospital Services

ANALYTICAL REVIEW OF PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE

The analytical review of programme performance focuses on new policies introduced during the 2004/05 financial year as well as policy amendments which will come into effect during the 2005/06 financial year. Major constraints and challenges hampering programme performance are highlighted, together with the programme priorities for the 2005/06 financial year.

POLICIES

The following policies were implemented by the programme during the 2004/05 financial year:-

- Guidelines for Maternity Care in South Africa
- Saving Mothers: Policy and Guidelines for common causes of maternal deaths
- Perinatal Problem Identification Program
- Maternal Deaths Notification System
- Policy Guidelines for Management and Prevention of Genetic Birth Defects and Disabilities
- National Contraceptive Guidelines





Sterilisation Act (No 44 of 1998)

Cervical Cancer Screening Policy

Choice on Termination of Pregnancy

Youth and Adolescent Health Policy Guidelines

National Adolescent Friendly Clinics Initiative

Integrated management of Childhood Illnesses

Expanded Program on Immunizations

School Health Policy and Implementation Guidelines

S A National TB Control Practical Guidelines

TB Training Manual

TB/HIV Training manual

National Oral Health Strategy

Treatment guidelines for oral manifestations of HIV and AIDS

Treatment guidelines for primary oral health

National Antiretroviral Treatment Guidelines

PRIORITIES

The following priorities were identified by the programme for effective implementation during 2004/05 financial year:-

Rationalization of District Hospitals, number of beds utilized and health services that are provided within District Hospital Clusters.

Supporting the revitalization of district hospitals process

Ensuring the improvement of quality of services in the District Hospitals, through policy and protocol formulation and supporting the provincial Quality assurance programme.

Implementation of Hospital Boards per Cluster

Implementation of Community service for Doctors per Cluster

Integration of Provincially Aided Hospitals and the Hewu Hospital within the Clusters.

Review the District Hospital Clusters.

Ensure equitable budget allocation within District Hospitals and Provincially Aided Hospitals.

Expanded Program on Immunisation

Management of tuberculosis
Prevention of infant and maternal deaths
Comprehensive Care and Treatment Plan (ART Plan)

CHALLENGES AND CONSTRAINTS

The programme experienced the following challenges and constraints during the 2004/05 financial year:-

Unreliable information from District Hospitals for use in decision making.

Vacant Management posts in District Hospitals as a result there are no managers to implement policies.

Recruitment of professionals in rural hospitals.

Role clarification between provincial and district functions.

Capacity building of District Hospital Cluster CEOs.

Management of SLA with Provincially Aided Hospitals and contract of Hewu Hospital.

Improvement of quality of health care in District Hospitals.

Budget constraints: Other important activities are funded from grants in other programmes e.g. revitalization budget. Generally the budget for District Hospitals is not adequate to provide for all the needs.

Lack of adequate communication system in the ECDOH.e.g. Hospital managers and Cluster CEOs not having e-mails. No electronic data base for circulars to ensure that all can access all circulars.

Recruitment and retention of nurses who are the implementers of these programmes

Management of priority health programmes where one of the major contributing factors is the exodus of nurses. As soon as they are trained in programme management, they move to other areas and this results in poor skills and ongoing training.

High infant and maternal mortality rates

Poor management of childhood diseases including immunizations

Access to information in order to evaluate progress

Measles outbreak which changed the focus for service providers

Poor infrastructure such as telephones and electricity which result in poor communication





No specialist in the province for programme such as eye and oral health services (Optometrists and Maxilla Facial Dentists)

ACHIEVEMENTS

District Hospital Cluster Chief Executive Officer (CEO) Appointment

In terms of the IMT Turnaround Plan in an effort to improve service delivery, the District Hospitals were clustered into 18 clusters. To implement the process, 14 Cluster CEOs were appointed, the other 4 Cluster Hospitals have acting CEOs.

The strengthening of management capacity and optimizing resource utilization was achieved.

Signing of Service Level Agreements (SLA): Provincially Aided Hospitals

The Service Level Agreement (SLA) for 18 Provincially Aided Hospitals was reviewed and the new SLA was signed. Better mechanisms to monitor and evaluate the performance of these institutions have been put in place.

Revitalization of Hospitals Programme: Mary Theresa District Hospital

The old Mary Theresa District Hospital in the OR Tambo District Municipality has been replaced with a new state of the art hospital in the new site, through the hospital revitalization programme. The new hospital has been completed in March 2005. The process of moving to the new hospital will start in July 2005.

Environmental Health Services

Environmental Health has again demonstrated its resolve being in the forefront of disease prevention and outbreak response by facilitating sanitation interventions at 160 rural Clinics.

Programme 2

|--|

Sub-	Objectives	Indicator	Performance			
programme	(Outputs)					
			2002/03 2003/04	2003/04	2003/04	2003/04 2004/05 Strat.
			Actual	Actual	Actual	plan target
DHS	Fully integrated	Number of districts with 80%	Poor	2	2	4
programme	PHC services	functional integration (using	implementatio			
	between ECDOH	the tool)	n because			
	and Local		guidelines			
	Government		were not fully			
			developed			
	Integrated district	Number of districts with	DHP& R not	—	_	4
	health plans for	integrated district health plans	yet finalised by			
	each LSA and	(using DHP &R and IDP)	the National			
	health district		Department of			
			Health			
	Ensure	Number of districts with	3	3	3	7
	implementation of	functional DHCs and DHACs				
	the District Health					
	System and					
	Provincial District					
	Development					
4	policy					



utilization rate to 2.9 80% of PHC facilities to provide the full PHC package nunity Improve management of medical waste in public health facilities within the province Reduce morbidity and mortality rate resulting from traditional es practices - Reduce fatalities resulting from occupational hazards/injuries	Community Health	Increase access to PHC facilities by increasing the	Average utilisation rate per district	2.5	2.1	2.2	2.5
80% of PHC facilities to provide the full PHC package package package munity Improve management of medical waste in public waste management province provinc	Clinics	utilization rate to 2.9					
provide the full PHC package package nunity Improve management of medical waste in public waste management province province Reduce morbidity and mortality rate resulting from traditional practices - Reduce fatalities		80% of PHC facilities to	% facilities that implement the	•	1	%08	%09
package Junity Improve management of medical waste in public waste management programme province province morbidity and mortality rate resulting from traditional es practices - Reduce fatalities within the programme province mortality rate resulting number of registered initiates practices - Reduce fatalities out the mortality rate resulting from traditional es practices - Reduce fatalities programmes programm		provide the full PHC	full PHC package				
nunity Improve management of % of institutions implementing medical waste in public waste management province province Reduce morbidity and No of deaths in relation to the mortality rate resulting number of registered initiates practices - Reduce fatalities within the programme programmes - Reduce fatalities out to the number of registered initiates occupational programmes - Reduce fatalities occupational health occupational health occupational programmes		package					
medical waste in public waste management health facilities within the programme province Reduce morbidity and No of deaths in relation to the mortality rate resulting number of registered initiates resultional es practices - Reduce fatalities % of institutions implementing resulting from occupational programmes hazards/injuries	Community		% of institutions implementing	20%	70%	40%	%09
health facilities within the programme province Reduce morbidity and No of deaths in relation to the mortality rate resulting number of registered initiates practices - Reduce fatalities - Reduce fataliti	based	medical waste in public	waste management				
Reduce morbidity and number of registered initiates nunity from traditional es practices - Reduce fatalities occupational programmes hazards/injuries - Reduce fatalities programmes programmes province provinces provinces and the programmes provinces provin	Services	health facilities within the	programme				
Reduce morbidity and number of registered initiates from traditional practices - Reduce fatalities % of institutions implementing resulting from occupational programmes programmes		province					
mortality rate resulting number of registered initiates from traditional practices - Reduce fatalities % of institutions implementing resulting from occupational programmes programmes		Reduce morbidity and	No of deaths in relation to the	20	41	14	0
from traditionalpractices% of institutions implementing- Reduce fatalities% of institutions implementingresulting fromoccupational healthoccupationalprogrammeshazards/injuries	Other	mortality rate resulting	number of registered initiates				
 practices - Reduce fatalities - Reduce fataliti	Community	from traditional					
% of institutions implementing occupational health programmes	Services	practices					
		- Reduce fatalities	% of institutions implementing	20	40	09	100
		resulting from	occupational health				
hazards/injuries		occupational	programmes				
		hazards/injuries					

District	To provide clinical	Number of visits according to	1	1	14 District Hospital Clusters	18 District
Hospitals	support to District	plan			were visited.	Hospital
	Hospitals.	Number of Clinical protocols				Clusters
		provided to District Hospital			Protocol on MCWH circulated	
		Clusters			to all District Hospital	4 protocols
					Clusters.	
	Provision of new	Number of new District	ı	2	1 New District Hospital	~
	District Hospitals	Hospitals			construction completed.	
					(Mary Theresa)	
	Upgrading of	Number of upgraded District	i	വ	6 upgrading projects for	9
	existing District	Hospitals			District Hospitals completed.	
	Hospitals				- Victoria Psych , Peads and	
					Maternity Wards	
					- Uitenhage ground floor and	
					basement.	
					-Holy Cross accommodation.	
					- St Barnabas Phase 2.	
	To improve quality	Percentage of District	ΞZ	Ē	Nil 100%	100%
	of care in the	Hospitals with quality				
	District	assurance teams				
HIV & AIDS	Hospitals	% Fixed PHC facilities	36%	%89	94% Fixed PHC facilities	75%
VCT	Increase access to	providing VCT services				
	voluntary HIV					
	counseling and					
	testing					





	Strongthon and	Nimber of Lay Collections and			ve I CC L L	ve I CC / 1
	support existing 411	Personal sellers on stipend			counsellors & 800	Counsellors and
	VCT facilities				Personal sellers	800 personal sellers
HIV and	Increase access to	% of facilities implementing	33	52	72% Fixed PHC	%09
PMTCT	programme in 25				ומכוווופא	
	LSAs	Percentage of women accepting	75%	72%	75%	%02
		PMTCT services				
HIV and	Ensure effective	No of health providers trained on	N/A	1 212	1 120	1 000
AIDS	syndromic	new STI protocols				
STI	management of	% STI partner	33	32	28.83	40
	STIs in both public	notification and tracing rate				
	and private	Condom distribution per	7.29	7.88	8.54	7
	sectors	male				
		% of PHC facilities with no drugs			0	0
		stock outs				
		% of facilities offering syndromic	100	100	100	100
		management of STIs				
Nutrition		% of clinic gardens funded for	40%	30%	32%	28%
		vegetable production				
		% of children 12-24 months that	80,3%	%66	%89	100%
		receive supplementary Vit A				
Maternal,	To reduce maternal	% of health facilities certified baby	2%	30%	72%	30%
Child and	mortality rate	friendly				
		Maternal Mortality Ratio	Not	190	183 maternal	150/100 000
			record	Maternal Deaths	deaths	
				1		

er ing tion I s to s of and	providing TOP services		ì	2 / Sites III Hospitals	
to to of nd				16 sites in CHC All districts 2 to 3 TOP sites	district
ion ion to to of	% of PHC facilities rendering ANC	%0/	78%	%08	92% of PHC
to of of nd	services				facilities rendering ANC services.
of of	Contraceptive prevalence rate	21%	22%	%16	45%
of of		- 1	1		
to of of					
of	Number of ANC visits per ANC	က	S	3	3 Ante Natal Care
of	client				visits per Ante Natal
of					Client
of	% of facilities rendering Youth	1	10%	15%	20% of facilities
of	Friendly Services				rendering Youth
Youth Friendly Services To improve access of 9 women 30 years and v					Friendly Services
Services To improve access of 9 women 30 years and v					
To improve access of women 30 years and v					
women 30 years and w	% of women 30 years or older	ı	25%	35%	At least one PAP
	who had at least one PAP smear				smear with in one
above to Cervical w	within one year.				year
Cancer Screening					
services					
To roll out IMCI 9	% of facilities implementing	40%	34%	42%	40% of PHC
implementation to all IMCI	IMCI				facilities
facilities					implementing IMCI



To develop C/IMCI pilot sites in all Rural	% of districts in Rural Nodes with C/IMCI pilot sites	61%	73%	%08	60% of districts implementing
	-				C/IMCI
Increase under one	% immunization coverage under	%99	%89	87.5%	85% Immunization
year immunization	one year				coverage
coverage	% of measles coverage under one	81%	83.2%	81.7%	90% of measles
	year				coverage under one
To strengthen	% of facilities implementing	1	1	20%	20% of PHC
Implementation of	school health services				facilities rendering
School Health Services					Services
To improve AFP	AFP detection rate	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.0 1.0/100 000 children
detection rate					under the age of 15
To ensure provision	% facilities using new T.B.	1	100%	100%	100%
of standardised short	regimens				
course treatment)				
regime for all sputum					
positive T.B.					
Jo strenathen auality	Cure rates for smear positive and	20%	46%	40%	25%
monitoring and					
supervision					

		Defaulter rate new smear positive and re-treatment smear +	70%	18%	%8	12%
		Smear conversion rate	70%	40,8%	31,9%	82%
	To strengthen	% of LSAs submitting VCT stats	1 x LSA	2 x LSAs	18 x LSAs	2 x LSAs
	T.B./HIV					
	collaboration					
	To facilitate the	Percentage of facilities	Not	%09	%59	%01
	integration of	implementing	measured			
	primary mental					
	health programme	Primary Mental Health				
	into PHC					
	To facilitate	Percentage of facilities	Not	Not	20%	1
	implementation of	implementing guidelines	measured	measured		
	guidelines for chronic					
	diseases and care of					
	the aged					
Disease	To monitor the	Cataract surgery rate	360 per	453 per	635 per	700 per million
preventi	implementation of		million	million	million	
on and	Prevention of		population	population		
control	blindness					
	programme in					
	collaboration with					
	NGO's					
	To establish outbreak	% of outbreak response teams	10%	100%	100%	100%
	response teams	established				
	To increase the	% of health promoting schools	0.5%	1.5%	2.5%	2%
	number of health					
1	promoting schools					





To increase	Rate of referrals from traditional	Data never	Data never	Data never Data never Data never	700 per 100 000
participation of	health practitioners	collected	collected collected	collected	
traditional health					
practitioners in PHC					
health services					

REPORTING ON STANDARD NATIONAL INDICATORS

Table 7: District Health System

	EWS	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2004/05
Indicators		Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual Strat.Plan
					target
Input:					
Uninsured population served per fixed public PHC facility	No.	8,679	8,720	6,087	10,000
Provincial PHC expenditure per uninsured person	8	72	96	411	431
LG PHC expenditure per uninsured person	2	28	82	ı	1
PHC expenditure (provincial plus local government) per	Ж	1	434	454	ı
uninsured people					
Professional nurses in fixed public PHC facilities per 1,000	%	,	0.77	1.08	ı
uninsured people.					
Sub-districts offering full package of PHC services	R	No data		%08	100%
EHS expenditure (Provincial plus Local Government) per			00.6	10.00	13.00
uninsured person.					
Process:					
Health districts with appointed manager	%	17	19	100%	100%
Health districts with plan as per DHP guidelines	%	%0		100%	
Fixed public PHC facilities with functioning community	%	1	75%	%08	100%
participation structure					
Facility data timeliness rate	%	70	08	82%	ı







Indicators	EWS	2002/03 Actual	2003/04 Actual	2004/05 Actual	004/05 2004/05 Actual Strat. Plan target
Output:					
PHC Headcount	No.	16.8m	13.934465	17.7m	
Utilisation rate - PHC	No.	2.12	2.22	2.2	2.5
Utilisation rate PHC under 5 years	No.	1.94	2.03	2.5	2.5
Quality:					
Supervision rate	%	ı	%09	80	80
Fixed PHC facilities supported by a doctor at least once a	%	not	1	ı	ı
week		measured			
Outcome:					
Districts with a single health provider	%	14.2	14.2	43%	
Service Volumes:					
Clinic Headcounts		13.4m	11,935,487	14.0m	
CHC headcounts		2.6m	2,082,83	2.8m	
Mobile headcounts		0.8m	911,515	0.9m	
Day cases (=1 separation = $\frac{1}{2}$ IPD)					
Casualty headcount		529, 734	421,864		
PDEs					

Table 8: District Hospitals

		2002/03 actual	2003/04 actual	2004/05 actual	2004/05 strat plan tarqet
Input					
Expenditure on hospital staff as percentage of total hospital expenditure	%	9'29	6'02	74,0	70
Expenditure on drugs for hospital use as percentage of total	%	8,5	8,8	9,3	10
hospital expenditure	~	26	26	54	1
Hospital expenditure per uninsured person					
Process	%	95	100	98	100
Hospitals with operational hospital board	%	0	0	80	100
Hospitals with appointed (not acting) CEO in place	%	1	%08	95	100
Facility data timeliness rate					
Output	%	14,7	13,9	12,0	12.0
Caesarean section rate					
Ouality	%	0	0	31	31
Hospitals with a published nationally mandated patient satisfaction					
survey in last 12 months	%	0	6.5%	32	32
Hospitals with clinical audit (M&M) meetings at least once a					
month					
Efficiency	Days	6.02	2.99	5.9	4
Average length of stay	%	25,9	26,8	%0/	70
Bed utilization rate (based on useable beds)	~	262	629	629	800







Expenditure per patient day equivalent				
Outcome				
Case fatality rate for surgery separations %	Presently	Will soon	Not	
	not an	be created Calculated	Calculated	
	indicator		yet	
Service volumes		73,862		
Separations	74,473	74,473 1,324,864		95,059 10%extra
OPD headcounts	1,585,163		815,814	
Day cases (=1 separation = 1/2 IPD)	Not	Element		
	recorded exist	exist		10%extra
Casualty headcount	529,734		421,841 247,375	

Table 9: HIV/AIDS/STIs and TB

Indicators		2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2004/05
		Actual	Actual	Actual	
					target
Input					
Fixed PHC facilities offering PMTCT	%	33	88	72	20
Fixed PHC facilities offering VCT	%	39	89	94	75
Hospitals offering PEP for occupational HIV exposure	%	N/a	57	82	100
Hospitals offering PEP for sexual abuse	%	22	99	72	99
Process					
TB cases with a DOT supporter	%	88.8	60.7	88	06
Male condom distribution rate from public sector health	Per k male >	7.29	7.88	8.54	7
facilities	15 years				
Male condom distribution rate from primary distribution	Per k male >	80	100	100	100
sites	15 years				
Nevirapine stock out	%	0	0	0	0
Output					
STI partner treatment rate	%	27	30	27.13	15
Nevirapine uptake rate among babies born to women with	%	86	30	16	30
HIV					
VCT client pre-test counseling rate	%	100	100	100	100
TB treatment interruption rate	%	30	36	6.7	8
Quality					
TB sputa specimens with turn around time > 48 hours	%	13.5	11.4	99	20







Efficiency					
Dedicated HIV/AIDS budget spent	%	06	102	93	100
Outcome					
New smear positive PTB cases cured at first attempt	%	49.2	38.5	27.5	35
New MDR TB cases reported annual % change	%	30	46	1%	9
Service Volume					
STI case new episode		N/A	2%	6.2%	
Patients register for ART		ij	ΞZ	5016	

Table 10: Maternal Child and Women's Health including nutrition

Indicators		2002/03 Actual	2003/04 Actual	2004/05 Actual 9	2004/05 2004/05 Actual Strat plan
					Target
Input				-	
Hospitals offering TOP services	%	26	27	29	20
CHC offering TOP services	%	4	8	16	16
Process	-				
DTP Hib vaccine out of stock	%	11.56	2.98	5.4	<10
AFP detection rate	6 %	/100 000	9/100 000 1.2/100 000	1/100 000	1/100 000
AFP stool adequacy rate	%	78	80	06	06
Output					
School at which phase 1 services are being rendered	%	N/A	N/A	20	20
(Full) Immunisation coverage under 1 year %	%	62.23	64.36	81.7	82
Antenatal coverage	%	99.08	80.81	80	80
Vitamin A coverage under 1 year	%	39.26	19'19		99
Measles coverage under 1 year	%	69.99	64.61	81.7	
Cervical cancer screening coverage	%	15.8	17	35	80
Quality					
Facilities certified as baby friendly	%	3.5	8.2		
Facilities certified as youth friendly	%	6	15	15	
PHC facilities implementing IMCI	%	27	34	40	20
Outcome					
Institutional delivery rate for women	%			30	







Table 11: Disease prevention and control programme

Indicators		2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2004
		Actual	Actual	Actual	705
					Target
Input					
Trauma centres for victims of violence (sexual assault, family violence)	No	4	4	4	
Process					
Integrated communicable disease control plans implemented	N/Y	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Output					
Districts with health care waste management plan implemented	No	7	25	9	
Hospitals providing occupational health programmes	%	20	25	100%	100%
Schools implementing Health Promoting Schools Programme (HPSP)	%	0.05	0.1	2.25%	1%
Integrated epidemic preparedness and response plans implemented	N/Y	yes	yes	yes	
Integrated communicable disease control plans implemented	Λ/N	yes	yes	yes	
Quality					
Schools complying with the quality index requirements for Health	%	0.05	0.1	2.25%	1%
Promoting Schools Programme					
Outbreak response time	Days	Within 24hrs	Within 24hrs	Within 24hrs	
Waiting time for a wheelchair	Weeks	24	12	12	
Waiting time for a hearing aid	Weeks	36	36	12	
Outcome					
Dental extraction and restoration rate	%	% Not measured	ı	%09	22%
Malaria fatality rate	%	0	0	0	
Cholera fatality rate	%	1.7	1.3	1.5	
Cataract surgery rate	No	360	453	522	

5.3 PROGRAMME 3:EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES

AIM:

To render efficient and effective Emergency Medical Services to all the inhabitants of the Province of the Eastern Cape.

ANALYTICAL REVIEW OF PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE

The analytical review of programme performance focuses on new policies introduced during the 2004/05 financial year as well as policy amendments which will come into effect during the 2005/06 financial year. Major constraints and challenges hampering programme performance are highlighted, together with the programme priorities for the 2005/06 financial year.

POLICIES

The policies were implemented by the programme during the 2004/05 financial year:-

- Regulations governing Emergency Centres in South Africa
- Standard Operational Procedures and Protocols
- Operational (National) Norms and Standards.
- Dress Code and Uniform Policy
- **Emergency Services Code of Conduct**
- Vehicle usage Policy

PRIORITIES

The following priorities were identified by the programme for effective implementation during 2004/05 financial year:-







10% of the existing 49% vacancies were filled

10% of the existing personnel have been trained to Intermediate Level (Medical and Rescue)

Response times have been improved due to additional appointments and new vehicles.

Planned Patient Transport is currently being reviewed and the possibility exists that this responsibility will be returned to EMS.

The use of Private Services and Helicopters was closely monitored and controlled during this financial year.

Constraints and challenges faced in the above policies and priorities:

Insufficient funding for improvement of the human, mechanical and physical resources.

Due to insufficient funds, not all targets could be met.

The delay in the Provincialisation process has resulted in low morale and reluctance to comply with legislation. (HPCSA and PDP)

Table 12: Performance against targets from 2004/05 strategic plan for the EMS Programme

EMS programme (actual) (actual) Actual Identification and establishment of Centers within the Province based on referral patterns and demographics Stablished. 3 5 Improve Response Times Time it takes to respond to demographics 10 min Urban and Rural Cases 60 min Rural 40 min urban and	Objective	Indicator	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2004/05
Number of Centers 3 established. On Time it takes to respond to 30 urban Urban and Rural Cases 60 min Rural Percentage vacancies 33% Novince Province Percentage vehicles with functioning radio communications Communications 25 Ort Conveyed			(actual)	(actual)	Actual	St Plan Target
on Time it takes to respond to 30 urban Urban and Rural Cases 60 min Rural Percentage vacancies 33% Necentage 2-man crews in Province Province Percentage vehicles with functioning radio communications 25 ort Conveyed Conveyed 15%	EMS programme					
on Time it takes to respond to 30 urban Urban and Rural Cases 60 min Rural Percentage vacancies 33% NS Percentage 2-man crews in Province Province Percentage vehicles with functioning radio communications 25 Ort Conveyed 15%	Identification and	Number of Centers	3	3	5	4
on Time it takes to respond to 30 urban Urban and Rural Cases 60 min Rural Percentage vacancies 33% NS Percentage 2-man crews in Province Province Province Percentage vehicles with functioning radio communications Communications Ort Conveyed 15%	establishment of Centers	established.				
Time it takes to respond to 30 urban Urban and Rural Cases 60 min Rural Percentage vacancies 33% NS Percentage 2-man crews in Province Province Percentage vehicles with functioning radio communications 25 Ort Conveyed Time it takes to respond to 30 urban 33% 60 min Rural 33% 22% 25 communications 25 Ort	within the Province based on					
Time it takes to respond to 30 urban Urban and Rural Cases 60 min Rural Percentage vacancies 33% NS Percentage 2-man crews in Province Province Percentage vehicles with functioning radio communications 25 Ort 25 Ort 25 Ort 25 Ort 30 urban 133% 225 Ort 25 Ort 30 urban 135% 135% 15% Communications 25	referral patterns and					
Time it takes to respond to 30 urban Urban and Rural Cases 60 min Rural Percentage vacancies 33% Province Province Percentage vehicles with functioning radio communications 25 ort Conveyed Conveyed	demographics					
Aate Dream and Rural Cases 60 min Rural 50 min Rural 60 min rural Isport 1sport 1spor	Improve Response Times	Time it takes to respond to	30 urban	20 min Urban and	40 min urban and	20 min Urban
tatePercentage vacancies33%33%IsportAnnother control conveyedAnnother converse in functioning radioAnnother communicationsAnnother communicationsTransportConveyed15%50%		Urban and Rural Cases	60 min Rural	50 min Rural	60 min rural	and 45 Rural
nan Crews Percentage 2-man crews in Province Percentage vehicles with functioning radio communications Transport Transport Transport Conveyed Conveyed	Reduce Vacancy Rate	Percentage vacancies	33%		%67	30%
nan Crews Percentage 2-man crews in Province Province Procentage vehicles with functioning radio communications 25 A0 In Itansport Itansport Conveyed Conveyed Patients Itansport Itanspor	Emergency Transport					
Province Percentage vehicles with functioning radio Communications Transport Transport Conveyed Conveyed 40 40 55 A0 A0 A0 A0 A0 A0 A0 A0 Communications A0		Percentage 2-man crews in				
Fercentage vehicles with functioning radio 25 25 25 15% Conveyed Conveyed 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40		Province				
functioning radio communications Transport Ined Patient Conveyed 40 25 25 26 26 Communications 27 28 29 Communications 26 Conveyed	Improve Radio	Percentage vehicles with				
Transport 15% 50% Conveyed 25 Communications 25	Communications	functioning radio		40	09	20
Transport 15% 50% Conveyed		communications	25			
nned Patient Percentage Out Patients 15% 50% Conveyed	Planned Patient Transport					
	To establish a Planned Patient	Percentage Out Patients	15%		20%	46%
	Transport System	Conveyed				





Table 13: Emergency Medical Services and planned patient transport. (Standard National Indicators)

ianic 13.	Ellici gelley ivicales	iable 13. Eine geney ivicaleal 3etvices and planned patient transport. (Standard National Indicators)	d patient transport	. (Standard Matio	ilai ilidicatolis)	
Indicator		Type	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2004/05
					Actual	larget
Input						
1. Ambu	Ambulances per 1000	No	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.04
people	le					
2. Hospi	Hospitals with patient	%				
transk	transporters					
Process	SSE					
3. Kilom	Kilometres travelled per	Kms	000 86	000 86	000 96	80 000
ambu	ambulance (per annum)					
4. Locall	Locally based staff with	%	20	44	40	40
trainir	training in BLS					
5. Local	Locally based staff with	%	46	53	26	26
trainir	training in ILS					
6. Locall	Locally based staff with	%	4	3		4
trainir	training in ALS					
Quality						
7. Respo	Response times within		30 minutes	20 minutes	40	20
natior	national urban target (15					
(suims)						
8. Respo	Response times within		60 minutes	50 minutes	09	45 min
natior	national rural target (40					
(suim						

9. Call outs serviced by a	%	20	30	20	30
single person crew					
Efficiency					
10. Ambulance journeys	%	20	40	20	40
used for hospital					
transfers					
11. Green code patients	%	20	40	20	40
transported by					
ambulance					
12. Cost per patient	R	623	200	310	750
transported by					
ambulance					
13. Ambulances with less	%	09	70	75	96
than 500,000 kms on the					
clock					
Output					
14. Patients transported (by	No	12	18	100	24
PTS) per 1,000					
separations					
Volume Indicator					
15. Number of Emergency		135 000	140 000	312 000	450 000
Call Outs					
16. Patients Transported		200 000	220 000	000 009	000 009







5.4 PROGRAMME 4: PROVINCIAL HOSPITAL SERVICES



AIM

The provision, in collaboration with the Health Sciences Faculties, of cost effective and efficient high level specialised services by staff that is empowered, committed and dedicated to the delivery of quality health care to the people of the Eastern Cape Province.

ANALYTIC REVIEW OF PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE

The analytical review of programme performance focuses on new policies introduced during the 2004/05 financial year as well as policy amendments which will come into effect during the 2005/06 financial year. Major constraints and challenges hampering programme performance are highlighted, together with the programme priorities for the 2005/06 financial year.

POLICIES:

The following Provincial and National policies were implemented by the programme during the 2004/05 financial year:-

- Mental Health Care Act 17 of 2002.
- Transfer of Medico-legal mortuaries from SAPS to ECDoH.
- National Tuberculosis Control Programme.
- Minmec decision to take over the services of SANTA TB inpatient care
- Policy for rationalisation of District Surgeons Services.
- Policy on Forensic Nursing.
- Operation Chola- Chola for the care of homeless psychiatric patients put on hold, awaiting Minmec decision.
 Victim Empowerment Policy

PRIORITIES:

The following priorities were identified by the programme for effective



implementation during 2004/05 financial year:-

Rationalisation of services

Implementation of Comprehensive HIV and AIDS programme

Establishment of Step-down facilities

Outreach programme

Revitalisation of hospitals

To improve monitoring and reporting of NTSG

Recruitment and retention of scarce resources

Rationalisation of Psychiatric Hospital Services

Improvement of Psychiatric and TB Hospitals' management.

Improvement of quality of care.

Implementation of legislative framework.

Improvement of financial management.

Improvement of Health Information for Psychiatric & TB hospitals.

Development of Medico legal Services.

Management of Disability Grant assessment function taken over by ECDOH from Dept of Social Development.

Completion of Medical Boarding Assessment from all Provincial departments timeously.

Effective implementation of Victim Empowerment Programme

CHALLENGES AND CONSTRAINTS

The programme experienced the following challenges and constraints during the 2004/05 financial year:-

Referrals

The lack of capacity at level 1 results in improper referrals with work overloads at levels 2&3.

Modernization of Tertiary services (MTS) process

This process has yet to be finalised from the NDOH. This impacts on rationalisation at the complexes, in terms of both service growth and rationalisation of current services as this process was supposed to be finalised in this period. The process did advance but was not finalised. Current tertiary services are not properly funded, and the revitalisation of the hospitals are now within the MTS.

Recruitment and retention of scarce resources

The Province undertakes active recruitment especially of scarce professionals. The challenge is with retention as the present incentives tend to apply equitably throughout the country and gives no added advantage to a province like the Eastern Cape.

Budgetary constraints

This is linked to the non-finalisation of the MTS process. The programme continues to be under funded leading to challenges in managing current activities as well as programme growth. This was worsened in the past year by the Belt Tightening process.

Implementation of quality care improvement in specialised hospitals.

Training of managers in financial and project management.

Establishment of Flagstaff mental health unit.

Additional beds in East London, Umtata, and Libode mental health units.

High prevalence of MDR TB

Costing of TB beds in District hospitals.

Outsourcing of chronic life care centres.

Full implementation of new Mental Health Care Act.

Disability Grant assessments of the backlog inherited from the transferred function from Social Development

Shortage of Professionals Psychiatrists, Pathologists.

Inadequate mental health information system.

ACHIEVEMENTS

Sub Programme: General Hospitals

(i) Rationalisation of Services

The process of rationalization within the Port Elizabeth Hospital Complex has resulted in the following services having been moved to the areas/ hospitals as shown in the table below:





SERVICES	DORA NGINZA HOSPITAL	LIVINGSTONE HOSPITAL	P E PROVINCIAL HOSPITAL
CORPORATE SERVICES	Human Resources	General Administration	Finance
(IT at WaltonBuilding)			
		Procurement	Pre-Audit
CLINICAL SERVICES	Obstetrics & Gynaecology	Orthopaedics	ENT
	Paediatrics and Medicine	Medicine	Ophthalmology
	Anaesthetics	Anaesthetics	Anaesthetics

The process of rationalization within the East London Hospital Complex has resulted in the following services having been moved to the areas/ hospitals as shown in the table below:

SERVICES	CECILIA MAKIWANE HOSPITAL	FRERE HOSPITAL
CLINICAL SERVICES	Mental Health Unit	Oncology
	Paediatric ICU	Maxillo-Facial Surgery
		Orthopaedics
		Neurosurgery
		Renal Unit

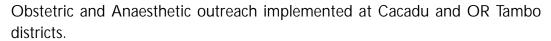
The Nelson Mandela Academic hospital became fully functional and was officially opened by the President on 8 December 2004.

(ii) Implementation of Comprehensive HIV and AIDS programme

The comprehensive programme is fully functional in all the complexes and regional hospitals. At end March 2005 the number of patients in the programme was:

Number of adults on ARV Readiness program	21 514
Number of children on ARV Readiness program	744
TOTAL	22 254
Number of adults on ARV treatment	3 912
Number of children on ARV treatment	375
TOTAL	4 287

- (iii) Establishment of Step-down facilities Two step-down facilities were established, at the ELHC and PEHC
- (iv) Academic & Service support programme (Outreach programme) The programme was consolidated with:



Peadiatric outreach functional in Amathole district.

Surgical outreach started in OR Tambo district.

Flying doctor program established centred from the three complexes

(v) Revitalization of hospitals

Name of HRP	Level Of	Number	Of Beds	Project Duration	Total Project	Ехр
Project	Care	Current	Proposed	5yrs	Cost	2004-05
Frontier	11	233	450	3yrs	R83,3m	5,208,636
St Elizabeth	11	280	410	3yrs	R60m	9,053,554
Mary Terrese	1	177	200 acute		R130m	81,981,194
			48 chronic	3yrs		
Rietvlei	1	249	205		R55,7m	15,727,688

Frontier - Phase 1 General maintenance of wards, boilers, doctors accommodation has been completed. Phase 2 Maternity ward is 80 % complete, contractor on site and the project is due for completion in May 2005.

St Elizabeth - Phase 1 Male surgical ward complete and is operational. Three blocks of General wards are 90 % complete and due for completion in July 2005. Parkhomes for accommodation of health professionals including doctors elrected.

Mary Terese - All wards including theatres, laundry, kitchen, physiotherapy, laboratory, X-Ray and Administration block are complete. The workshop is 90% and is due for completion.

Rietvlei - Phase 1 which includes paediatric, surgical male and female, maternity, high care unit and theatres is complete.

Phase 2 which includes walkways, paths and parking area

(vi) Improving monitoring and reporting of NTSG

Positive gains were realised in the year. Collection of statistics has improved. There is obvious growth in tertiary service provision compared with initial 2001 stats. This will improve our case with NDOH for additional funding for tertiary services. To further improve monitoring, service level agreements are being implemented for the 2005-06 financial year.



(vii) Recruitment and retention of scarce resources

ELHC managed to retain more than 90% of their community service doctors. PEHC has managed to retain community service personnel as well as to recruit specialists, specifically in ophthalmology and orthopaedics. The Nelson Mandela Academic hospital has also generated interest to academics, accommodation however is a challenge.

SUB PROGRAMME: PSYCHIATRIC SERVICES:

This sub-programme encompasses five Psychiatric Hospitals and three mental health units:

- In all psychiatric hospitals, the quality assurance teams were established with co-coordinators identified.
- A substance Abuse Treatment Unit was officially opened on 29-10 -2004 at Fort England Psychiatric hospital.
- The National Mental Health Day was hosted by Komani Psychiatric hospital at Chris Hani district on the 07-10-2004 within intersectoral basis and greater community participation. Another community driven mental health day was conducted at Libode Mental Health Unit.
- The Specialised Services directorate initiated an integrated functioning with PHC mental health sub directorate with the aim to strengthen the upward and downward referral systems and to support community based mental health services.
- The directorate has conducted workshops and meetings for cluster CEO's and District Managers to orientate the aforesaid group on the provisions of the Mental Health Care Act No 17 of 2002 and its emphasis on community based mental health services.
- The twenty one (21) listed district facilities and eight (8) designated health establishments in preparation for the practical implementation of the newly

promulgated Mental Health Care Act.

The advertisements for the appointment of the Mental Health Review Boards were done for compliance with the Mental Health Care Act.

Within the transformation plan, 10 more beds were added for Umtata and 10 at Libode Mental Health Units respectively.

Fort England Psychiatric Hospital has used R23,120,000 as National Tertiary Services Grant (NTSG) to strengthen the services in the Maximum Security Unit.

The Mental Health Services have been provided in the following Psychiatric Hospitals and Mental Health Units:

Medico Legal Services

Forensic Pathological Service is the corner stone of medico legal services. Following the Cabinet's decision to transfer mortuaries from South African Police Services to the Department of Health, programme is underway to facilitate the transfer of function from SAPS to Provincial Departments of Health. A National Project Management Team is working on it in collaboration with Provincial Management Team headed by this Directorate.

The Forensic Pathology Service (FPS) aims to render a standardised, objective, impartial and scientifically accurate service (following nationally uniform protocols and procedures) for the medico-legal investigation of death that serves the judicial process in Eastern Cape Province

The FPS is a medical service to be rendered by the provincial Department of Health. It will be coordinated and supported nationally by a Directorate of the national Department of Health.

The Forensic Pathology Services of the province are designed to contribute positively to:

a. Ensure the development of a just South African society





- b. Assist in the fight against crime
- c. Assist in the prevention of crime
- d. Assist in the prevention of unnatural death
- e. Endeavour to protect the rights of all persons
- f. Establish the independence of medical and related scientists
- g. Ensure that the service is rendered within a uniform system
- h. Ensure participation of society in the service
- i. Ensure that the service is equitable
- j. Ensure that the service is efficient and cost-effective
- k. Ensure the promotion of relevant education, training and research
- I. Rectify the deprived state of the service
- m. Provide for the specific needs of those persons rendering the service, and
- n. Establish adequate data collection and processing

SAPS Mortuaries Identified for transfer to ECDOH

1.	New Brighton Police Mortuary:	Port Elizabeth
2.	Gelvandale Police Mortuary	: Port Elizabeth
3	.Mount Road Police Mortuary	: Port Elizabeth
4.	Mdantsane Police Mortuary	: Mdantsane
5.	Woodbrook Police Mortuary	: East London
6.	Somerset East Police Mortuary	: Somerset East
7.	Grahamstown Police Mortuary	: Grahamstown
8.	Aliwal North Police Mortuary	: Aliwal North
9.	Ibisi Police Mortuary	: Ibisi
10.	Umzimkulu Police Mortuary	: Umzimkulu
11.	Sterkstroom Police Mortuary	: Sterkstroom
12.	Middleberg Police Mortuary	: Middleberg
13.	Burgersdorp Police Mortuary	: Burgersdorp
14.	Kirkwood Poliec Mortuary	: Kirkwood
15.	Humansdorp Police Mortuary	: Humansdorp
16.	Hankey Police Mortuary	: Hankey
17.	Joubertina Police Mortuary	: Joubertina
18.	King Williams Town P. Mortuary	: King Williams Town
19.	Port St. Johns P Mortuary	: Port St.Johns



24. Adelaide P Mortuary : Adelaide

The organorgam is based on four FPS Regions, each with a management office (Assistant Director) based at an office at the largest mortuary in each of the regions:

• Port Elizabeth Region Gelvandale Mortuary

East London Region Woodbrook Mortuary

• Mthatha Region Umtata Hospital Complex Mortuary

Queenstown Region Queenstown Mortuary

The following fifteen centres are identified for autopsies to be conducted:

1) Gelvandale (M3)

2) New Brighton (M4)

3) Mount Road (M3)

4) Grahamstown (M2)

5) Graaff Reinet (M1)

6) Woodbrook (M5)

7) Mdantsane (M3)

8) Butterworth (M3)

9) Umtata (M6)

10) Mt Frere (M4)

11) Lusikisiki (M3)

12) Port St Johns (M2)

13) Umzimkulu (M2)

14) Queenstown (M4)

15) Aliwal North (M2)

The following 40 facilities affiliated to hospitals, health centres or old police mortuaries in remote areas are identified as storage (holding) facilities:

1) Port Alfred

2) Adelaide

3) Somerset East





- 4) Middleberg
- 5) Craddock
- 6) Aberdeen
- 7) Joubertina
- 8) Hankey
- 9) Humansdorp
- 10) Kirkwood
- 11) Uitenhage
- 12) Willowmore
- 13) King Williamstown
- 14) Peddie
- 15) Alice
- 16) Keiskamahoek
- 17) Stutterheim
- 18) Kentani
- 19) Idutywa
- 20) Nqamakwe
- 21) Tsolo
- 22) Libode
- 23) Elliotdale
- 24) Engcobo
- 25) Mt Fletcher
- 26) Maclear
- 27) Thabankulu
- 28) Flagstaff
- 29) Greenville
- 30) Maluti
- 31) Molteno
- 32) Sterkstroom
- 33) Cala
- 34) Cofimvaba
- 35) Elliot
- 36) Indwe
- 37) Cathcart
- 38) Barkley East

- 39) Burgersdorp
- 40) Sterkspruit

The National Department of Health has advised all the Provinces to prepare a business plan which has already been submitted. Each Province was allocated one million rand, as a conditional grant, for the appointment of a Project Manager to develop a business plan and to facilitate the implementation of transfer of SAPS mortuaries. The business plan has been approved by the Senior Management and the National Project management team.

The transfer of mortuaries is set to be finalised by the end of December 2005.

T.B. HOSPITALS

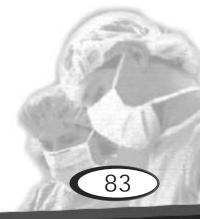
Santa Centres

Service Level Agreements (SLAs) were signed with SANTA Centres in December 2002, and expired on 31 March 2005. On expiry they were not renewed.

The negotiation process of taking over inpatient TB services from SANTA hospitals has been concluded on 31 March 2005.

Two main agreements were reached in the negotiations of taking over TB inpatient services from SANTA as follows:

- HR Agreement: that all staff members from the eight SANTA hospitals who are willing to be absorbed will be transferred to the Provincial Department of Health in terms of Section 197 of LRA 66 of 1995.
- Leasing of SANTA buildings and movable assets: ECDoH to lease these at an annual rental of R1,150,000.00 for a period of one year. Lease agreement is renewable.





The in-patient TB services were provided under this directorate in the following institutions:

NAME OF INICTITUTION	TOVAVNI	DICTRICT	AULIANDED OF ADDDOVED DEDC
NAME OF INSTITUTION	TOWN	DISTRICT	NUMBER OF APPROVED BEDS
Fort Grey SANTA	East London	Amatole	200
Winterberg SANTA	Fort Beaufort	Amatole	100
Temba SANTA	Grahamstown	Cacadu	60
Marjorie Parrish SANTA	Port Alfred	Cacadu	107
Margery Parkes SANTA	Graaff Rienet	Cacadu	80
Jose Pearson SANTA	Port Elizabeth	Nelson Mandela	200 TB Beds, and
			150 MDR-TB Beds
Orsmond SANTA	Uitenhage	Nelson Mandela	180
Khotsong SANTA	Matatielle	Alfred Nzo	200

Total number of approved beds in SANTA's is 1 340 (This number includes the 150 beds for MDR-TB patients in Jose Pearson SANTA). The number of patients to be transferred from SANTA Hospitals to ECDoH was 946 (during March 2005), as the bed occupancy rate in SANTA Hospitals was not 100%.

The total number of TB beds in District hospitals: 2 018. Nkqubela Hospital at Mdantsane has 610 TB beds currently being managed by Life Care

External Factors:

Poverty, homelessness and inadequate community Psychiatric Services are hampering the vision of treating the Psychiatric patients in the community.

The patients end up being institutionalised as contrary to the trend of deinstitutionalisation.

Unabated crime exerts tremendous pressure on medico legal services.

Better reporting of rape and other domestic violence cases has increased the demand for more professional medico legal services.

Socio economic has effects on all spheres of life like mental health, medico legal issues and increased incidence of TB

High incidence of HIV infection and AIDS has caused more deaths directly and indirectly.

Positive Impact:

Better reporting of rape and domestic violence showed more utilisation rate of victim empowerment centres and a need for more training in medico-legal services.

Negative Impact:

Due to the factors mentioned above the patients quickly relapse and end up again in the hospitals. After stabilisation in the hospitals they cannot be discharged readily due to inadequate support in the community.

Sometimes the families refuse to accept the patients either due to poor socio-economic conditions or they are unable to cope with the patients who are mentally ill due to inadequate Psychiatric Services follow up. So the patients land up back into Psychiatric institutions. This becomes a vicious circle which exerts excess pressure on institutionalised services. This demands more human and financial and physical resources. Availability of beds becomes a real problem in already downsized chronic beds in institutions, while the downsizing of beds is in the spirit of developing community based psychiatric care.

Overview of the organisational environment in 2004/05

Internal factors, plus an appropriate description:

Shortage of manpower within the Directorate, only one Deputy Director Medicolegal Services was appointed. Chief Clinical Psychologist's post was vacant.

Psychiatric Services are currently largely custodial.

Services, both hospital and community, tend to be curative rather than rehabilitative.

No proper referral system due to inadequate community psychiatric services

Inequity in the distribution of resources. There are five Psychiatric Hospitals within a range of 120kms in the Western part of the Province while Eastern part of the Province i.e. former Transkei has been virtually deprived of Psychiatric Services.



Mitigating factors and impact of internal constraints:

Funds were allocated to fill critical posts. This helped to appoint 100% managers in Psychiatric hospitals. It also helped to fill some Professional posts.

Currently the Department is developing a strategy to attract and retain professionals. The department is also developing a strategy to improve the mental health information system.

To be in line with the common trend of treating Psychiatric patients in community, the directorate has initiated the integrated approach with PHC mental Health services. The programme proved to be a success so far.

To move away from the custodial and totally curative centred services a rehabilitation centre at Tower Hospital is now functional as a psycho-social rehabilitation centre.

There is a further need of intensive orientation of Senior Managers and District Managers towards the realisation of need and importance of community psychiatric services.

To address the issue of inequity of resources especially the beds, a transformation plan and rationalisation of services is being implemented.

Programme 4

ital Services Programme
05 strategic plan for the Provincial Hospi
Performance against targets from 2004/0!
Table 14:

		2004/05 Strat	Plan Target	60% of posts	filled																
		2004/05	Actual	60% of posts	have been	filled, but	attrition rate	is still high													
		2003/04	Actual	Advertised posts for	support staff for	Complex CEOs:		56% filled	3% processing	recommended	candidates	11% no suitable	I I 70 IIU Sultable	candidate found	Advertised critical	medical posts for	Complexes and St	Elisabeth's filled	where suitable	candidates found.	
	Performance	2002/03	Actual			No data	available														
)	Indicator			Proportion	of identified	staff	appointed														
	Objectives	(Outputs)		Appropriate	Staffing																
	Sub-programme			General Hosp																	1



-																				_
	10% decrease	in self and clinic	staff referrals																	
	Cannot be	quantified at	this stage.	However	positive gains	have been	registered as	the regions	have started	a process of	dialogue with	a view to	develop	regional	referral	policies				
	No data available																			
	No data	available																		
	Number of	self referrals	to	secondary	and tertiary	institutions		Number of	referrals by	clinic staff	directly to	tertiary	services							
	Development	and revival of	referral	system																

	visited																			
as iched	and the rollout is as	follows:	Obstetric and	Anaesthetic	outreach	implemented	at Cacadu	and OR	Tambo	districts.	Peadiatric	outreach	functional in	Amathole	district.	Surgical	outreach	started in OR	Tambo	
Paediatrics as well as Obstetrics in PEHC	functional to a limited scale																			
Paeditrics outreach	operational in a small	scale in	ELHC																	
Number of district	hospitals visited by	specialists																		
Roll out outreach	programme																			





madvanced 2005 n advanced 2005 but delayed due to belt tightening process. (See Priorities above)	All 3 50% of institutions complexes to have maintenance plans
Process starting in PE. 512-bedded Nelson Mandela Academic Hospital (NMAH) providing all clinical disciplines, secondary and tertiary services, currently operational at the NMAH Infrastructure completed of additional surgical & medical wards. To be made operational Delays with building; contractor underperformance; no additional beds opened	Complexes appointing facilities managers. Plans still to be developed
Plans in place for rationalisati on in all complexes	No maintenance plans
Alignment of hospital beds by level of care	Plans for maintenance available for all institutions
Rationalisation of services	Revitalisation

20%	20%	Decrease by 5% 10%
No new audit not done	All institutions have done patient satisfaction surveys, but data not yet published	5.0 No data available No data available
No new audit done	The regional hospitals have done patient satisfaction surveys	Setting DHIS for Complexes and regional hospital
Data available for hospital facility audit	No data available	No Data available
Percentage of hospitals in facility audit condition 4 or 5	Percentage of institutions that have conducted and published patient satisfaction survey in the last 12 months	Maternal mortality rate Infant mortality rate Case fatality rates for surgery separations Sepsis rates
		Improve disease Outcomes



Implementatio n strategy for SDP completed	4 out of 5	80% of institutions with functional ITUs
	All 3 complexes and 2 regional hospitals are implementing the comprehensive HIV programs.	All institutions have functional ITUs
Service Delivery plans Implementation developed of service delivery plans awaiting MTS process	Plans in place	All institutions have functional ITUs
Still utilizing the 2001 data for provision of tertiary services	No specific HIV & AIDS plan in place	Interim ITU in place
Implementatio n of Service delivery plan (SDP)	Proportion of PAH with step down facilities	Proportion of institutions with functional ITU
Development of Tertiary Services	Management of HIV/AIDS	Improve Organisational Culture

	Improve	Number of CEOs	CEO	Reports not	Target achieved	3/5
	management	submitting standardize	program	yet	,	submitting
	systems		starting	standardised		reports
	Improve Efficiency ALOS in Days	ALOS in Days	8.4	8.4	8.37	7 days
		Bed Occupancy Rate (%)	70	76	61	%08
	Ensure all	Strategy to ensure	Program not	First	First provincial Intern	Full
	institutions comply compliance	compliance	yet started	community	Induction held Dec	induction
	with HPCSA			service	2003-80% of interns	programs
	standards & take			induction held	attended; 2nd comm.	
	necessary			March 2003	Service induction held	
	corrective			for medical	March 2004 this time	
	measures			officers	for ALL comm. Service	
	including an				health professionals	
	internship				72% attended	
	induction program	Percent of PAH with		100%	100%	100%
		work plans to ensure				
		compliance with HPCSA				
		standards.				
Tuberculosis		Increased cure rate to	49%	49.65%	54%	%28
Hospitals	delivery of TB	85%.				
	services.					





25%	m	-	28	145	20%	Yes	Yes
25%	m	-	21	125	25%	Yes	Yes
2%	0	0	0	100	0	Z	Z
%0	0	0	0	75	0	Ē	Z
Proportion of managers trained.	Proportion of task teams.	Number of centres established.	Number and names of listed facilities.	Number of beds established	Proportion of managers trained.	Business plan drawn.	Policy developed.
To train managers in Financial and general Management.	To establish Mental Health Task Team for implementation of new Mental Health Care Act.	To establish a Psycho- social rehabilitation centre.	To identify listed designated facilities.	To establish extra beds in Mental health units.	To provide training for managers in Financial Management.	To develop a business plan for transfer of mortuaries from SAPS to ECDOH.	To develop and implement Provincial policy for part-time MO's.
	Psychiatric hospitals					Medico legal Services	

Programme 4

Indicators	
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tanc	
rting On St)
Repo	
Hospitals (F	-
iona	•
Table15:	

		2001/02	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05
		actual	actual	actual	actual
Input					
Expenditure on hospital staff as percentage	%	9/	62	71%	29%
of total hospital expenditure					
Expenditure on drugs for hospital use as	%	15	15.5	7	12
percentage of total hospital expenditure					
Hospital expenditure per uninsured person	2	154	282	209	
Useable beds		4563	4563	4848	
Process					
Hospitals with operational hospital board	%	80	08	100	80
Hospitals with appointed (not acting)	%	100	100	09	100
CEO in place					
Output					
Caesarean section rate	%	21.4	20.1	24.7	24
Quality					
Hospitals with a published nationally		Not done	40% Data	100% Data	100
mandated patient satisfaction survey in last			not published	not yet	
12 months				paplished	
Hospitals with clinical audit (M&M) meetings		Not done	100%	100%	
at least once a month					



Table 16: TB Hospital

		2001/02	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05
		actual	actual	actual	actual
Input					
Expenditure on hospital staff as percentage of	%	1	ı	%9.79	62.7%
total hospital expenditure					
Expenditure on drugs for hospital use as	%	ı	1	5.3%	2.8%
percentage of total hospital expenditure					
Hospital expenditure per uninsured person					
Useable beds				1127 &	1127 &
				150 MDR-TB	150 MDR-TB
Process					
Hospitals with operational hospital board	%			%88	100%
Hospitals with appointed (not acting)	%			AN	AN
CEO in place					
Output					
Caesarean section rate	%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Quality	-	-			
Hospitals with a published nationally mandated		ı	ı	ī	ΞZ
patient satisfaction survey in last 12 months					
Hospitals with clinical audit (M&M) meetings at		ı	ı	%08	100%
least once a month					

Programme 4

Hospital
Psychiatric
Table 17: I

2004/05	actual		%69		2.3%			2880		100%	Psych: 100%			N/A		, 		100%	
2003/04	actual		%08		%9			2870		100%	Psych: 100%			N/A		ΞZ		%08	
2002/03	actual			ı			ı							A/N		1		1	
2001/02	actual			ı			ı							N/A					
			%		%					%	%			%					
		Input	Expenditure on hospital staff as percentage of	total hospital expenditure	Expenditure on drugs for hospital use as	percentage of total hospital expenditure	Hospital expenditure per uninsured person	Useable beds	Process	Hospitals with operational hospital board	Hospitals with appointed (not acting)	CEO in place	Output	Caesarean section rate	Quality	Hospitals with a published nationally mandated	patient satisfaction survey in last 12 months	Hospitals with clinical audit (M&M) meetings at	least once a month





5.5 PROGRAMME 6: HEALTH SCIENCES AND TRAINING

AIM

To provide training of all health professionals and employees in the Province of the Eastern Cape.

ANALYTICAL REVIEW OF PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE

The analytical review of programme performance focuses on new policies introduced during the 200 4/05 financial year as well as policy amendments which will come into effect during the 2005/06 financial year. Major constraints and challenges hampering programme performance are highlighted, together with the programme priorities for the 2005/06 financial year.

POLICIES

The following policies and applicable legislation were implemented by the programme during the 2004/05 financial year

- Provincial ABET policy has just been finalised is due for submission to Labour for approval.
- the White Paper on Public Service & Education
- the White Paper on Public Service Training & Education of 1997
- the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa
- the Employment Equity Act
- Skills Development Act No. 97 of 1998
- Skills Levies Act No.9 of 1999
- South African Qualification Authority Act No. 58 of 1995 and
- Adult Basic Education Act of 2000

PRIORITIES

The following priorities were identified by the programme for effective



implementation during 2004/05 financial year:The implementation of learnership and internship programme
granting of bursaries to needy students of the province
offering levels 1 to 4 ABET to adult employees who missed the opportunities
of going to school
training of student nurses

CHALLENGES AND CONSTRAINTS

The programme experienced the following challenges and constraints during the 2004/05 financial year:-

FHIG & PFSA do not meet the needs of the department as the number of employees is large. In some cases they do not offer the relevant courses for the department hence the engagement of other training providers. They also allocate a small number for training at a time. At some stage transversal training was suspended temporarily as they wanted to assess its training providers.

The budget for learnerships was inadequate and consequently the department fell below the number projected which was 740 to 550.

Insufficient funding also affected awarding of bursaries, but this was addressed

SMS managers have not received pay progression since 2002. With regards to implementation of PMDS there are still problems which are experienced as it is a new system and the need for retraining in certain areas has been identified.

During the South African Nursing Council visit of the province for the purpose of ccreditation of nursing colleges, the Lusikisiki campus was not accredited. This is due to infrastructure/nurses residence and lecture rooms. Another campus that has a challenge of nurses residence is Queenstown.

Inadequate resources for effective functioning of the college like computers and office accommodation. Filling of posts in the management positions of the campus across the province due to budget constraints are some of the challenges faced by this programme.

ACHIEVEMENTS

(i) Training and Development

Training and development is an ongoing activity. The department is training through transversal training offered by Fort Hare Institute of Government (FHIG) and Public Finance Service Agency (PFSA) training relating to financial issues. However FHIG suspended its training temporary as it wanted to assess its training provider. The following courses were rendered by FHIG as per special arrangements with the Department of Health.

•	Advanced Computer Skills	= 29
•	Coaching & mentoring for managers	= 6
•	Coaching & mentoring general	= 156
•	Customer care in work place	= 564
•	Effective communication	= 3
•	Evaluation of training	= 13
•	HIV / AIDS Awareness	= 83
•	HIV / AIDS Basic information	= 81
•	HIV / AIDS Counselling	= 3
•	Internet and e-mail	= 36
•	Introduction to computers	= 5
•	MS Word & MS Power point	= 70
•	PGDP for managers	= 5
•	PGDP	= 173
•	Skills Dev. Facilitators course	= 384
	TOTAL	= 1575

Financial training provided by PFSA has been continuing throughout the year. The transversal training deals with training on management issues. Besides these providers, other training providers have been engaged by the department as the two cannot provide training for the entire staff needs in the department.

Learnerships were not budgeted for, Discretionary Grant from HWSETA of R3.6 m to fund the programme. PSETA is funding the Human Resources and Public Sector Accounting learnerships. The learnerships are in Nursing, Human Resources,



Finance Maintenance, Information Technology and Pharmacy Assistants. 550 learners were employed across the province in different fields.

(ii) Performance Management

Almost all employees in the department have performance agreements and work plans. Managers and employees were trained in performance management and development system (PMDS). The PMDS was marketed through road shows in the entire province. For areas that indicated that they were experiencing problems, they were given assistance and telephone conferences were conducted where the trainers could not go. The Health & Social Development Bargaining Council was also work shopped on the processes. Reviews were conducted albeit late due to problems relating to implementation.

(iii) Bursaries

No new intake for the year 2004, as there was not sufficient budget to take new students. The available R7, 669 million could not cater for all bursary holders. However, the department managed to pay the existing 484 bursary-holders. In September 2004 the department sent fifteen (15) students to Cuba for studies in medicine, bringing the number of medical students in Cuba to 36. Five hundered and fifty six (556) bursary defaulters have been traced and eighty eight (88) of these have submitted their CV's indicating willingness to come and serve the Department. Approximately four hundred thousand rands (R400,000) has been recovered through this exercise.

(iv) Nursing College

The Act that establishes the Lilitha College of Nursing was passed (Nursing Education Act No.4 of 2003) which enforced the merging of nursing colleges in the province. It started by filling management posts of the central office at Head Office. Other posts were filled towards the end of the year. The Educators and support staff have been taken through capacity building courses. The courses and number of nurse educators that have gone for training are as follows:-

	COURSE	NO.
1.	Strategic Planning	16
		_
2.	Team-Building	21
3.	Financial Management	6
4.	Performance Management & Development System	12
5.	Assessor course	16
6.	Computer training	42
7.	Skills Development Facilitator	19
8.	Customer Care	68





Table 18: Performance against targets from the 2004 / 05 Strategic plan Programme 6 - Health Science & Training

-qns	Objectives (Outputs)	Indicator	Performance			
programme						
			2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2004/05 2004/05 Strat.
			Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual plan target
Health	Building capacity in the	Number of employees				
Sciences and	Sciences and Department to support improved	capacitated	1	ı	200	
Training	implementation of its goals					
Programme	To provide ongoing training and	Number of employees		-	1575	
	skills development for health	trained and developed on				
	workers, ensuring appropriate	appropriate skills.				
	skills to impact on health status of					
	people in EC province					
	Train, develop and retain nursing	% of nurses trained in	70 523	102 365	152 185	154 857
	student graduates	EC.				
Nurse	Transformation of Nursing	Tutor: student ratio	1	ı	1:40	1:40
training	Education curriculum and services					
Colleges	rendered to meet needs of the					
	community					
EMS training	EMS training Facilitate training of 600 officers in	Number of officers trained	20	44	40	200
Colleges	basic ambulance level course	in Basic Ambulance				
		course				
	Trained Ambulance officers in	Number of officers	4	3	_	4
	advanced life support	trained				

Sub- programme	Objectives (Outputs)	Indicator	Performance			
			2002/03 Actual	2003/04 Actual	2004/05 Actual	2004/05 Strat.
Burcarioc	Ensure representation of	3 of hireary holders	No basolino	10%	20%	30%
Dai sai les	riiral areas in allocating	280	INO DASCILLIC	0/0	0/07	9/00
	bursaries in medicine					
	Improve staffing levels by		ΞZ	2 students	2 students 6 students	4 students
	training students (in Pretoria	Number of trainees	ı	on		ı
	and Tanzania)			training		
Other	Increasing % of health	% with basic computer	No		20% achieved	Not stated
Training	professionals with basic	skills	baseline		To initiate after	
)	computer skills				hours classes so as	
					to improve	
					attendance	
	Increasing number of health	No. of health	No		555 learners in	740
	professionalsin learnership	professionals in	baseline		different	REASON:
	programmes	learnership			learnership	Objective was
		programmes			programmes, e.g.	unrealistic
					enrolled nurses,	
					Pharmacy asst, IT;	
					HR; Finance;	
					hospital	
					maintenance	



Table 19: Health Professionals Training and Development

		2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2004/05 2004/05 Strat.
		Actual	Actual	Actual	plan target
Input					
Intake of medical students	No	191	112		
Intake of nurse students	No	428	580	863	
Students with bursaries from the province	No	791	651		
Process					
Attrition rates in first year of medical school	%	2	3		
Attrition rates in first year of nursing school	%	0	4.94	8.72	
Output					
Basic medical students graduating	No	40	34		
Basic nurse students graduating	No	263	306		
Medical registrars graduating	No	0	0	518	
Advanced nurse students graduating	oN	99	78	74	
Efficiency					
Average training cost per nursing graduate	~	33,399	36,405	43 875	
Development component of	%		52.98		
HPT & D grant spent					



		2003/04	2004/05	2004/05 2004/05 Strat.
		Actual	Actual	plan target
Input				
Medical officers per 1000 people	No	0.072	0.134	0.186
Medical officers per 1000 people in rural districts*	No	0.0477	0.103	0.122
Nurses per 1000 people	No	14.614	2.043	2.323
Nurses per 1000 people in rural districts*	No	1.3755	1.741	1.995
Pharmacists per 1000 people	No	127	0.027	0.033
Pharmacists per 1000 people in rural districts*	No	0.024	0.025	0.028
Process				
Vacancy rate for nurses	%	17.79	76%	19%
Attrition rate for doctors	%	20.05	45%	40
Attrition rate for nurses	%	4.94	8.72	4
Output				
Doctors recruited against target	%	54.84	42.59	26
Pharmacits recruited against target	%	24.43	25	27
Nurses recruited against target	%	4.08	8.72	9.6



		2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2004/05 2004/05 Strat.
		Actual	Actual	Actual	plan target
Efficiency					
Nurse Clinical workload (PHC)	Ratio	2002/03	27.02	26.6	
Doctor Clinical worked (PHC)	Ratio	Actual	ı	1	32
Outcome					
Surplus staff as a percentage of establishement	%		0.219	1	-

5.6 PROGRAMME 7: HEALTH CARE SUPPORT SERVICES

AIM

To ensure efficient and effective rendering of pharmaceutical services & resources at all health facilities, clinical orthotic/prosthetic services and also the following Clinical Support Services:

- Laboratory Services
- Radiology Services
- Rehabilitation Services

ANALYTICAL REVIEW OF PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE

The analytical review of programme performance focuses on new policies introduced during the 2004/05 financial year as well as policy amendments which will come into effect during the 2005/06 financial year. Major constraints and challenges hampering programme performance are highlighted, together with the programme priorities for the 2005/06 financial year.

POLICIES:

The following policies were implemented by the programme during the 2004/05 financial year:-

No new policies but utilising existing policies

- · Free health care for persons with disability
- Laboratory Diagnostic Guidelines
- National rehabilitation policy
- Integrated national disability strategy
- Guidelines on control and monitoring of silver recovery
- Hazardous Substances Act
- Ensuring the availability of essential drugs at all times
- Utilisation of the bulk of the drug budget on EDL items.
- Appointment and training of Pharmacist's Assistants in all health facilities.
- Recruitment of Pharmacists onto level 10 as District Pharmacist and Hospital Pharmacy Managers.



- Recruitment of Community Service Pharmacists onto salary level 8.
- Facilities to meet legislative requirements in terms of standards

PRIORITIES:

The following priorities were identified by the programme for effective implementation during 2004/05 financial year:-

- · Provision of adequate budget
- Adequate transport facilities
- Staffing
- Pharmacists to the rural development nodes which have been operating without any pharmaceutical expertise.
- Retention of Community Service Pharmacists in the rural nodal and previously disadvantaged areas.
- Appointment of Pharmacist's Assistants onto the Pharmaceutical Services structure to ensure accountability and responsibility for drug supplies.
- Monitoring of availability of EDL items.
- Ensuring that Pharmacies meet the Pharmacy and Medicines Act legislative requirements.

CHALLENGES AND CONSTRAINTS

The programme experienced the following challenges and constraints during the 2004/05 financial year:-

- Implementation of free health care for persons with disabilities
- Implementation of Laboratory diagnostic guidelines
- Adherence to the Service level Agreement by institutions
- Implementation of Bursary obligation contract for radiography students
- Mentoring of community service officers. These are new professionals joining the services. They need to be equipped to be ready to be on their own (independent practice after their year of community service)
- Insufficient budget, lack of transport and high vacancy rate
- Poor distribution of drug supplies.
- Facilities not meeting legal requirements.
- Training of Pharmacist's Assistants on accredited training programme by accredited service providers.
- Electronic link to Institutional information systems to monitor availability of essential drug supplies regularly.

- Retention of recruited Pharmacists in the rural and underserved areas due to poor working conditions.
- Lack of Pharmacists to act as Tutors for training of Pharmacist's Assistants.
- Lack of support from Medical Superintendents to make physical and structural adjustments to Hospital Pharmacies as required by Legislation.
- Lack of accommodation for District Pharmacists in the Hospitals within the Local Service Area as these are said to be reserved for non-existent Doctors.
- Lack of commitment to distribute drug supplies to the Primary Health Care facilities after Depot has delivered to a sub-depot.
- Non payment of pharmaceutical suppliers resulted in us being short supplied and sometimes not being supplied orders placed, thus creating non-availability of essential drug supplies.
- Lack of accommodation for the newly appointed Pharmacists, especially the District Pharmacists who have been placed at the more rural nodal areas where their services are most needed.
- Staff situation at Mthatha depot: The suspension and subsequent dismissal of the Mthatha depot manager along with 3 senior staff members has seriously affected service at this facility. This shortage has also affected the annual audit. A chief pharmacist from the provincial office was tasked to assist the depot, leaving the provincial office short of his services. A depot manager could only be appointed from 1 May 2005.
- Capacity at the provincial office: No suitable application was received for the
 advertised post of financial officer at the provincial office. Because of this
 continued vacancy and the abovementioned problems at Mthatha depot, senior
 pharmaceutical personnel are spending an inappropriate amount of time chasing
 payment issues of the depots. The deputy director for management of
 pharmaceutical skills development and facilitating compliance with legislation
 standards resigned and left end of March.
- Coordination and funding of SETA learnerships, reaching a service level agreement
 with accredited service providers and Pharmacy Council approval of facilities and
 tutors, combined with the ongoing shortage of pharmacists at certain facilities, has
 delayed the introduction of pharmacists' assistants training. This could only be
 launched in June 2005. In addition, an ongoing outstanding payment issue is
 delaying the first cohort of post-basic pharmacists' assistants' training.
- The allocation of a scarce skills allowance alone has not managed to address all the shortages of pharmacists in the province. In addition, neighbouring provinces have upped their levels of remuneration. Recommendations have been made to review the level of remuneration to avoid a further outflow of this scarce resource but this has not yet materialised.







- We have experienced periodic shortages of some drugs in the comprehensive care
 of HIV/AIDS programme. This is mainly due to the difficulty to accurately estimate
 requirements and the roll-out tempo appropriately.
- Availability of chronic drugs at primary health care level remains a problem. Down-referral from hospitals and perceived lack of budget for this at local authority level contribute to this. It is planned to include a down-referral system along with the PPP process to overcome this.
- Delays in paying suppliers toward the end of the financial year as part of the belttightening exercise, coupled with capacity problems in financial management at the provincial office and the depots, caused several suppliers to suspend deliveries.
 It is advisable to build capacity to ensure timeous payment and quick resolution of queries to avoid such holds on supplies.
- Office accommodation at the provincial office remains a challenge. Offices are shared and this lowers productivity, as there are insufficient network points.

ACHIEVEMENTS:

- Allocation of allied community service officers in underserved areas 25 appointment
- Employment of rehabilitation managers in all LSA's.
- Improvement in management structure within the district clusters
- Service improvement plan in place for Laboratory services
- Implementation of Teleradiology in four district clusters which were SS Gida, St Barnabas, Humansdorp and Froniter
- Replacement of radiology equipment in four hospitals which were Fort Beaufort, Butterworth, Dora Nginza and All Siants
- Centralisation of budget for flat rate
- The progress towards a public private partnership (PPP) for managing the depots and pharmaceutical distribution has progressed to the stage where 4 potential bidders with the required capacity have been pre-qualified, and the evaluation process is underway. The target date for implementation of the PPP is now set for September 2005.
- In 2004 the Eastern Cape had an allocation of 34 community service pharmacists, many of whom working in previously underserved hospitals. In 2005 29 have so far assumed duty. The availability of community service pharmacists have e.g. made it possible for Mthatha depot to continue delivering services after its manager was suspended, continue implementation of the HIV & AIDS comprehensive programme.
- Local service area pharmacy managers (district pharmacists) continue to be a very

valuable resource in the LSA's in which they serve. They report monthly to their managers and to the provincial office on all matters pharmaceutical, and can follow up on local level issues. New LSA pharmacists were appointed to Maletswai and Maluti.

- An audit was conducted in September/October 2004 to assess the compliance of hospitals and community health centres with pharmaceutical legislative requirements. Both the Pharmacy Act and the Medicines Control Act become applicable to the state in July 2005, with huge implication regarding staffing, training, facilities, and equipment, recordkeeping and reference materials. Many shortcomings have been identified, and some have been addressed, such as the availability of reference material R150, 000 has been spent to acquire suitable reference books for all health facilities. Workshops have been held throughout the province to increase awareness of the audit results and to stimulate local managers to plan and budget for improvements as required by legislation.
- All hospital pharmacies have been listed for licensing by the Director-General and recording with the SA Pharmacy Council. The depots also have to be licensed by the Medicines Control Council. Some hospital pharmacies have been inspected by the Pharmacy Council and have been approved for the training of pharmacists' assistants.
- Eleven (11) hospital pharmacies (along with their feeder clinics) have been accredited in the comprehensive HIV/AIDS treatment plan. These pharmacies have provided the full range of antiretroviral drugs to a total of approximately 2750 patients by end March 2005. Depot stockholding of the anti-retrovirals was approximately R3,2 million at the end of the financial year. This value increases as patient numbers grow.
- The provincial office provided supervisory support to many hospitals and local service areas in the course of this year in an attempt to improve management of drug supplies.
- Information on drug expenditure was monitored on a monthly basis and provided to programme managers to assist them with planning and budgeting purposes.
- Monthly pharmacists' forum meetings have improved communication around depot, distribution and all pharmaceutical issues. Problems are identified in good time and common solutions agreed on.
- The provincial office has, through network links between the provincial office and the depots constantly monitored all aspects of depot performance and drug On reports of stock problems, a thorough analysis is made to availability. determine and address the cause of the problem.
- Drug and medical supplies management practices in institutions are being monitored and have improved during this year. Many more facilities are using







- stock cards, and the use of computerised stock management has also increased, mostly the RX Store programme.
- The pharmaceutical supply contracts have functioned quite well this year. A new cycle of 2-year contracts will commence in June 2005. A 3-year national contract for the supply of anti-retroviral drugs came into effect in March 2005, stabilising prices and improving the availability and sustainability of supplies.
- The turnover of the pharmaceutical depots for the financial year has been R350million, and their combined stockholding has increased from R27 million in March 2004 to R32 million in March 2005. The cost of running the depots, including personnel, has been R15,8 million for the financial year. Audits have taken place at both depots both prior to and following the financial year end.
- Pharmacy Awareness Week celebrated from 06-10 September 2005 with the Provincial Launch done by the honourable MEC for Health in Amahlati Local Service Area to promote the slogan: Committed to a better health for all" under the theme: You and your Pharmacist an empowering team

OVERVIEW OF THE SERVICE DELIVERY ENVIRONMENT IN 2004/05

External factors that had an impact on the demand for the services rendered

- Non payment of pharmaceutical suppliers resulted in us being short supplied and sometimes not being supplied orders placed, thus creating non-availability of essential drug supplies
- The suspension and subsequent dismissal of the Mthatha depot manager along with 3 senior staff members has seriously affected service at this facility. This shortage has also affected the annual audit.
- Lack of office space is still a challenge that makes it difficult to deliver an effective and efficient pharmaceutical service. Managers are sharing offices and telephones with their junior staff with no confidentiality and privacy at all.
- Lack of financial management skills resulted in there not being provision of adequate drug expenditure monitoring, monitoring payment of suppliers on time and financial management reports as required.
- The cholera outbreak with a resultant need for an immediate campaign to address he problem resulted in the Depots struggling to keep up with supplies at such short notice.
- The roll out of the HIV & AIDS Programme has created challenges in funding this programme.
- Down-referral from hospitals and perceived lack of budget for this at local authority level contribute to this.
- Lack of accommodation for the newly appointed Pharmacists, especially the

District Pharmacists who have been placed at the more rural nodal areas where their services are most needed.

Positive:

- Employment of Local Service Area Pharmacists to assist in the appropriate management of drug supplies.
- Drug and medical supplies management practices in institutions are being monitored and have improved during this year. Many more facilities are using stock cards to measure their consumption and thus keep appropriate re-order levels.

Negative:

- Lack of adequate and affordable housing for the newly recruited and appointed District Pharmacist, which thus saw us losing 2 District Pharmacist at Nyandeni and Mnquma Local Service Areas.
- Non payment of pharmaceutical suppliers resulted in us being short supplied and sometimes not being supplied orders placed, thus creating non-availability of essential drug supplies.
- The allocation of a scarce skills allowance alone has not managed to address all the shortages of pharmacists in the province. In addition, neighbouring provinces have upped their levels of remuneration.

OVERVIEW OF THE ORGANISATIONAL ENVIRONMENT IN 2004/05

Internal factors that had an impact to deliver on the specific objectives identified in the strategic plan for 2004/5

- Slow progress in the awarding of a PPP contract for the Depots means that the growing number of customers is not being adequately serviced to provide essential drugs at all times.
- Delay in advertising for and appointing the 2 Financial Controllers means we cannot meet our obligation of monitoring drug expenditure in a consistent and professional manner.
- Lack of office space means that we are not able to achieve some of our set objectives due to poor working conditions.

Mitigating factors and impact of internal constraints:

• Recruitment of District Pharmacists to fill the vacant Local Service Areas so as to



monitor adequate management of drug supplies.

- Human Resource unit was implored to advertise for the Financial Controllers and Admin Officer with no success.
- Employment of the 2 Chief Pharmacists at the Provincial office to help monitor drug supplies and drug expenditure.
- Non-payment of pharmaceutical suppliers on time negatively impacted on the availability of essential drugs.

Delays in awarding the PPP contract for management of pharmaceutical supply chain meant we could not immediately benefit from the gains to be made by such a venture.

Table 21: Performance against targets from the 2004/05 strategic plan Programme 7 - Health Care Support Services Programme

Sub-programme	Objectives (Outputs)	Indicator		Perfor	Performance	
			2002/03 Actual	2003/04 Actual	2004/05 Actual	2004/05 strat. plan target
Health Care Support Services	Service improvement plan to be a working document	Service improvement plan in place 2005/06	None	None	Draft in place	Document finalised
	Coordination of Teleradiology programme	Teleradiology in place	None	None	Implemented in four district clusters	Four district clusters
	Facilitate distribution of assistive devices	No of persons with assistive devices	25%	70%	75%	80%
	Coordinate community service programme for clinical support services	Number of allied health professionals allocated for community service	None	69	79	68
	Facilitation of standard radiology equipment	Standard radiology equipment in place	None	20%	25%	30%
	Improve turn around time	Standardised turn around time	Staggered turn around time	Seven days	84hrs	48hours -72hours
	Control , monitoring of silver recovery promme	Signed contract in place and submitted quarterly reports	Month - month Contract in place in all institution	Month - month Contract in place in all institutions	Two year contract in place as at August 2004	Contract in place
Orthotic and prosthetic services	Establish maintenance and repair	Number of outlets	2	4	9	5







2004/05 In target			icator	with rem bort boots	to ance d to tals to for nce.
2004/05 strat. plan target		60% * 580 = = 348 wheelchairs	Facilities have reported few shortages of indicator drugs (DHIS information not current)	Varying success with down-referral in most areas this remains a problem due to lack of capacity & transport challenges. EL Health complex testing software to facilitate this process	Audit conducted to measure compliance findings reported to districts & hospitals workshops held to formulate plans for improvements towards compliance. Funds from HPT grant
2004/05 Actual		580	90% of tracer drugs available at all facilities	3 complexes and regional hospitals have functioning referral system	60% of facilities comply
2003/04 Actual		345	90% of tracer drugs available at all facilities	East London complex initiated the referral system	Very few facilities comply
2002/03 Actual		234	90% of tracer drugs available at all facilities	Ē	Very few facilities comply
Indicator		Number of wheelchairs and hearing aids issued	Tracer drugs available at all health facilities	A down-referral system established at each provincial and academic hospital	Facilities comply with quality assurance norms of Pharmacy Council
Objectives (Outputs)	outlets	Provide wheelchairs and hearing aids as assistive devices	Ensure efficient & effective drug supply management such that essential drugs are available at all times in all facilities	Ensure the availability of chronic drugs at a facility close to client's home	To ensure that pharmacies in health facilities comply with norms and standards for quality assurance
Sub-programme			Pharmaceutical Services - Medicines trading account		

	2004/05 strat. plan target	used towards obtaining required reference materials. Those hospital pharmacies inspected by SA Pharmacy Council have initiate process of ensuring that they comply with the recommendations made. There are still 32 Hospital Pharmacies with no Pharmacies with no Pharmacist and will thus not comply unless we recruit actively & retain our current CSPs.	Depots: Both depots experienced some drug shortages toward financial yearend suppliers last paid in February started withholding stocks by mid-March. Mithatha situation complicated through lack of capacity (no
Performance	2004/05 Actual		100% estimates on time, 50% accuracy
Perfo	2003/04 Actual		Contracts in place for the current pharmaceutical supplies
	2002/03 Actual		Contracts in place for the current pharmaceutical supplies
Indicator			Current contracts are in place for all pharmaceutical supplies
Objectives (Outputs)			Facilitate the availability of drugs at the pharmaceutical depots
Sub-programme			



	2004/05 strat. plan target	full-time depot manager). Arrangement for payment authorization caused delays and some stockouts. 3 year contract for ARV's in place per 1 March 2005. Depot stock levels increased since award of the contract.	Appropriate quantification at both depot and facility level still needs to be improved. 2 year contract management cycle has started estimates provided for 4 new tenders to be awarded from June 2005 onwards	Rx Store available & in use in PE and EL hospital complexes, UGH, 10 LSA's, 10 district hospitals. NMAH uses Delta-9 as its stock control
Performance	2004/05 Actual		50% of suppliers have estimates less than 1 year old	All provincial Hospitals with functioning stock management system
Perfor	2003/04 Actual		Quantification of drug requirements done to improve estimates	RX Store being initiated in some more hospitals and L.SA offices
	2002/03 Actual		Quantification of drug requirements done to improve estimates	RX Store being initiated in hospitals
Indicator			Percentage of drug requirements accurately estimated	Number of health facilities with functioning stock management system
Objectives (Outputs)			Improve quantification of drug requirements	Implement suitable pharmacy stock management system in health facilities
Sub-programme				

	2004/05 strat. plan target	system Manual & support for use of Rx Store is being negotiated. The PPP will come in with an electronic stock management	Oispensing system (Rx Dispensing) in test phase at Frere hospital. A few hospitals have instituted manual recordkeeping systems. ARV prescription records maintained in rollout sites this could serve as the basis for a more elaborate record-keeping system. This will still require considerable input as indicated in the audit.
Performance	2004/05 Actual		Identify and evaluate system and install in provincial hospitals
Perfo	2003/04 Actual		≅
	2002/03 Actual		II
Indicator			Records of all prescriptions are kept according to legal requirements
Objectives (Outputs)			To implement a suitable record keeping system in hospital pharmacies
Sub-programme			



	2004/05 strat. plan target	Support for MEDSAS by SITA is still on going until such time as the PPP is functional.	The bids were evaluated & 4 bidders short listed. The process of selecting the preferred bidder is now at an advanced stage. Funds from HIV & AIDS grant were secured to engage the service of a Depot Manager on contract until the PPP is in place. 2 more trucks were secured from Fleet Africa to assist with the distribution of drug supplies whilst awaiting the PPP.	Only 3 LSA with no district Pharmacist and the posts have been advertised in the Pharmaciea.
Performance	2004/05 Actual	Support for MEDSAS until PPP is in place	Contract arranged for PPP Pharmaceutical, medical and surgical Supplies delivered to all hospitals, CHC and clinics	All districts and 50% of hospitals have pharmacy managers
Perfor	2003/04 Actual	Medsas system operational, stock control records meet audit standards	PPP process initiated progressing well with bidders pre-qualified and RFP document being drawn up.	22 out of 25 LSA's with District Pharmacists
	2002/03 Actual	Medsas system operational, stock control records meet audit standards	Initiated process of PPP according to National Treasury Regulations	14 as District Pharmacists, (6 of them in the former Transkel), 7 as Hospital Pharmacy
Indicator		Medsas system operational, stock control records meet audit standards	Effective depot management and drug distribution	Each district and hospital pharmacy is managed by a pharmacist
Objectives (Outputs)		Ensure continued management support for the depot control system (MEDSAS) until PPP is in place	To improve service delivery by the Pharmaceutical depots by entering into a Public Private Partnership (PPP) for management support and distribution of pharmaceutical and surgical supplies	To place pharmaceutical personnel in each district, hospital, CHC and clinic by 2010
Sub-programme				

	2004/05 strat. plan target	Although most of the hospitals have CSP, only 29% of hospitals in the EC have no Pharmacist at all.	Target of 10% of CHC to have registered PA has not been accomplished. The CHC need to be run by post basic PA and there are only few in the system and this will change once first phase of training of Pharmacist's Assistants has been completed	Target not been accomplished yet and one of major reason is that there are no posts for PA in the clinics at present, need to created first.
Performance	2004/05 Actual		10% of CHC have PA's	5% of clinics have PA's
Perfo	2003/04 Actual		ĪĪ	ĪĪ
	2002/03 Actual	Managers, 3 as Deputy Directors for the Health. Complexes, 9 out of 27 Community Service Pharmacists and the rest into higher posts.	Nii	III
Indicator			Each community health centre has at least one post-basic pharmacists' assistant	Pharmaceutical service in clinics is rendered by a postbasic pharmacists' assistant
Objectives (Outputs)				
Sub-programme				



	2004/05 strat. plan target	Work study is in the process of creating the post Auxilliary Worker Pharmacy at Hospital level first and then at PHC level.	This is an ongoing process because there are no qualified basic PA but just Auxiliary Pharmacy workers with experience. This is still a challenge because most of them are on level 6 already while others who had completed basic are still on level 2 but there is progress in terms of placing them at appropriate levels once they have undergone training.	Training of the first phase not started yet due to delays caused by payment section. Out of 75 candidates to be RPLed only 40 qualify to be assessed
Performance	2004/05 Actual s		60% of pharmacist assistants appropriately placed	100 PA's registered on accredited training programme
Perfor	2003/04 Actual		Adverts placed to fill the PA posts	61 Pharmacist's Assistants completed training
	2002/03 Actual		Posts have been identified	65 Pharmacist's Assistants initiated training
Indicator			Percentage of registered basic and post-basic PA appropriately employed and remunerated	300 Pharmacist's Assistants initiated training on accredited training programme
Objectives (Outputs)			Develop a career path for pharmaceutical support personnel by 2005	To facilitate training of Pharmacist's Assistants on the accredited training programme in compliance with legislation by July 2005
Sub-programme				

	2004/05 strat. plan target	and the rest will do basic PA training. There will be 40 candidates for Post basic and 100 for basic PA. Alls the SLA with S Buys and CDU has been signed	Mthatha hospital complex pharmacies still to be inspected by SAPC and therefore no posts for Interns yet only PE and EL complexes have posts for Interns	PE and EL complex accredited for Intern's training except Mthatha	Not done yet. There were delays in the awarding of the contract and the service level agreement with the
Performance	2004/05 Actual		Intern posts established at each of the PAH's	All PAH's accredited for pharmacy intern training	50% of pharmacists responsible for drug budgets trained on financial management
Perfor	2003/04 Actual		Ni.	Ni	Nil
	2002/03 Actual		Nil	Nil	Nil
Indicator			Establishment of intern posts at all PAH's	Accreditation of facilities for intern training	All pharmacists responsible for drug budgets trained on financial management
Objectives (Outputs)			Systems in place so that pharmacy internship programme can be implemented in all provincial and academic hospitals by 2005	-	Training on financial management for all pharmacy managers
Sub-programme					



Sub-programme	Objectives (Outputs)	Indicator		Perfor	Performance	
			2002/03 Actual	2003/04 Actual	2004/05 Actual	2004/05 strat. plan target
	To improve utilisation of drug budget towards effective service delivery	90% of drug budget spent on drugs that are in the E.C. Formulary	Most of the drug budget spent on drugs that are in the E.C. Formulary	Most of the drug budget spent on drugs that are in the E.C. Formulary	60% of facilities with < 10% spent outside the EC formulary	service providers. ABC analysis of expenditure indicates that facilities are utilising their budget on drugs that are on the E.C. Formulary.
	To monitor drug expenditure at all levels	Monthly expenditure reports per facility	Most facilities have expenditure within budget	Most facilities have expenditure within budget	70% of facilities have expenditure within budget	Overall drug expenditure within budget. Total expenditure for year through the depots = R350m. On facility-scale quite substantial variances were seen allocation per facility in new financial year will require larger input from pharmaceutical services Monitoring still quite a challenge, as no suitable applications were received for the advertised finance officer to this directorate.

REPORTING ON STANDARD NATIONAL INDICATORS

For the Health Care Support Services Programme, there are currently no standard national indicators for provinces to report on.

Co-ordination, co-operation and outsourcing plans

Local Government and Institutional linkages

Local Authority/Institution	Amount Transferred	Amount spent by transferee
Rhodes University	R216, 631-00	

What services are provided by the local authority/Institutions to which funds are transferred?

Services:

Training for the Doctor of Pharmacy Degree in collaboration with East London Hospital Complex and Eastern Cape Province Department of Health.

What monthly monitoring mechanisms are in place to monitor spending against transfers?

Monitoring mechanisms:

Monthly Reports by the Institution.

What difficulties did the department experience in terms of consistently applying monitoring mechanisms

Difficulties:

Late transfer of funds to Rhodes University to ensure that these are utilised within the financial year. The transfer to Rhodes University only occurred in February 2004.





Public Private Partnerships, outsourcing etc.

The PPP process has been initiated based on the guidelines from National Treasury PPP Unit. This is for the management support for the Port Elizabeth and Umtata Depots and distribution of pharmaceutical, medical and surgical supplies to all facilities in the Province. This includes all Hospitals, Community Health Centres and PHC Clinics. The bidders were pre-qualified and Request for Proposal document sent to the 4 prospective bidders.

Progress made in the period under review in implementing these plans

- The decisions of the Feasibility Study were implemented in that Mthatha Depot was chosen as the Main Depot with Port Elizabeth Depot acting as the feeder depot for facilities in the western part of the Province and as a Down referral Pharmacy and Pre-packing unit for the whole Province
- 4 bidders have submitted their RFP documents and these are being evaluated so as to select a preferred and a reserve bidder.

Problems that have been experienced in launching PPP's and that have been put in place to keep matters on track.

Problems:

- Poor attendance by Eastern Cape Province Department of Health team members.
- Failure to meet deadlines, thus having to shift the timeframes.
- Underestimation of the enormity of the project by the team members.
- Poor availability of documentation.

Measures put in place:

- Dedication by the Project Officer in pushing the Project forward.
- Strong support from the Transaction Advisor.
- As much as possible trying to stick to timeframes set initially.

Donor Funding

Details of all the donations received by the or sub-programme.

Name of Donor	Amount
RPM Plus Project	R2, 000-00
Aspen Pharmacare	R5,000-00
Adcock Ingram	R3,000-00
Biogaran	R10,000-00

These donations were towards the Pharmacists' Annual Conference and the Pharmacy Awareness Week.





5.7 PROGRAMME 8: HEALTH FACILITIES MANAGEMENT

AIM

To improve access to health care services by providing new health facilities, upgrading and maintaining existing facilities.

ANALYTICAL REVIEW OF PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE

The analytical review of programme performance focuses on new policies introduced during the 2004/05 financial year as well as policy amendments which will come into effect during the 2005/06 financial year. Major constraints and challenges hampering programme performance are highlighted, together with the programme priorities for the 2005/06 financial year.

POLICIES

The following policies were implemented by the programme during the 2004/05 financial year:-

- No new policies were introduced.
- The old policies were applied to guide implementation of projects. For example, the
 application of the PPP policy in the construction of a ward block in Humansdorp,
 the right sizing of beds in hospitals upgraded, application of Occupational Safety
 standards in all facilities.

PRIORITES

The following priorities were identified by the programme for effective implementation during 2004/05 financial year:-

- Revamping of dilapidated clinics
- Provision of accommodation for nurses in remote areas
- Revitalization of hospitals

CHALLENGES AND CONSTRAINTS

The programme experienced the following challenges and constraints during the 2003/04 financial year:-

• The main challenge was the budget reduction from July as a result of provincial cash flow problems resulting in the introduction of the "Belt Tightening" exercise which



triggered a number of unforeseen problems such as -

- A number of planned projects put on hold.
- All projects where a contractor was not on site could not commence.
- There were payments delays due to provincial cash flows. Payments were done twice a month instead of weekly.
- This resulted in contractors walking off site until they were paid. Some contactors took advantage of the situation performed poorly.

ACHIEVEMENTS

The following achievements were identified by the programme for effective implementation during 2004/05 financial year:-

In the year under review the achievements were completion of:

- 7 New clinics and 2 CHCs,
- 27 clinics upgraded
- 7 existing clinics improved by additional residences for nurses
- 9 district and 2 provincial projects
- 3 projects in the hospitals under the revitalization grant. There are
- 2 hospitals and 10 clinic projects are 80% complete.
- 44 new facilities supplied with new equipment

Rural Nodes, SMMEs Participation

Construction of all clinics and sub contracting in multimillion projects is performed by SMMEs. These groups are trained by the mentoring teams from PWD. Joint Ventures were formed in big hospital projects. During the year 7 joint ventures and 82 SMMEs participated. Out of 132 projects undertaken, the programme prioritised the development nodes as much as possible. All hospital revitalization projects and a large number of clinics are in the prioritised nodes as reflected

below:

- Alfred NZO 21
- R Tambo 38
- Chris Hani 16
- Ukhahlamba 13

This constitute 66.6% of the total construction expenditure

Urban Renewal

One project the new NU2 CHC. Still under construction

Programme 8

Table 22: Performance against targets from the 2004/05 strategic plan for the Health Facilities Management

Sub-programme	Objectives (Outputs)	Indicator		Perfor	Performance	
			2002/03 Actual	2003/04 Actual	2004/05 Actual	2004/05 strat. plan target
Health Facilities Management Programme						
Community health facilities	Construction of new clinics & CHCs	No of new clinics built 2	2	10	6	13
	Upgrading of existing clinics & CHCs	No of clinics upgraded		3	2	4
Hospitals	Revitalisation of hospitals	No of hospitals being revitalized	10	55	77	22
		No of district hospitals being upgraded	1	4	4	4
District hospitals	Upgrading of District hospitals		80	11	8	13
Provincial Hospitals	Upgrading of provincial hospitals	No of provincial hospitals being upgraded	1	4	2	5



Sub-programme	Objectives (Outputs)	Indicator		Perfor	Performance	
			2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2004/05
			Actual	Actual	Actual	strat. plan target
Procurement of equipment for new health facilities	Procurement of equipment for new facilities	No of new facilities provided with essential equipment	12	09	46	40
	Maintenance of clinics& CHCs	No of clinics & CHCs maintained	112	09	9(major maintenance) 73 minor maintenance	511
_	Maintenance of hospitals	No of hospitals maintained	75	75	3(major maintenance) 11 minor maintenance	75

Performance on hospital revitalisation grant

The Hospital Revitalization grant was spent on the upgrading of Frontier Maternity block, Rietvlei Surgical block, St Elizabeth Medical wards, clinical staff accommodation, a PHC gateway clinic and the relocation of Mary Therese hospital and procurement of equipment for these institutions. 85% total allocation was spent. The problem was contractor failure in the Frontier project and the provincial cash problems which resulted in payment delays.

Table 23: Performance indicators for health facilities management

				,				
	Indicator		2004/05	2005/06	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	National Target 2008/09
In	Input							
-	Equitable share capital programme as percentage of total health expenditure	%	7.7	8.1	7.9	8.2	∞	2.5%
2.	Hospitals funded on revitalisation programme	%	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.5	3	25%
3.	Expenditure on facility maintenance as percentage of total health expenditure ²	%	1.4	1.9	2	2	2.5	4%
4.	Expenditure on equipment maintenance as percentage of total health expenditure?	%	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.5	4%
P	Process							
5.	Hospitals with up to date asset register	%	20	20	80	06	95	100%
9	Districts with up to date PHC asset register (excluding hospitals)		10	30	20	75	06	100%
ď	Quality							
7.	PHC facilities with access to basic infrastructural services:							
a.	Piped water		62	92	70	80	82	100%
ļ								



KO'L	Indicator		2004/05	2005/06	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	National Target 2008/09
ف	Mains electricity		6/	80	82	85	88	100%
ن	Fixed line telephone		69	72	75	08	82	100%
œ	Average backlog of service platform by programme²							
a.	PHC facilities		30	7.7	25	25	23	15%
j.	District hospitals	%	22	20	42	35	30	15%
ن	Regional hospitals	%	30	30	28	25	23	15%
-j	Psych/TB Chronic and specialised hospitals ¹	%	53	20	20	45	40	15%
نه	Provincial tertiary and national tertiary hospitals	%	09	09	57	54	54	15%
Ť.	Provincially aided hospitals		20	17	15	15	15	15%
Eţ	Efficiency							
9.	Projects completed on time (define!)		75	75	80	06	06	
10.	Project over budget (beyond variation order)		0	0	0	0	0	
ŏ	Outcome							
Ë	Level 1 beds per 1000 uninsured population ²		1.7	1.6	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0
12.	Level 2 beds per 1000 uninsured population ²		1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	9.0	0.0
13.	Population within 5km of fixed PHC		20	25	09	99	70	95%

PART C:

HUMAN RESOURCES OVERSIGHT REPORT FOR THE PERIOD APRIL 2004 - MARCH 2005

TABLE 1.1 Main Service for the Service Delivery Improvement and Standards

MAIN SERVICE	MAIN SERVICE	MAIN SERVICE	MAIN SERVICE
Speeding up delivery of primary health care services through the district health system.	General Public Health service users Municipal Health services Non-governmental organisations Community based organisations Other State Sectors	General Public Health service users Municipal Health services Non-governmental organisations Community based organisations Other State Sectors Provincial Health Facilities	See Programme 02 for details
Decreasing mobility and mortality rates through strategic interventions.	General Public Health service users Municipal Health services Non-governmental organisations Community based organisations Other State Sectors Provincial Health Facilities	General Public Health service users Municipal Health services Non-governmental organisations Community based organisations Other State Sectors Provincial Health Facilities	See Programme 02 for details
Revitalisation of Hospital and other Health Care Facilities	General Public Health service users Other State sector Private health sector Provincial Health Facilities	General Public Health service users Other State sector Private health sector Provincial Health Facilities	See Programme 01 and 08 for details



TABLE 1.2 Consultation arrangements for customers

ACTUAL ACHIEVEMENTS	See Programme 01 and 02 for details	See Programme 01 and 02 for details	See Programme 01 and 02 for details
POTENTIAL CUSTOMERS	Academic and training institutions Municipal Health Services Non-governmental organisations Community Faith Based Organisations Other State Sectors Professional associations Trade Unions / Organised Labour	Traditional Health Associations Academic and training institutions General Public Health Service Users Municipal Health Service Non-governmental organisation Other State sectors Professional association Trade Unions / Organised Labour	Academic and training institutions Health Service Users Professional association Trade Unions / Organised Labour
ACTUAL CUSTOMERS	Academic and training institutions Municipal Health Services Non-governmental organisations Community Faith Based Organisations Other State Sectors Professional associations Trade Unions / Organised Labour Traditional Health Associations	Academic and training institutions General Public Health Service Users Municipal Health Service Non-governmental organisation Other State sectors Professional association Trade Unions / Organised Labour	Academic and training institutions Health Service Users Professional association Trade Unions / Organised Labour
TYPE OF ARRANGEMENTS	Meetings, Road shows, Health Lekgotla / Indaba organised by the Department	Ad hoc specialist meetings, conferences facilitated by the Department	Attendance at conferences and meetings convened by other parties, stakeholders or institutions

TABLE 1.3 Service Delivery Access Strategies

ACCESS STRATEGY	ACTUAL ACHIEVEMENTS
Improved infrastructure to health facilities.	See Programme 01, 02, and 04 for details
Development of a new service delivery model for effective administration and management of the department.	See Programme 01 for details

TABLE 1.4 Service Information Tool

TYPE OF INFORMATION TOOL	ACTUAL ACHIEVEMENTS
Annual Report Quarterly Report Media Briefings	See Programme 01 for details

TABLE 1.5 Service Delivery Access Strategies

COMPLAINT MECHANISM	ACTUAL ACHIEVEMENTS
Complaints Boxes at hospitals and head offices	See Programme 01, 02, 03 for details
Quality Assurance Toll Free Number: 080032364	See Programme 01



TABLE 2.1 PERSONNEL COSTS BY PROGRAMME, 2004/05

Programme	Total Voted Expenditure (R'000)	Compensation of Employees (R'000)	Training Expenditure (R'000)	Professional and Special Services (R'000)	Compensation of Employees as percent of Total Expenditure	Average Compensation of Employees Cost per Employee (R'000)
Prg1 administration	245,207	87,645	0	0	35.7	174
Prg2 district health services	2,558,483	1,667,112	0	0	65.2	103
Prg3 emergency medical service	125,234	93,055	0	0	74.3	82
Prg4 provincial hospitalservic	1,708,351	1,227,325	0	0	71.8	107
Prg5 central hospital services	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
Prg6 health sciences & trainin	159,948	149,416	0	0	93.4	75
Prg7 health care services	10,440	5,498	0	0	52.7	104
Prg8 health facilities managem	372,554	0	0	0	0.0	0
Total as on Financial Systems	5,180,217	3,230,051	0	0	62.4	103
		_				

TABLE 2.2 - Personnel costs by Salary band, 2004/05

Salary Bands	Compensation of Employees (R'000)	Percentage of Total Personnel Cost	Average Personnel Cost per Employee (R)
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	382,688	11.8	55,182
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	822,218	25.5	75,061
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	1,556,678	48.2	135,836
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)	394,843	12.2	202,587
Senior management (Levels 13-16)	73,624	2.3	553,564
TOTAL	3,230,051	100	102,766

TABLE 2.3 - Salaries, Overtime, Home Owners Allowance and Medical Assistance by Programme, 2004/05

	Salaries	ries	Over	Overtime	Home Owne	Home Owners Allowance	Medical	Medical Assistance
Programme	Salaries (R'000)	Salaries as % of	Overtime (R'000)	Overtime as % of	HOA (R'000)	HOA as % of	Medical Ass. (R'000)	Medical Ass. as % of
Prg1: administration	61,936	Personnel Cost	979	Personnel Cost	802	Personnel Cost	3,205	Personnel Cost
Prg2: district health services	1,178,113	7.07	24,519	1.5	8,985	0.5	101,175	6.1
Prg3: emergency medical services	64,610	69.4	7,272	7.8	929	<i>L</i> .0	4,910	5.3
Prg4: provincial hospital service	826,781	67.4	71,147	5.8	11,913	1	66,841	5.4
Prg6: health sciences & training	121,427	81.3	17	0	417	0.3	7,479	2
Prg7: health care support services	4,118	74.9	1	0	103	1.9	359	6.5
TOTAL	2,256,985	6.69	103,581	3.2	22,893	0.7	183,969	5.7



TABLE 2.4 - Salaries, Overtime, Home Owners Allowance and Medical Assistance by Salary Band, 2004/05

	Sala	Salaries	Over	Overtime	Home Owne	Home Owners Allowance	Medical	Medical Assistance
Salary bands	Salaries (R'000)	Salaries as % of Personnel Cost	Overtime (R'000)	Overtime as % of Personnel Cost	HOA (R'000)	HOA as % of Personnel Cost	Medical Ass. (R'000)	Medical Ass. as % of Personnel Cost
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	275,321	71.9	231	0.1	2,057	0.5	31,336	8.2
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	296,608	72.6	117,9	1.2	5,299	9.0	59,016	7.2
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	1,106,667	71.1	31,295	2	13,887	6:0	82,860	5.3
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9- 12)	241,925	61.3	53,424	13.5	1,660	0.4	9,406	2.4
Senior management (Levels 13-16)	36,464	49.5	8,919	12.1	#	0	1,350	1.8
TOTAL	2,256,985	6.69	103,581	3.2	22,893	0.7	183,969	5.7



Programme	Number of Posts	Number of Posts Filled	Vacancy Rate	Number of Posts
				the Establishment
Prg1: administration, Permanent	803	503	37.4	0
Prg1: administration, Temporary	1	1	0	0
Prg2: district health services, Permanent	23633	16001	32.3	0
Prg2: district health services, Temporary	147	226	(53.7)	0
Prg3: emergency medical services, Permanent	2231	1131	49.3	0
Prg4: provincial hospital service, Permanent	16140	11402	29.4	0
Prg4: provincial hospital service, Temporary	75	119	(58.7)	0
Prg6: health sciences & training, Permanent	3047	1995	34.5	0
Prg7: health care support services, Permanent	06	53	41.1	0
TOTAL	46167	31431	31.9	0



TABLE 3.2 - Employment and Vacancies by Salary Band, 31 March 2005

f	,			
Programme	Number of Posts	Number of Posts Filled	Vacancy Rate	Number of Posts Filled Additional to the Establishment
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2), Permanent	8966	6921	22.8	0
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2), Temporary	14	11	0	0
Skilled (Levels 3-5), Permanent	16587	10953	34	0
Skilled (Levels 3-5), Temporary	1	l	0	0
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8), Permanent	17228	11437	33.6	0
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8), Temporary	81	23	(27.8)	0
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12), Permanent	2923	1644	43.8	0
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12), Temporary	187	305	(63.1)	0
Senior management (Levels 13-16), Permanent	240	130	45.8	0
Senior management (Levels 13-16), Temporary	3	8	0	0
TOTAL	46167	31431	31.9	0

Part C

TABLE 3.3 - Employment and Vacancies by Critical Occupation, 31 March 2005

Critical Occupations	Number of Posts	Number of Posts Filled	Vacancy Rate	Number of Posts
				Filled Additional to the Establishment
Administrative related, Permanent	293	132	54.9	0
All artisans in the building metal machinery etc., Permanent	410	727	44.6	0
Ambulance and related workers, Permanent	2174	1097	49.5	0
Artisan project and related superintendents, Permanent	23	9	73.9	0
Auxiliary and related workers, Permanent	1674	676	44.5	0
Auxiliary and related workers, Temporary	-	1	0	0
Boiler and related operators, Permanent	260	186	28.5	0
Building and other property caretakers, Permanent	120	06	25	0
Bus and heavy vehicle drivers, Permanent	4	3	25	0
Cleaners in offices workshops hospitals etc., Permanent	6384	5137	19.5	0
Cleaners in offices workshops hospitals etc., Temporary	15	15	0	0
Client inform clerks(switchb recept inform clerks), Permanent	245	150	38.8	0
Communication and information related, Permanent	13	5	61.5	0
Dental practitioners, Permanent	82	43	47.6	0
Dental practitioners, Temporary	5	10	(100)	0
Dental technicians, Permanent		0	100	0



Programme	Number of Posts	Number of Posts Filled	Vacancy Rate	Number of Posts Filled Additional to the Establishment
Dental therapy, Permanent	4	2	20	0
Dieticians and nutritionists, Permanent	82	38	53.7	0
Electrical and electronics engineering technicians, Permanent	29	6	69	0
Emergency services related, Permanent	9	4	33.3	0
Engineering sciences related, Permanent	10	5	90	0
Engineers and related professionals, Permanent	8	3	62.5	0
Environmental health, Permanent	288	145	49.7	0
Finance and economics related, Permanent	49	35	28.6	0
Financial and related professionals, Permanent	18	11	38.9	0
Financial clerks and credit controllers, Permanent	307	181	41	0
Financial clerks and credit controllers, Temporary		1	0	0
Food services aids and waiters, Permanent	1073	821	23.5	0
Food services workers, Permanent	6	7	22.2	0
Head of department/chief executive officer, Permanent	3	2	33.3	0
Health sciences related, Permanent	910	539	40.8	0

				Filled Additional to the Establishment
Home-based personal care workers, Permanent	1	1	0	0
Household and laundry workers, Permanent	1505	1101	56.8	0
Household food and laundry services related, Permanent	6	5	44.4	0
Housekeepers laundry and related workers, Permanent	130	82	36.9	0
Human resources & organisat developm & relate prof, Permanent	117	72	38.5	0
Human resources clerks, Permanent	140	58	58.6	0
Human resources related, Permanent	42	17	59.5	0
Information technology related, Permanent	7	2	71.4	0
Language practitioners interpreters & other commun, Permanent	115	25	54.8	0
Legal related, Permanent	2	1	20	0
Library mail and related clerks, Permanent	133	22	57.1	0
Light vehicle drivers, Permanent	447	263	41.2	0
Logistical support personnel, Permanent	62	44	29	0
Material-recording and transport clerks, Permanent	369	233	36.9	0
Medical practitioners, Permanent	1114	649	41.7	0
Medical practitioners, Temporary	133	217	(63.2)	0
Medical research and related professionals, Permanent	2	_	20	0



Programme	Number of Posts	Number of Posts Filled	Vacancy Rate	Number of Posts Filled Additional to the Establishment
Medical specialists, Permanent	349	154	55.9	0
Medical specialists, Temporary	34	19	(79.4)	0
Medical technicians/technologists, Permanent	191	23	85.7	0
Messengers porters and deliverers, Permanent	664	412	38	0
Motor vehicle drivers, Permanent	22	4	81.8	0
Nursing assistants, Permanent	5961	4522	24.1	0
Occupational therapy, Permanent	81	30	63	0
Occupational therapy, Temporary	-	1	0	0
Optometrists and opticians, Permanent	2	2	0	0
Oral hygiene, Permanent	145	25	82.8	0
Oral hygiene, Temporary	1	1	0	0
Other administrat & related clerks and organisers, Permanent	1737	1001	42.4	0
Other administrative policy and related officers, Permanent	674	395	41.4	0
Other information technology personnel., Permanent	41	25	39	0
Other occupations, Permanent	3	2	33.3	0

Critical Occupations	Number of Posts	Number of Posts Filled	Vacancy Rate	Number of Posts Filled Additional to the Establishment
Pharmaceutical assistants, Permanent	1	1	0	0
Pharmacists, Permanent	295	201	31.9	0
Pharmacists, Temporary	6	6	0	0
Physicists, Permanent	5	1	08	0
Physiotherapy, Permanent	79	53	45.4	0
Physiotherapy, Temporary	1	4	(300)	0
Printing and related machine operators, Permanent	14	14	0	0
Professional nurse, Permanent	9684	9899	31.5	0
Professional nurse, Temporary	11	18	(5.9)	0
Psychologists and vocational counsellors, Permanent	152	38	75	0
Psychologists and vocational counsellors, Temporary	2	4	(100)	0
Radiography, Permanent	319	228	28.5	0
Radiography, Temporary	2	2	0	0
Risk management and security services, Permanent	3	2	33.3	0
Secretaries & other keyboard operating clerks, Permanent	333	152	54.4	0
Security guards, Permanent	112	39	65.2	0
Security officers, Permanent	17	14	17.6	0



Programme	Number of Posts	Number of Posts Filled	Vacancy Rate	Number of Posts Filled Additional to the Establishment
Senior managers, Permanent	223	124	44.4	0
Shoemakers, Permanent	14	6	35.7	0
Social sciences related, Permanent	-	0	100	0
Social work and related professionals, Permanent	115	64	44.3	0
Speech therapy and audiology, Permanent	26	14	46.2	0
Staff nurses and pupil nurses, Permanent	2992	2310	22.8	0
Staff nurses and pupil nurses, Temporary	1	2	(100)	0
Student nurse, Permanent	2436	1787	26.6	0
Supplementary diagnostic radiographers, Permanent	157	85	45.9	0
Trade labourers, Permanent	432	273	36.8	0
Trade related, Permanent	-	0	100	0
Work planners, Permanent	1	0	100	0
TOTAL	46167	31431	31.9	0

TABLE 4.1 - Job Evaluation, 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

Salary Band	Number of Posts	Number of Jobs Evaluated	% of Posts valuated by Salary Band	Number	% of Upgraded Posts Evaluated	Number	% of Downgraded Posts Evaluated
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	0868	0	0	0	0	0	0
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	16588	0	0	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	17246	0	0	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)	3110	2516	0	0	0	0	80.9
Senior Management Service Band A	201	180	0	0	0	0	9.680
Senior Management Service Band B	28	28	0	0	0	0	90.3
Senior Management Service Band C	10	10	0	0	0	0	100
Senior Management Service Band D	1	1	0	0	0	0	100
Other		0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	46167	2735	0	0	0	0	5.9

TABLE 4.2 - Profile of employees whose positions were upgraded due to their posts being upgraded, 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

Beneficiaries	African	Asian	Coloured	White	Total
Female	0	0	0	0	0
Male	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0
Employees with a Disability	0	0	0	0	0



TABLE 4.3 - Employees whose salary level exceed the grade determined by Job Evaluation, 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005, [in terms of PSR 1.V.C.3]

Total Number of Employees whose salary exceeded the grades determined by job evaluation in 2004/05

None

TABLE 5.1 - Annual Turnover Rates by Salary Band for the period 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

Salary Band	Number of employees per band as on 1 April 2004	Appointments and Transfers into the Department	Terminations and Transfers out of the Department	Turnover Rate
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2), Permanent	5741	1190	10	0.2
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2), Temporary	856	0	842	98.4
Skilled (Levels 3-5), Permanent	8200	2560	107	1.3
Skilled (Levels 3-5), Temporary	1135	0	1134	6'66
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8), Permanent	11552	125	240	2.1
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8), Temporary	351	13	341	97.2
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12), Permanent	1000	876	232	23.2
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12), Temporary	293	61	49	16.7
Senior Management Service (Level 13-16) Permanent	84	22	11	13.1
Senior Management Service (Level 13-16), Temporary	20	1	18	06
	29532	4883	2984	10.1

Part C

TABLE 5.2 - Annual Turnover Rates by Critical Occupation for the period 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

Occupation	Number of employees per occupation as on 1 April 2004	Appointments and Transfers into the Department	Terminations and Transfers out of the Department	Turnover Rate
Administrative related, Permanent	97	53	0	0
Agriculture related, Permanent	0	0	0	0
All artisans in the building metal machinery etc., Permanent	183	44	0	0
Ambulance and related workers, Permanent	1035	62	0	0
Artisan project and related superintendents, Permanent	2	4	0	0
Auxiliary and related workers, Permanent	805	127	0	0
Auxiliary and related workers, Temporary	4	0	3	75
Boiler and related operators, Permanent	174	12	0	0
Building and other property caretakers, Permanent	703	0	613	87.2
Building and other property caretakers, Temporary	149	0	149	100
Bus and heavy vehicle drivers, Permanent	1	2	0	0
Cartographic surveying and related technicians, Permanent	0	0	0	0
Cleaners in offices workshops hospitals etc., Permanent	3501	1636	0	0
Cleaners in offices workshops hospitals etc., Temp	15	0	0	
Client inform clerks(switchb recept inform clerks), Permanent	154	0	4	2.6
Communication and information related, Permanent	1	4	0	0



Occupation	Number of employees per occupation as on 1 April 2004	Appointments and Transfers into the Department	Terminations and Transfers out of the Department	Turnover Rate
Community development workers, Permanent	-	0	-	100
Compositors typesetters & related printing workers, Permanent	-	0	-	100
Dental practitioners, Permanent	35	&	0	0
Dental practitioners, Temporary	10	0	0	0
Dental therapy, Permanent	11	0	6	81.8
Dieticians and nutritionists, Permanent	21	11	0	0
Electrical and electronics engineering technicians, Permanent	-	80	0	0
Emergency services related, Permanent	es es	3	2	67.8
Engineering sciences related, Permanent	9	0	-	16.7
Engineers and related professionals, Permanent	-	2	0	0
Environmental health, Permanent	163	0	18	1
Farm hands and labourers, Permanent	0	0	0	0
Finance and economics related, Permanent	15	20	0	0
Financial and related professionals, Permanent	54	0	43	79.6

Occupation	Number of employees per occupation as on 1 April 2004	Appointments and Transfers into the Department	Terminations and Transfers out of the Department	Turnover Rate
Financial clerks and credit controllers, Permanent	189	0	7	3.7
Food services aids and waiters, Permanent	795	79	0	0
Food services aids and waiters, Temporary	-	0	-	100
Food services workers, Permanent	16	0	6	56.3
Handcraft instructors, Permanent	0	0	0	0
Handymen, Permanent	0	0	0	0
Head of department/chief executive officer, Permanent	-	-	0	0
Health sciences related, Permanent	369	170	0	0
Health sciences related, Temporary	19	0	19	100
Home-based personal care workers, Permanent	0	-	0	0
Household and laundry workers, Permanent	1196	0	95	7.9
Household and laundry workers, Temporary	-	0	1	100
Household food and laundry services related, Permanent	0	5	0	0
Housekeepers laundry and related workers, Permanent	ω	74	0	0
Human resources & organisat developm & relate prof, Permanent	38	34	0	0
Human resources clerks, Permanent	216	0	158	73.1



Occupation	Number of employees per occupation as on 1 April 2004	Appointments and Transfers into the Department	Terminations and Transfers out of the Department	Turnover Rate
Human resources related, Permanent	6	8	0	0
Information technology related, Permanent	0	2	0	0
Language practitioners interpreters & other commun, Permanent	2	50	0	0
Leather workers, Permanent	0	0	0	0
Legal related, Permanent	0	-	0	0
Library mail and related clerks, Permanent	20	7	0	0
Light vehicle drivers, Permanent	262	1	0	0
Logistical support personnel, Permanent	92	0	21	32.3
Material-recording and transport clerks, Permanent	187	46	0	0
Medical practitioners, Permanent	464	185	0	0
Medical practitioners, Temporary	218	0	1	0.5
Medical research and related professionals, Permanent	0	1	0	0
Medical specialists, Permanent	140	14	0	0
Medical specialists, Temporary	58	3	0	0

Occupation	Number of employees per occupation as on 1 April 2004	Appointments and Transfers into the Department	Terminations and Transfers out of the Department	Turnover Rate
Medical technicians/technologists, Permanent	22	-	0	0
Messengers porters and deliverers, Permanent	542	0	130	24
Motor vehicle drivers, Permanent	2	2	0	0
Nursing assistants, Permanent	4151	371	0	0
Occupational therapy, Permanent	23	7	0	0
Occupational therapy, Temporary	1	0	0	0
Optometrists and opticians, Permanent	2	0	0	0
Optometrists and opticians, Temporary	0	0	0	0
Oral hygiene, Permanent	14	11	0	0
Oral hygiene, Temporary	-	0	0	0
Other administrat & related clerks and organisers, Permanent	873	128	0	0
Other administrat & related clerks and organisers, Temporary	1	0	1	100
Other administrative policy and related officers, Permanent	192	203	0	0
Other information technology personnel., Permanent	32	0	7	21.9
Other machine operators, Permanent	1	0	1	100
Other occupations, Permanent	13	0	11	84.6



Occupation	Number of employees per occupation as on 1 April 2004	Appointments and Transfers into the Department	Terminations and Transfers out of the Department	Turnover Rate
Other occupations, Temporary	12	0	12	100
Pharmaceutical assistants, Permanent	0	-	0	0
Pharmacists, Permanent	145	56	0	0
Pharmacists, Temporary	10	0	-	10
Pharmacologists pathologists & related professiona, Permanent	0	0	0	0
Photographic lithographic and related workers, Permanent	0	0	0	0
Physicists, Permanent	-	0	0	0
Physiotherapy, Permanent	49	4	0	0
Physiotherapy, Temporary	0	4	0	0
Printing and related machine operators, Permanent	20	0	9	30
Probation workers, Permanent	0	0	0	0
Professional nurse, Permanent	5971	848	183	3.1
Professional nurse, Temporary	19	7	8	42.8
Psychologists and vocational counsellors, Permanent	27	26	15	56.5



Occupation	Number of employees per occupation as on 1 April 2004	Appointments and Transfers into the Department	Terminations and Transfers out of the Department	Turnover Rate
Social sciences supplementary workers, Permanent	0	1	1	0
Social work and related professionals, Permanent	33	33	2	6.2
Speech therapy and audiology, Permanent	12	5	3	25.4
Staff nurses and pupil nurses, Permanent	2585	0	275	10.6
Staff nurses and pupil nurses, Temporary	0	4	2	0
Student nurse, Permanent	1761	393	367	20.8
Student nurse, Temporary	0	3	3	0
Supplementary diagnostic radiographers, Permanent	08	5	0	0
Supplementary diagnostic radiographers, Temporary	9	0	9	100
Trade labourers, Permanent	234	51	12	5.2
Water plant and related operators, Permanent	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	29532	4883	2984	10.1

10.1

Death, Fernatent themanent themanent themanent benament benament benament themanent themanent benament bengaray 293 Resignation, Termanent the Resignation, Termanent the Resignation, Termanent themanent themanenent themanenent themanenent themanenent themanenent themanenenent themanenenent	Termination Type	Number	% of Total
on, Permanent 3 on, Permanent 874 on, Permanent 99 contract, Permanent 664 contract, Emporary 294 contract, Emporary 87 contract, Emporary 87 of due to ill health, Permanent 87 of due to ill health, Temporary 16 rinstronduct, Permanent 608 rinstronduct, Temporary 43 rinstronduct, Temporary 2 rinstruction	Death, Permanent	229	7.7
on, Permanent 874 2 on lamporary 99 2 contract, Permanent 664 2 contract, Emporary 234 2 contract, Emporary 31 2 contract, Emporary 87 2 scd due to ill health, Permanent 16 2 invisoroduct, Emporary 1 2 invisoroduct, Emporary 43 2 invisoroduct, Emporary 2 2 int, Permanent 608 2 int, Permanent 3 3 int, Permanent 25 2 int, Permanent 25 2 <tr< td=""><td>Death, Temporary</td><td>3</td><td>0.1</td></tr<>	Death, Temporary	3	0.1
on, lemporary 99 contract, Permanent 664 contract, Permanent 294 coperational changes, Permanent 31 coperational changes, Permanent 87 scd due to ill health, Permanent 5 cd due to ill health, Permanent 16 r-misconduct, Permanent 43 r-misconduct, Permanent 608 nt, Permanent 2 nt, Permanent 3 manent 33 manent 25 nporary 25 nporary 25 nporary 25 nporary 25	Resignation, Permanent	874	29.3
contract, Fermanent 664 contract, Fermanent 294 coperational changes, Permanent 31 code to fill health, Permanent 87 scd due to ill health, Temporary 5 coductor, Temporary 16 I-misconduct, Temporary 43 I-inefficiency, Temporary 43 II, Permanent 608 II, Temporary 2 II, Temporary 3 Int, Temporary 3 Int, Temporary 25 Int, Temporary 26 Int, Temporary 26 Interpret 26 Interpret 26 Interpret 27 Interpret 27 Interpret 28 Interpret 28 Interpret 28	Resignation, Temporary	66	3.3
contract, Temporary 294 reperational charges, Permanent 31 sd due to ill health, Permanent 5 r-insconduct, Permanent 16 r-insconduct, Permanent 43 r-inefficiency, Temporary 608 nt, Permanent 2 nt, Temporary 3 manent 3 rmanent 25 rmorary 25 rmorary 25 rmorary 25 rmorary 25 rmorary 25 rmorary 25	Expiry of contract, Permanent	999	22.2
-operational changes, Permanent 87 sd due to ill health, Permanent 5 cd due to ill health, Temporary 16 -misconduct, Temporary 1 -inefficiency, Temporary 43 ri, Temporary 608 nt, Temporary 2 manent 3 mporary 25 mporary 25 mporary 25 mporary 25 mporary 25	Expiry of contract, Temporary	294	8.6
ad due to ill health, Permanent 5 -misconduct, Permanent 16 -misconduct, Permanent 1 -inefficiency, Temporary 43 -inefficiency, Temporary 608 nt, Permanent 2 mr, Temporary 3 mr, Temporary 25 mporary 25 mporary 25 mporary 25	Dismissal-operational changes, Permanent	31	-
ad due to ill health, Temporary 5 1-misconduct, Permanent 16 1-misconduct, Temporary 43 1-inefficiency, Temporary 608 nt, Termanent 2 manent 3 mporary 25 mporary 25 mporary 25 mporary 25 mporary 25	Discharged due to ill health, Permanent	87	5.9
-misconduct, Permanent 16 -misconduct, Temporary 1 -inefficiency, Temporary 43 -inefficiency, Temporary 608 2 nt, Temporary 2 2 rmanent 3 3 rmanent 25 25 rmporary 25 25 rmporary 25 25 rmporary 25 25	Discharged due to ill health, Temporary	2	0.2
-misconduct, Temporary 43 -inefficiency, Temporary 608 nt, Permanent 2 mt, Temporary 2 rmanent 3 mporary 25 mporary 25	Dismissal-misconduct, Permanent	91	0.5
-inefficiency, Temporary 43 2 nt, Permanent 608 2 nt, Temporary 2 3 manent 3 5 mporary 25 1	Dismissal-misconduct, Temporary	-	0
nt, Permanent 608 2 nt, Temporary 2 2 rmanent 3 2 mporary 25 1 nporary 2984 1	Dismissal-inefficiency, Temporary	43	1.4
nt, Temporary 2 rmanent 3 mporary 25 mporary 1	Retirement, Permanent	809	20.4
rmanent 3 inporary 25 2984 10	Retirement, Temporary	2	0.1
nporary 25 2 2984 1	Other, Permanent	3	0.1
2984	Other, Temporary	25	0.9
	TOTAL	2984	001

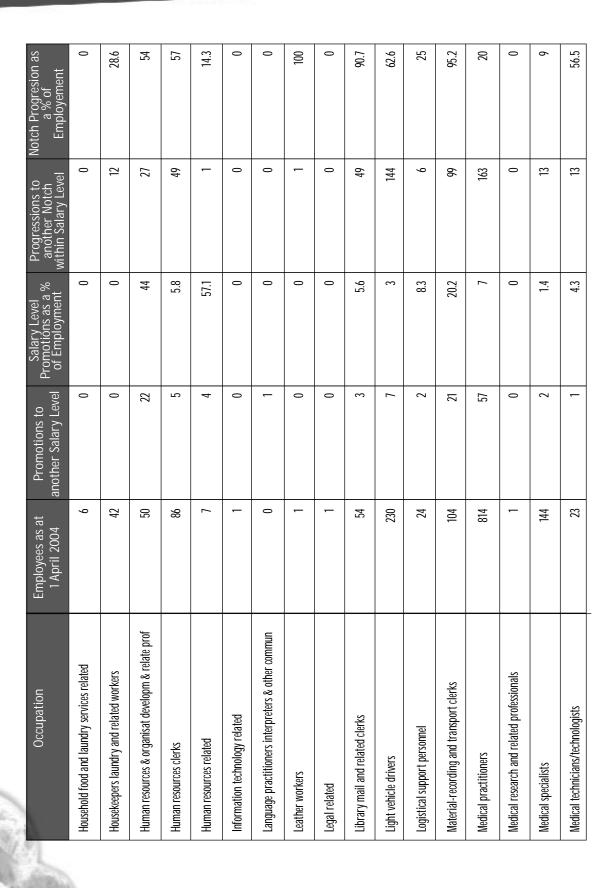
Total number of employees who left as % of total employment



TABLE 5.4 - Promotions by Critical Occupation

Occupation	Employees as at 1 April 2004	Promotions to another Salary Level	Salary Level Promotions as a % of Employment	Progressions to another Notch	Notch Progresion as a % of Employement
Administrative related	100	18		43	43
Agriculture related	2	0	0	0	0
All artisans in the building metal machinery etc.	175	L	4	138	78.9
Ambulance and related workers	984	-	0.1	1	0.1
Artisan project and related superintendents	7	0	0	2	28.6
Auxiliary and related workers	872	11	1.9	703	80.6
Boiler and related operators	104	0	0	36	34.6
Building and other property caretakers	312	0	0	111	35.4
Bus and heavy vehicle drivers	10	0	0	9	09
Cartographic surveying and related technicians	4	0	0	2	20
Cleaners in offices workshops hospitals etc.	4265	12	0.3	2789	65.4
Client inform clerks(switchb recept inform clerks)	158	5	3.2	118	74.7
Communication and information related	l	1	100	0	0
Community development workers	80	0	0	9	75
Compositors typesetters & related printing workers	-	0	0	1	100
Dental practitioners	25	l	1.8	14	24.6
Dental therapy	8	0	0	3	37.5

Occupation	Employees as at 1 April 2004	Promotions to another Salary Level	Salary Level Promotions as a % of Employment	Progressions to another Notch within Salary Level	Notch Progresion as a % of Employement
Dieticians and nutritionists	24	2	8.3	10	41.7
Emergency services related	92	0	0	0	0
Engineering sciences related	4	0	0	0	0
Engineers and related professionals	-	2	200	0	0
Environmental health	154	2	1.3	75	48.7
Farm hands and labourers	-	0	0	0	0
Finance and economics related	6	10	111.1	4	44.4
Financial and related professionals	42	-	2.4	19	45.2
Financial clerks and credit controllers	151	5	3.3	121	80.1
Food services aids and waiters	099	2	0.3	212	77.6
Food services workers	11	1	5.9	3	17.6
Handcraft instructors	2	0	0	3	150
Handymen	1	0	0	1	100
Head of department/chief executive officer	2	0	0	τ-	20
Health sciences related	332	22	17.2	171	51.5
Home-based personal care workers	4	0	0	-	25
Household and laundry workers	1273	0	0	776	19



Occupation	Employees as at 1 April 2004	Promotions to another Salary Level	Salary Level Promotions as a % of Employment	Progressions to another Notch within Salary Level	Notch Progresion as a % of Employement
Messengers porters and deliverers	967	16	3.2	998	73.8
Motor vehicle drivers	7.7	0	0	91	68.2
Nursing assistants	1121	32	8:0	6008	72.5
Occupational therapy	24	0	0	9	25
Optometrists and opticians	2	0	0	0	0
Oral hygiene	15	0	0	11	73.3
Other administrat & related clerks and organisers	844	64	7.6	702	83.3
Other administrative policy and related officers	399	48	13.1	270	73.8
Other information technology personnel.	17	9	58.6	14	299
Other machine operators	2	0	0	0	0
Other occupations	408	4	1	442	108.3
Pharmacists	157	10	6.4	53	33.8
Pharmacologists pathologists & related professiona	_	0	0	0	0
Photographic lithographic and related workers	-	0	0	-	100
Physicists	4	1	52	7	20
Physiotherapy	67	2	4.1	L	14.3
Printing and related machine operators	12	0	0	10	83.3



Occupation	Employees as at 1 April 2004	Promotions to another Salary Level	Salary Level Promotions as a % of Employment	Progressions to another Notch within Salary Level	Notch Progresion as a % of Employement
Probation workers	1	0	0	0	0
Professional nurse	5918	103	1.7	4619	78.1
Psychologists and vocational counsellors	27	0	0	8	29.6
Radiography	249	10	4	191	67.1
Rank: Unknown	2	0	0	0	0
Road workers	2	0	0	2	100
Secretaries & other keyboard operating clerks	138	2	3.6	96	9.69
Security guards	416	0	0	160	38.5
Security officers	154	0	0	79	41.6
Senior managers	98	20	23.3	9	7
Shoemakers	7	0	0	3	75
Social sciences related	4	0	0	2	20
Social sciences supplementary workers	44	0	0	12	27.3
Social work and related professionals	32	3	9.4	28	87.5
Speech therapy and audiology	9	0	0	2	33.3
Staff nurses and pupil nurses	2565	6	0.4	1629	63.5
Student nurse	1688	2	0.1	536	31.8

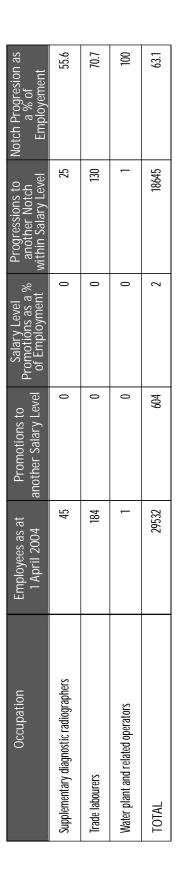




TABLE 5.5 - Promotions by Salary Band

Occupation	Employees as at 1 April 2004	Promotions to another Salary Level	Salary Level Promotions as or % of Employment	Progressions to another Notch within Salary Level	Notch Progresion as or % of Employement
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2), Permanent	5741	25	0.4	5219	6'06
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2), Temporary	928	0	0	1	0.1
Skilled (Levels 3-5), Permanent	8500	124	1.5	7246	85.2
Skilled (Levels 3-5), Temporary	1135	0	0	2	0.2
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8), Permanent	11552	592	2.3	2889	50.9
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8), Temporary	351	0	0	13	3.7
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12), Permanent	1.000	180	18	275	27.5
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12), Temporary	293	0	0	1	0.3
Senior management (Levels 13-16), Permanent	104	10	9.6	8	7.7
TOTAL	29532	604	7	18645	63.1

Part C

TABLE 6.1 - Total number of Employees (including Employees with disabilities) in each of the following Occupational Categories as on 31 March 2005

Occupational Categories (SASCO)	Male African	Male Coloured	Male Indian Male White	Male White	Female African	Female Coloured	Female Indian	Female White	Total
Legislators, senior officials and managers, Permanent	30	4	6	22	32	0	-	5	103
Professionals, Permanent	1775	149	98	17.7	8604	794	78	583	12340
Professionals, Temporary	68	8	18	121	43	-	2	44	326
Clerks, Permanent	391	82	-	49	808	122	2	218	1676
Clerks, Temporary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Service and sales workers, Permanent	1572	192	6	68	5582	189	2	265	8398
Service and sales workers, Temporary	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
Craft and related trades workers, Permanent	102	16	3	84	3	0	0	0	208
Plant and machine operators and assemblers, Permanent	249	19	0	&	12	0	0	1	289
Elementary occupations, Permanent	2343	136	2	56	4614	295	1	76	7544
Elementary occupations, Other,	4	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	15



Occupational Categories Male African (SASCO)	Male African	Male Coloured	Male Indian	Aale Indian Male White	Female African	Female Coloured	Female Indian	Female White	Total
Other, Permanent	140	16	0	4	798	84	1	14	527
Other, Temporary	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
TOTAL	9699	625	128	705	19979	1983	87	1229	31431
Employees with disabilities	10	0	0	10	5	2	0	2	29

TABLE 6.2 - Total number of Employees (including Employees with disabilities) in each of the following Occupational Bands as on 31 March 2005

				l		_	
Total	1	132	2421	122	11302	611	10975
Female White	0	6	180	12	630	20	335
Female Indian	0	-	45	_	31	1	7
Female Coloured	0	2	29	0	943	0	069
Female African	0	23	1362	18	7799	21	7053
Male White	0	41	200	46	234	25	99
Male Indian	0	11	75	7	17	3	9
Male Coloured	0	7	55	3	280	1	148
Male African	1	38	445	35	1368	48	2670
Occupational Bands	Top Management, Permanent	Senior Management, Permanent	Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-management, Permanent	Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid- management, Temporary	Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen, Permanent	Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen, Temporary	Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making, Permanent

Occupational Bands	Male African	Male Coloured	Male Indian	Male White	Female African	Female Coloured	Female Indian	Female White	Total
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making, Temporary	2	2	5	77	4	0	0	2	42
Unskilled and defined decision making, Permanent	2043	126	1	42	3650	288	1	27	6178
Unskilled and defined decision making, Temporary	8	2	3	24	13	<u></u>	0	12	63
Not Available, Permanent	37		0	0	36	0	0	2	9/
TOTAL	2699	625	128	705	19979	1983	87	1229	31431

TABLE 6.3 Recruitment for the period 1 April to 31 March 2005

Female Total White	1 25	14 237	7 165	160 1461	33 386
Female Indian	-	4	0	22	-
Female Coloured	0	6	0	06	0
Female African	7	72	27	905	16
Male White	3	39	29	47	120
Male Indian	1	6	8	L	10
Male Coloured	0	10	5	17	2
Male African	12	80	29	213	129
Occupational Bands	Senior Management, Permanent	Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-management, Permanent	Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid- management, Temporary	Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen, Permanent	Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen, Temporary



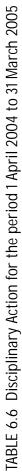
Occupational Bands	Male African	Male Coloured	Male Indian	Male White	Female African	Female Coloured	Female Indian	Female White	Total
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making, Permanent	463	6	0	2	1287	112	4	54	1931
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making, Temporary	7	4	61	54	22	0	0	19	125
Unskilled and defined decision making, Permanent	108	14	1	1	283	77	0	2	436
Unskilled and defined decision making, Temporary	23	7	3	99	9	1	0	24	115
TOTAL	1094	89	28	381	2700	239	32	314	4883
Employees with disabilities	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-

Occupational bands	Male African	Male Coloured	Male Indian	Male White	Female African	Female Coloured	Female Indian	Female White	Total
Senior Management, Permanent	5	0	2	4	7	0	0	0	18
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid- management, Permanent	139	16	23	83	194	13	10	42	520
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid- management, Temporary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen, Permanent	749	82	4	191	6277	522	19	438	8261
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen, Temporary	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	13	14
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making, Permanent	1285	141	-	11	6531	627	8	478	4972
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making, Temporary	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
Unskilled and defined decision making, Permanent	2002	182		58	4104	414	3	92	6889
Unskilled and defined decision making, Temporary	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	
TOTAL	4183	424	31	384	17115	1906	41	1064	25148
Employees with disabilities	6	0	0	10	4	2	0	2	27



TABLE 6.5 Terminations for the period 1April 2004 to 31 March 2005

Occupational Bands	Male African	Male Coloured	Male Indian	Male White	Female African	Female	Female Indian	Female White	Total
Top Management, Permanent	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	-
Senior Management, Permanent	4	3	-	2	1	0	0	2	13
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid- management, Permanent	59	5	22	09	53	4	9	33	225
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid- management, Temporary	14	2	4	19	3	0	0	4	46
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen, Permanent	102	91	4	26	286	73	6	70	882
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen, Temporary	98	2	7	80	40	0	0	12	227
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making, Permanent	188	12		7	637	69	3	40	957
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making, Temporary	61	b	11	36	13	0	1	14	86
Unskilled and defined decision making, Permanent	154	12	0	0	248	16	0	2	432
Unskilled and defined decision making, Temporary	19	2	3	56	6	0	0	14	100
TOTAL	645	57	36	287	1587	162	19	191	2984
Employees with disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



Disciplinally action	Female frican	Female Coloured	Female Indian	Male, White	Female African	Female Coloured	Female Indian	Female White	Total
Final written warning	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
No outcome	—	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3
Suspended without payment	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	
TOTAL	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	2



TABLE 6.7 - Skills Development for the period 1 April 2004 to 31March 2005

Total	6911	1116	286	1479	688	0	222	534	2734	8735	98
Female White	0	10	10	267	40	0	•	-	20	148	
Female Total Blacks	732	1010	206	811	426	0	11	99	1930	5357	2
Female Indian	36	0	0	2	0	0	1	0		38	1
Female Coloured	171	20	20	8	136	0	1	9	110	551	1
Female African	519	810	186	728	390	0	,	48	1820	4505	4
Male White	63	4	8	40	11	0	89	11	10	221	-
Total Blacks	394	92	78	261	412	0	99	462	774	2542	13
Male Indian	29	0	0	0	0	0		1	1	30	1
Male Coloured	116	10	80	20	24	0	23	22	63	319	3
Male African	249	82	70	211	388	0	29	440	111	2220	10
Occupational Categories	Legislators, Senior Officials and Managers	Professionals	Technicians and Associate Professionals	Clerks	Service and Sales Workers	Skilled Agriculture and Fishery Workers	Craft and related Trades Workers	Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	Elementary Occupations	TOTAL	Employees with disabilities

TABLE 7.1 - Performance Rewards by Race, Gender and Disability, 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

	Beneficia	Beneficiary Profile		Cost	
	Number of Beneficiaries	Number of employees in group	% of Total within group	Cost (R'000)	Average Cost per employee (R)
Total Number of Employees who received performance rewa	ewards in 2004/05				None

TABLE 7.2 - Performance Rewards by Salary Band for Personnel belowSenior Management Service, 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

	B	Seneficiary Profile			Cost	
Salary Band	Number of Beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of Total within salary band	Cost (R'000)	Average Cost per employee (R)	Total cost as a % of total personnel expenditure
Total Number of Employees who received performa	ance rewards in 2004/05					None

TABLE 7.3 - Performance Rewards by Critical Occupation, 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

	Beneficiary Profile	y Profile		Cost	
Critical Occupations	Number of Beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of Total within occupation	Cost (R'000)	Average Cost per employee (R)
Total Number of Employees who received performance rew	ice rewards in 2004/05				None





TABLE 7.4 - Performance Related Rewards (Cash Bonus) by Salary Band for Senior Management Service, 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

	8	Beneficiary Profile			Cost	
SMS Band	Number of Beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of Total within band	Total Cost (R'000)	Average Cost per employee (R)	Total cost as a % of total personnel expenditure
Total Number of Employees who received performs	ance rewards in 2004/05					None

TABLE 8.1 - Foreign Workers 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005, by Salary Band

	1 April 2004	2004	31 March 2005	h 2005	Change	эдс
Salary Band	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% Change
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	13	4.4	11	3.4	2	4.9
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	2	0.7	2	0.6	0	0
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	20	17.1	25	16.1	7	17.1
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)	215	73.4	238	73.9	26	63.4
Senior management (Levels 13-16)	13	4.4	19	5.9	9	14.6
TOTAL	293	100	322	100	41	100

	1 April	1 April 2004	31 March 2005	h 2005	Cha	Change
Major Occupation	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% Change
Administrative office workers	0	0.0	1	0.3	_	2.4
Elementary occupations	0	0:0	2	9.0	2	4.9
Other occupations	-	0.3	-	0.3	0	0.0
Professionals and managers	287	98.0	315	97.8	40	9.76
Rank: medical officer	-	0.3	0	0.0	(1)	(2.4)
Service workers		0.3	1	0.3	0	0.0
Social natural technical and medical sciences + supp	2	0.7	1	0.3	(1)	(2.4)
Technicians and associated professionals	1	0.3	1	0.3	0	0.0
TOTAL	293	100.0	322	100	41	100



TABLE 9.1 - Sick Leave, 1 January 2004 to December 2004

	1 April 2004	2004	31 Marc	31 March 2005	Change	nge
Salary Band	Total Days	% Days with Medical Certification	Number of Employees using Sick Leave	% of Total Employees using Sick Leave	Average Days per Employee	Estimated Cost (R'000)
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	43885	89.2	4606	25.1	10	6,122
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	61022	90.3	6901	38.6	6	13,552
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	48464.5	88.4	6218	33.9	8	18,063
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)	2788.5	88	402	2.2	7	1,906
Senior management (Levels 13-16)	351	92.3	34	0.2	10	292
TOTAL	156511	89.4	18329	100	6	40210

TABLE 9.2 - Disability Leave (Temporary and Permanent), 1 January 2004 to December 2004

	1 April 2004	2004	31 March 2005	.h 2005	Change	эдс
Salary Band	Total Days	% Days with Medical Certification	Number of Employees using Sick Leave	% of Total Employees using Sick Leave	Average Days per Employee	Estimated Cost (R'000)
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	5532	100	104	29.1	53	763
	8096	6.66	139	38.9	69	2,192
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	5363	99.5	107	30	20	1,925
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)	282	100	9	1.7	48	181
Senior management (Levels 13-16)	15	100	1	0.3	15	23
	20803	8.66	357	100	28	5084

Salary Band	Total Days Taken	Average per Employee
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	141087.41	20
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	257065.47	23
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	241628.76	24
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)	18577.44	15
Senior management (Levels 13-16)	2119.84	18
TOTAL	660478.92	22

TABLE 9.4 - Capped Leave, 1 January 2004 to December 2004

Salary Band	Total Days Taken	Total Days Taken	Average per Employee
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	3019	5	74
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	9708	7	96
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	8372	7	119
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)	925	L	117
Senior management (Levels 13-16)	78	7	66
TOTAL	18329	9	102



TABLE 9.5 - Leave Payouts for the period 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

Reason	Total Amount (R'000)	Number of Employees	Average Payment per Employee (R)
Leave payout for 2004/05 due to non-utilisation of leave for the previous cycle	0	0	0
Capped leave payouts on termination of service for 2004/05	2,323	988	2622
Current leave payout on termination of service for 2004/05	24	20	1200
TOTAL	2347	906	2590

TABLE 10.1 - Steps taken to reduce the risk of occupational exposure

Units/categories of employees identified to be at high risk of contracting HIV & related diseases (if any)	Key steps taken to reduce the risk
Health Facilities, e.g. Nurses, Medical Officers	Development of occupational health exposure policy
Emergency Medical Services Units	Effective education and advocacy provision to employees about universal protective mechanism. Provision of counseling service and ARV drugs.

TABLE 10.2 - Details of Health Promotion and HIV/AIDS Programmes [tick the applicable boxes and provide required information]

Details, if yes	Mr. Ntsoane	Deputy Director	Employee Assistance unit was established, currently nanned by one official at the level of Deputy Director	Ms Matu Employee Wellness Programme Manager Mr. Qegu Monitoring and Evaluation Mr. Gwabeni District Hospital Ms Malandle Human Resource Development Ms. Gaba Primary Health Mr. Sityana Mr. Methlo Emergency Medical Services Mrs Ntsinka HIV and Aids Mr. Bomeni Hospesa Mr. Bomeni Hospesa Mr. Weimer- SASAWU
No				
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	les
Question	1. Has the department designated a member of the SMS to implement the provisions contained in Part VI E of Chapter 1 of the Public Service Regulations, 2001? If so, provide her/his name and position.	 Does the department have a dedicated unit or have you designated specific staff members to promote health and well being of your employees? If so, indicate the number of employees who are involved in this task and the annual budget that is available for this purpose. 	3. Has the department introduced an Employee Assistance or Health Promotion Programme for your employees? If so, indicate the key elements/services of the programme.	4. Has the department established (a) committee(s) as contemplated in Part VI E.5 (e) of Chapter 1 of the Public Service Regulations, 2001? If so, please provide the names of the members of the committee and the stakeholder(s) that they represent.





Question	Yes	No	Details, if yes
Has the department reviewed the employment policies and practices of your department to ensure that these do not unfairly discriminate against employees on the basis of their HIV status? If so, list the employment policies/practices so reviewed.			
 Has the department introduced measures to protect HIV-positive employees or those perceived to be HIV-positive from discrimination? If so, list the key elements of these measures. 	Same		
7. Does the department encourage its employees to undergo Voluntary Counselling and Testing? If so, list the results that you have achieved.	Same		
8. Has the department developed measures/indicators to monitor & evaluate the impact of your health promotion programme? If so, list these measures/indicators.	Same		

TABLE 11.1 - Collective Agreements, 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

Subject Matter	Date
Agreement on Rural Allowance	01/04/2004 31/03/2005

Outcomes of disciplinary hearings	Number	Percentage of Total
Corrective Councelling	5	4
Verbal Warning	36	27
Written Warning	14	П
Final Written Warning	21	16
Suspension Without Pay	3	2
Demotion	3	2
Dismissal	22	11
Aquited	1	
Total	132	100



TABLE 11.3 - Types of Misconduct Addressed and Disciplinary Hearings

Type of misconduct	Number	% of total
Absenteelsm	69	53
Alcohol Abuse	18	14
Fraud	3	2
Missapropriation of Funds	5	4
Negligence	9	5
Sexual Abuse/ Rape	-	
Theft	1	
Unacceptable Conduct	26	20
Total	129	100

NB: The two totals do not correspond as combination sanctions have been used in two instances i..e. demotion combined with suspension and once demotion combined with final letter i.e. resulting in an inflation of 3 in the outcomes total

TABLE 11.4 - Grievances Lodged for the period 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

Number of grievances addressed	Number	% of total
Number of grievances resolved	8	07.99
Number of grievances not resolved	4	33.3
Total number of grievances lodged	12	

Number of disputes addressed	Number	% of total
Number of disputes upheld	33	48.5
Number of disputes dismissed	35	51.5
Total number of disputes lodged	89	

TABLE 11.6 - Strike Actions for the period 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

Strike Actions	ı
Total number of person working days lost	654
Total cost(R'000) of working days lost	92
Amount (R'000) recovered as a result of no work no pay	92

TABLE 11.7 - Precautionary Suspensions for the period 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

1	ις	5	155	R400
Precautionary Suspensions	Number of people suspended	Number of people whose suspension exceeded 30 days	Average number of days suspended	Cost (R'000) of suspensions



TABLE 12.1 - Training Needs identified, 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

	-			Training needs identified at start of reporting period	reporting peric	po
Occupational Categories	Gender	Number of employees as at 1 April 2004	Learnerships	Skills Programmes & other short courses	Other forms of training	Total
Legislators, senior officials and managers	Female	80	•	Leadership dev., PMDA, Computer training,	0	0
	Male	37	ı	nnowegoge rigt., riit. wgt, rigjet, rigt. rost glad. Cert, health serv. Mgt., Policiy dev.	0	0
Professionals	Female	5453		ICU, Anaesthesiology, TOM, dhis, adv. Trauma support , Project mgt., Infection control, Hhospital	0	0
	Male	2318		nigt, computer training, Epidemiology, 615, niv / aids ATLS, Forensic medicine, adv. Trauma like support, customer care	0	0
Technicians and associate professionals	Female	330	200	Desktop publishing, GIS, Web page design	0	200
	Male	277	200	ritting and turinig, team bunding, customer care	0	200
Clerks	Female	1306	40	Labour relations, HRM, Computer, PERSAL, BAS.	0	40
	Male	615	40	iargerreu serection, customer care	0	40
Service and sales workers	Female	306	25		0	25
	Male	150	25		0	25
Skilled agriculture and fishery workers	Female	0	ı		0	1
	Male	0	,		0	ı

Number of Gender employees as Leat 1 April 2004	Parnerching	0 - 11:10 -		
		okilis Programmes & other short courses	Other forms of training	Total
•	•		0	0
•	ı		0	0
399		Boiler operation customer care	0	0
26			0	0
518		ABET, Sewing, carpentry, welding, plumbing,	0	0
832		פופרודומוץ, משאטוופן כמוב	0	0
8422			0	0
4750			0	0
13172			0	0
	832 8422 4750 13172	832 8422 4750		



TABLE 12.2 - Training Provided, 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

2021)			
				Training needs identified at start of reporting period	eporting peri	po
Occupational Categories	Gender	Number of employees as at 1 April 2004	Learnerships	Skills Programmes & other short courses	Other forms of training	Total
Legislators, senior officials and managers	Female	80	1	Basic computer training, Project management, DHIS,	0	1
	Male	37	1	rost y da. cet t III realtit serv. wyt.	0	1
Professionals	Female	5453	. 300	ENT, ATLAS, Mental Health, MCH, PMDS, Occupational	0	315
	Male	2318	(htod)	חפמננו, רטיפואט וופעוטוופ מיוענאווע	0	1
Technicians and associate professionals	Female	330	. 01	Computer, Financial management, HIV & AIDS, PMDS	0	20
	Male	217	ov + 20 (hooth)		0	20
Clerks	Female	1306	c c	PMDS, Computer, Computer training, BAS, HR Mgt,	0	3
	Male	919	40 + 3 (both)	Ladour relations	0	1
Service and sales workers	Female	306		ABET, PMDS, Plumbing, Electricity, welding	0	0
	Male	150	1		0	0
Skilled agriculture and fishery workers	Female	0	1		0	0
	Male	0	-		0	0
Craft and related trades workers	Female	0	1		0	0
	Male	0	1		0	0

				Training needs identified at start of reporting period	reporting perio	р
Occupational Categories	Gender	Number of employees as at 1 April 2004	Learnerships	Skills Programmes & other short courses	Other forms of training	Total
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	Female	399	0	Darkroom operation, Customer care, boiler maker,	0	0
	Male	26	0	niv & Alds, dialit, twids	0	0
Elementary occupations	Female	518	0	ABET, Customer care, sewing, knitting, hospitality /	0	0
	Male	832	0	catering, iauniui y management, cimu care	0	0
Gender sub totals	Female	8422	0		0	0
	Male	4750	0		0	0
Total		13,172	535		0	0

TABLE 13.1 - Injury on Duty, 1 April 2004 to 31 March 2005

Nature of injury on duty	Number	% of total
Required basic medical attention only	523	69
Temporary Total Disablement	364	41
Permanent Disablement	0	0
Fatal	0	0
Total	887	100



TABLE 14.1 - Report on consultant appointments using appropriated funds

Project Title	Total number of consultants that worked on the project	Duration: Work days	Contract value in Rand
Establishment of Corporate Services for the Department	13	24 Months	39,500,001.23
Internal Audit	15	30 Months	9,549,451.97
Financial Management Support	11	12 Months	1,974,720

Total contract value in Rand	51,024,173.20
Total duration: Work days	99
Total individual consultants	37
Total number of projects	03

TABLE 14.2 - Analysis of consultant appointments using appropriated funds, in terms of Historically Disadvantaged Individuals (HDIs)

Project Title	Percentage ownership by HDI groups	Percentage management by HDI groups	Number of Consultants from HDI groups that work on the project	
Establishment of Corporate Service Centres for the Department	70%	80%	8	
Internal Audit	49%	44%	7	
Financial Management Support	100%	100%	11	

TABLE 14.3 - Report on consultant appointments using donor funds

	Contract value in Rand	1
	Duration: Work days	•
•	Total number of consultants that worked on the project	•
-	Project Title	
		,

Total contract value in Rand	•
Total duration: Work days	1
Total individual consultants	•
Total number of projects	

TABLE 14.4 - Analysis of consultant appointments using Donor funds, in terms of Historically Disadvantaged Individuals (HDIs)

_	
Number of Consultants from HDI groups that work on the project	
Percentage management by HDI groups	•
Percentage ownership by HDI groups	
Project Title	-

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REPORT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE For the year ended 31 March 2005

1. Overview

We are pleased to present our report for the financial year ended 31 March 2005.

2. Audit Committee members and attendance

The Audit Committee consisting of the three independent members (listed hereunder), each from outside the public service, met four times in the last financial year as per its written, annually reviewed and approved terms of reference.

Name of Member	Designation	Number of Meetings	
Mr. V.G Magan	Chairman	4	
Dr. H.J Van Rensburg	Member	4	
Ms. T.J Fuzani	Member	3	

3. Audit Committee responsibility

The committee reports that it has discharged its responsibilities arising from sections 38 (1)(a), 76(4)(d) and 77 of the PFMA and paragraphs 3.1.13 and 27.1.10 of the Treasury Regulations.

Section 38 (1)(a) of the PFMA reads as follows:

- (1) "The accounting officer for a department...
- (a) must ensure that the department... has and maintains -
- (li) a system of internal audit under the control and direction of an audit committee complying with and operating in accordance with regulations and instructions prescribed in terms of sections 76 and 77".

The Audit Committee also reports that it has adopted, appropriate formal terms of reference as its audit committee charter, has regulated its affairs in compliance with the charter and has discharged all its responsibilities as contained therein.



4. The effectiveness of internal control

The system of accounting and internal controls was not effective throughout the financial year under review, stemming from certain instances of the absentia of key controls and others of non-compliance with prescribed policies and procedures. During the year under review several instances of non compliance were reported by the department's internal and external auditors. Significant control weaknesses have been noted by Internal Audit and the Office of the Auditor-General in their audit report and management letters. The effect of these weaknesses and breaches of internal controls coupled with the lack of supporting documentation forms the basis of the Office of the Auditor-General's disclaimer opinion on the annual financial statements.

4.1 Internal Audit

The outsourced Internal Audit function operating under the oversight of the Audit Committee had discharged their obligation in terms of their charter and approved internal audit plan. During the year under review Internal Audit had assisted the department with the audit intervention program. The approved Three year and Annual Internal Audit Plan has been directed to take cognisance of the control weakness reported by the Office of the Auditor General.

5. Submission and quality of in year management and monthly / quarterly reports submitted in terms of the PFMA and the Division of Revenue Act

The committee has been informed that the monthly / quarterly in year management reports were compiled and submitted timeously in the prescribed format, required in terms of legislation.

However, the integrity of the information supplied to the Provincial Treasury is in doubt due to the accounting-related problems experienced and supported by findings raised in the Office of the Auditor General's audit report. These include journal transactions:

- § That were inadequately supported by documentation or in many instances no documentation was available;
- § Description of journals were in many instances not recorded on the journal form or were to general and elusive to provide a proper understanding of the transactions being recorded; and
- § That provided no evidence of independent management monitoring and review;

Without condoning the deficiencies in the accounting systems, the committee notes, that within the limits of current resource constraints, the Accounting Officer and his management team are fully committed in addressing these weaknesses. Unfortunately, these efforts were not sufficient to affect a complete, sustainable turnaround.

6. Evaluation of Financial Statements

The Audit Committee has

- § Reviewed and discussed the annual financial statements presented by the Accounting Officer to the Office of the Auditor-General;
- § Reviewed changes to accounting policies and practices;
- § Reviewed the Auditor-General's management letter and management response thereto;
- § Reviewed and discussed the audited annual financial statements to be included in the annual report with the Auditor-General and Accounting Officer; and
- § Reviewed significant adjustments resulting from the audit.

7. Conclusion

The Audit Committee notes that management has accepted the conclusions and opinion of the Office of the Auditor General on the annual financial statements and concurs accordingly. The Audit Committee is of the further opinion that the audited annual financial statements should be read together with the report of the Office of the Auditor General.

The Committee acknowledges, endorses and encourages the corrective measures currently being implemented by the department but cautions that the fruits of these efforts would only be resultant if a comprehensive and sustainable solution is implemented to address:

- § An injection of human, infrastructure and capital resourcing commencing in the areas of finance and administration;
- § Training and development of prioritised job specific skills;
- § Support for senior management in developing a stable leadership within the department; and
- $\S \quad \hbox{Enhancement of monitoring and accountability mechanisms}.$



8. Appreciation

The committee expresses its sincere appreciation for the timely co-operation received from management and staff of the department, the Office of the Auditor General, the members of the Internal Audit Consortium and the secretariat to the Committee.

ji	
100	25 August 2005
Chairperson of the Audit Committee	Date

REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER For the year ended 31 March 2005

Report by the Accounting Officer to the Executive Authority and Parliament/Provincial Legislature of the Republic of South Africa.

1. General review of the state of financial affairs

Policy decisions and strategic issues facing the department

The availing of anti-retroviral drugs for HIV/Aids patients at 11 accredited sites increased the pressure on the Department's limited budget. This situation is likely to worsen with the planned certification of a further 50 sites in the 2005 / 06 year.

In addition to the above the Department also increased the number of VCT sites to 728 during the 2004/05 financial year with plans to extend the number of VCT sites to 803 during the 2005/06 financial year. This all implies that the Department expects to have a significant increase in payments to the National Health Laboratory Services (NHLS) for HIV/AIDS testing.

The Department is still financially challenged in terms of its private sector transport arrangements with Fleet Africa, especially where Emergency Medical Rescue transport is concerned - the contractual limitation of kilometers travelled is hampering effective service delivery.

Significant events that have taken place during the year

The implementation of the Interim Management Team (IMT) intervention strategies continued to play a pivotal role in all departmental activities throughout the financial year. A few initiatives could not be fully implemented due to the "Belt tightening" requested of all departments by Provincial Treasury. Amongst those are the following:

- Adoption and implementation of a new organogram to promote service delivery;
- Adoption of new service delivery model;





REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER For the year ended 31 March 2005

- Identification of critical posts and filling of posts; and
- Establishment of an Internal Audit Service.

The official opening of the Nelson Mandela Academic Hospital was one of the highlights of the year. This event was graced by the presence of President Thabo Mbeki and the Minister of Health, Dr. Manto Tshabalala-Msimang amongst others.

Major projects undertaken or completed during the year

The construction / upgrading of health facilities in the department was negatively affected by the "Belt tightening" project, in that construction work continued only on sites where work had already begun in the previous year.

The funding of these projects is through both the Equitable Share and the Hospital Revitalisation Conditional Grant. Despite that, the following was achieved:

- The completion of 7 new Clinics; 2 Community Health Centres; 9 District Hospital projects and 2 provincial projects from Equitable Share; and
- From the Hospital Revitalisation Conditional Grant, 3 hospital projects were completed.

Additional information on projects undertaken is detailed under the programme performance discussion.

Spending trends

The passing of the second adjustment estimate by the Provincial Legislature brought the ECDoH's final appropriation for the 2004/05 financial year to R 5,221,266,000 (2003/04: R 5,111,784,000). The Department's total expenditure on voted funds for the 2004/05 financial year totalled R 5,180,217,000 (2003/04: R 5,243,012,000) and is reflected in the Appropriation Statement .

REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER For the year ended 31 March 2005

Due to the over expenditure of R 131,228,000 in 2003/04, the Department incurred an overdraft. In terms of an agreement with Provincial Treasury to settle this overdraft, the Department made a planned saving of R 41,049,000 for the 2004/05 financial year.

Reasons for under spending.

All eight programmes contributed towards the departmental saving of R 41,049,000. In total three programmes contributed 73.42% towards the total saving as follows:

- Programme 1 (R 7,542,000 or 18.37%);
- Programme 2 (R 11,517,000 or 28.06%); and
- Programme 4 (R 11,083,000 or 27%).

The majority of savings accumulated relate to savings from the current payment category. This was as a result of the Provincial "Belt tightening" exercise (since August 2004) and the deferment of supplier payments in March 2005.

Impact on programmes and service delivery.

The underspending of the annual appropriation had a limited impact on service delivery as the savings were mainly due to deferment of payments to suppliers in the month of March 2005.

2. Service rendered by the department

Health Departments operate through 8 programmes. The Eastern Cape Department of Health however, operates through 7 programmes, the exclusion being Programme 5: Central Hospital Services. The activities of these programmes are spread out within three main branches. i.e. Corporate Services, Health Services and Information Technology services. The core business of the department is driven through programme 2: District Health and Programme 4: Provincial Hospital Services, with



REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER For the year ended 31 March 2005

the remainder of the department's programmes offering the necessary support.

2.1 The following services are rendered by the Department:

Programme 1:

Administrative services.

Programme 2:

District Health Services.

Programme 3:

• Emergency Medical Services.

Programme 4:

• Provincial Hospital Services.

Programme 6:

• Training for medical, paramedical and post graduate students and nursing education to basic and post basic students at colleges/nursing schools and universities.

Programme 7:

• Provision of orthotic and prosthetic services and hearing aids as assistive devices to persons with disability.

Programme 8:

- Planning for the construction of new clinics and hospitals;
- Rehabilitation of existing hospitals and clinics;
- Maintenance of the existing stock of health facilities; and
- Replacement and maintenance of capital equipment.

REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER For the year ended 31 March 2005

2.2 Tariff policy

The tariffs for the 2004/05 financial year remained unchanged for the first 9 months of the year. The Uniform Patient Fee Structure (UPFS) was implemented on the 1 January 2005. Much training of both the Department's personnel and especially the public at large, on the significance and implication of the fee structure, still needs to be done.

2.3 Free Services

The majority of services rendered by the Department are free.

2.4 Inventories

Inventory on hand for the financial year ending 31 March 2005 totals R 94,932,000 (2003/04 R 63,848,000).

2.4.1	Inventories on hand at year end	Costing method used	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
	Stationery	FIFO	2,378	1,776
	Medical and surgical	FIFO	25,648	10,794
	Cleaning material	FIFO	4,209	1,172
	Pharmaceuticals	FIFO	57,226	40,929
	Other		5,471	9,177
			94,932	63,848



REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER For the year ended 31 March 2005

Inventory has been valued by applying the First-in-First-Out (FIFO) valuation method. Only inventory that resides in the main stores at Institutional and Local Service Area (LSA) level was considered for inclusion in the final stock valuation figure. Inventory that remains on hand and which has been issued to wards or issued from LSA stores has been considered as consumed for inventory valuation purposes.

3. Capacity constraints

During the 2004/05 financial year the Department managed to make 4883 appointments, (of which 2879 were fixed), against critical posts identified to improve service delivery. Despite these filled posts, the Department is still challenged in promoting access to scarce skills to all the service delivery areas in the Province. The Department will continue its search for scarce skills and is actively engaging all stakeholders in addressing this constraint.

In terms of the approved establishment, the number of vacant posts (15 002) as a percentage of the approved establishment is 32.8%. This vacancy number is still unacceptably high, especially amongst the professional cadre, and the focus will remain on finding a solution to this constraint.

4. Utilisation of donor funds

A donation of R 9,518,000 was received from the United States Government's Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) for HIV/Aids. The amount was transferred to the Regional Training Centre managed by the University of Transkei (UNITRA) and is being utilised for activities aimed at supporting quality assurance, health promotion and optimal HIV Prevention, Care and Treatment.

Some of the expected benefits to be derived from this donation are:

• The establishment of a physical structure from which all activities relating to good governance and recruitment of staff can take place;

REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER For the year ended 31 March 2005

- Development of monitoring mechanisms in supervising and following up on health care and lay health workers trained by the Regional Training Centre.
- 5. Trading entities and public entities

No trading or public entities resort under the auspices of the Eastern Cape Department of Health.

6. Organisations to whom transfer payments have been made

For a detailed breakdown of all transfer payments effected by the Department, please refer to Annexures 1C through 1H in the Annual Financial Statements section.

7. Public private partnerships (PPP)

Treasury approval 1 was granted on 8 April 2005 for the following PPP: - Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Management and the Finance Design, Construction and/or rehabilitation and Operation and Maintenance of Pharmaceutical Depots and Management Support to the Department.

Treasury approval 1 followed after the option analysis and feasibility study was completed. Four consortia were pre-qualified on 26 October 2004 and invited to submit proposals in terms of the Request for Proposals. The Department is currently adjudicating the responses for the Request for Proposals.

The announcement of the preferred bidder is expected to be made in August 2005 and the official signing of the concession agreement is scheduled to take place by December 2005.

Treasury approval 1 was also granted for the following PPP: - Upgrading and Refurbishment of the existing Port Alfred and the Settlers Hospitals in Grahamstown





REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER For the year ended 31 March 2005

and the establishment of co-located Private Hospital Facilities through a Public Private Partnership Two consortia have subsequently been pre-qualified and letters of invitation are currently in the process of being issued to the short listed consortia.

The announcement of the preferred bidder is expected to be made in September 2005. The official signing of the concession agreement is scheduled to take place by December 2005.

The Kouga Partnership Hospital Co-location PPP continued its operational activities during the 2004/05 financial year. The Department can report as follows on progress in terms of this PPP:

- Completion of the construction and rehabilitation phase 30 April 2005;
- First private patients were admitted in October 2004; and
- The official launch is targeted for 30 May 2005.
- 8. Corporate governance arrangements

The Internal Audit Consortium appointed by the IMT to establish an internal audit function achieved the following during the 2004/05 financial year:

- Conducted a risk assessment at a strategic and functional level in order to generate the 3-year strategic internal audit plan and the annual internal audit plan;
- Presented strategic and functional risk assessments that have been approved by management;
- Put in place an internal audit charter and mandate;
- Put in place an audit committee charter;
- Overseen the establishment of an audit committee;
- Obtained audit committee approval of internal audit plans;
- Conducted an examination of the Department's structure and needs and proposed a human resources structure for the internal audit division;

REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER For the year ended 31 March 2005

- Provided job descriptions for the key posts in the proposed structure;
- Provided a recruitment strategy to populate the structure proposed for the in-house internal audit division:
- Attended audit committee meetings;
- Conducted the secretariat function for the operation of the audit committee; and
- Implemented the aspects of the audit plan that have been approved by the audit committee.

The Consortium has also conducted various ad-hoc assignments that included the following:

- Review of documentation provided in support of HR Backlogs;
- Followed up on cases of Fraud and Corruption reported to the Department and assisted with certain investigations;
- Provided explanations and gave clarity on the requirements of the Auditor-General during the course of the annual audit;
- Assisted the Department by examining documentation to be submitted to the Auditor-General from time-to-time;
- Overseeing the development of the Department's Fraud Prevention Plan, Fraud Prevention Strategy and Fraud Response Plan;
- Assisted the Department with drafting a risk management overview for adoption; and
- Represented the Department in a National Internal Audit forum that has been established by the National Department of Health in order that certain audit functions may be co-ordinated so as to avoid duplication and share best practices.

The departmental audit committee met 4 times during the 2004/05 financial year.

9. Discontinued activities/activities to be discontinued

For the year under review, no activities have been or are planned to be discontinued.





REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER For the year ended 31 March 2005

10. New/proposed activities

The Department will be taking over the management and daily operations of SANTA Hospitals with effect from 1 April 2005. The effect on the departmental budget will be R54, 877,000 with a shortfall of R14, 677,674 for non personnel budget. The Department has put in place the following structures to manage this new activity:

• A Specialised Services Directorate headed by a Deputy Director: TB Inpatient Care and assisted by Hospital Managers.

11. Events after the reporting date

The outbreak of Measles, Hepatitis and the "Pig tapeworm infestation" took place after the reporting date. The financial implication of these outbreaks still needs to be assessed.

12. Performance information

A detailed discussion of programme performance and performance information is captured under the discussion of individual programme performances.

13. Scopa resolutions

The Department, due to the withdrawal of its Annual Financial Statements, and thus late submission of its Annual Report, has as yet not gone before Scopa. As a result there are no Scopa resolutions to report upon.

14. Other

For additional information kindly refer to the detailed discussions covered under the

REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER For the year ended 31 March 2005

other headings of this report.

Approval

The Annual Financial Statements set out on pages 225 to 318 have been approved by the Accounting Officer.

Mr L.M. Boya

Superintendent-General

31 May 2005

Bhisho





REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL TO THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE OF THE EASTERN CAPE PROVINCE ON THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF VOTE 3 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

1. AUDIT ASSIGNMENT

The annual financial statements as set out on pages 225 to 318, for the year ended 31 March 2005, have been audited in terms of section 188(1)(a) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (Act No. 108 of 1996), read with sections 4 and 20 of the Public Audit Act, 2004 (Act No. 25 of 2004) and section 40(2) of the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999). These annual financial statements, the maintenance of effective control measures and compliance with relevant laws and regulations are the responsibility of the accounting officer. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these annual financial statements, based on the audit.

2. NATURE AND SCOPE

The audit was conducted in accordance with Statements of South African Auditing Standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance that the annual financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit includes:

- examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the annual financial statements,
- assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and
- evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

Furthermore, an audit includes an examination, on a test basis, of evidence supporting compliance in all material respects with the relevant laws and regulations, which came to my attention and are applicable to financial matters.

The audit was completed in accordance with Auditor-General Directive No. 1 of 2005.

I believe that the audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.





3. QUALIFICATION

3.1 Journal transactions

During the financial year 17 304 journal transactions totalling R17 773 922 394 were processed across all account balances and classes of transactions maintained by the department. Of these journals, 1 040 to the value of R1 961 678 052 were either processed at or after the financial year-end, but before the close of the department's general ledger. Many deficiencies were found during the auditing of these journal transactions, the most significant being:

- (a) The majority of journals that were tested did not have adequate and appropriate documentation to support the transactions that they represented and in many instances no documentation was available.
- (b) Descriptions of the journals were in many cases not recorded on the journal form or were too general and elusive to provide a proper understanding of the transactions that were recorded. Alternative auditing procedures performed to determine the purpose and nature of the journals did not provide sufficient audit assurance.
- (c) The general lack of independent management monitoring and review was not only evident from the above, but was also confirmed by the number of allocation errors that were found on the journals. In some cases these allocation errors were corrected by the processing of a further journal.
- (d) Despite the number of journals processed during the year, numerous misallocations were found which indicate that such journals did not address all the incorrect allocations within the general ledger.

Consequently, it was not possible to obtain all the information and explanations that were considered necessary to gain assurance as to the validity, accuracy and completeness of account balances and classes of transactions as contained in the annual financial statements, other than compensation of employees.

3.2 Leave entitlement

Personnel and leave records were found to be unsatisfactory, and errors within the salary and personnel administration system (PERSAL) are an indication that sufficient measures

have not been taken to ensure that the system and related leave entitlement liability are accurate.

The leave records on PERSAL have been used as the basis for calculating the R135 499 000 leave entitlement disclosed in note 28 to the annual financial statements, as well as the R687 319 000 capped leave commitments disclosed in note 25 to the annual financial statements. In the absence of reliable leave records it was not possible to verify the accuracy, validity and completeness of these amounts.

3.3 Conditional grants

The department received conditional grants amounting to R630 404 000 during the financial year under audit. Annexure 1A to the annual financial statements reflects expenditure amounting to R540 665 000 incurred during the year. In terms of section 24(1) of the Division of Revenue Act, (Act No. 5 of 2004), the department has to ensure that conditional grants are spent in accordance with the purpose of the grant. The inadequate policy management framework in respect of project management to ensure that these projects were successfully implemented resulted in the following:

- (a) Transactions relating to conditional grants could not be verified due to the fact that sufficient supporting documentation could not be provided by the department for transactions amounting to R166 177 998 (absolute value). The accuracy and validity of these transactions could therefore not be verified.
- (b) Supporting documentation amounting to R763 667 was not submitted timeously for audit purposes and as a result no assurance could be obtained as to the validity and accuracy of this expenditure included in the general ledger.
- (c) In a number of instances assurance could not be obtained to verify that the conditions and requirements per the Division of Revenue Act, (Act No. 5 of 2004) were adhered to and that the funds were used for the purpose of the grant, due to insufficient supporting documentation.
- (d) Monitoring mechanisms were not in place to ensure that all conditional grant funding was spent in terms of the purpose of the grant. The lack of monitoring included under-spending of the grants, inadequate and inconsistent periodic reporting, variances between the amounts included on the monitoring schedules and the amounts processed in the general ledger and insufficient controls over medical supplies purchased in terms of the grant.



(e) The department does not exercise control over cash management in that they are not able to accurately differentiate between conditional grant and equitable share funds that they request and then spend. This resulted in unauthorised expenditure of R57 484 000 which has been disclosed in note 9.2 to the annual financial statements.

In addition, there was under expenditure on these conditional grants of R94 621 000, which resulted in the department not meeting the objectives of the grant.

3.4 Accruals

Documentation to the value of R87 908 720 in support of the accrual amount of R507 299 000 disclosed in note 27 to the annual financial statements could not be submitted timeously. This is a result of an inadequate policy with regard to retention of documentation. The validity, accuracy and completeness of this balance could therefore not be verified.

3.5 Fixed assets

Adequate control is not exercised over assets and asset records are not always properly maintained. Audit work revealed that only limited fixed asset register monitoring by management is taking place, with the result that numerous fixed assets could not be physically verified. It was also discovered that fixed assets purchased by the head office division of the department for transfer to various institutions were included in the head office asset register. It was therefore not possible to verify the existence of assets to the value of R370 668 000, as disclosed in annexure 4 to the annual financial statements.

3.6 Completeness of revenue

a) Revenue received in respect of patient fees

Due to the lack of an audit trail from the admission to the discharge of a patient, it was not possible to determine whether all revenue for services rendered was actually charged, received and recorded in the accounting system. There is no system of control over such revenue that we could rely on for the purposes of our audit, and there were no satisfactory auditing procedures that we could perform to obtain reasonable assurance that all revenue was properly recorded.

As a result of this the completeness of receivables for services delivered to the value of R68 359 000 disclosed in note 30 to the annual financial statements could not be verified. Alternative audit procedures performed could also not provide sufficient evidence on the completeness of this amount. In addition, the department does not have a revenue collection policy with regard to these receivables and hence it is doubtful whether this amount is recoverable.

b) Revenue received from nursing homes

Revenue due from hospital staff who resided in hospital houses, flats and dormitories was not properly controlled and there were no satisfactory auditing procedures that we could perform to obtain reasonable assurance that all revenue was recorded. It was therefore not possible to determine whether all revenue due from these employees had been collected and whether the amount of R4 558 222 which forms part of the revenue disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements, is complete.

3.7 Leases

The completeness of the amount of R39 747 000 disclosed as operating leases in note 29.1 to the annual financial statements could not be verified. This is the result of a lack of documented policy with regard to the maintenance of leases and the consequent lack of controls to monitor all the lease agreements that the various institutions within the Department of Health have concluded.

3.8 Housing loan guarantees

The validity and accuracy of housing loan guarantees to the amount of R27 947 000 disclosed in note 25 to the annual financial statements could not be verified. This is a result of a lack of supporting documentation available for the amounts disclosed in the annual financial statements.

3.9 MEDSAS payable

Included in other payables disclosed in note 21.3 to the annual financial statements is an amount of R46 512 823. This amount is the difference between the inter-departmental sales of the medical depots to the institutions within the department and the stock purchases. This surplus is as a result of not all purchases for the current year being paid



for. Of this amount, R19 599 890 relates to the Mthatha medical depot, for which the inter-departmental sales and expenditure could not be verified due to a limitation of scope. As a result the validity, completeness and accuracy of the R19 599 890 could not be verified.

4. DISCLAIMER OF AUDIT OPINION

Due to the significance of the matters discussed in paragraph 3, I do not express an opinion on the annual financial statements of the Department of Health for the financial year ended 31 March 2005.

5. EMPHASIS OF MATTER

Without further qualifying the audit opinion expressed above, attention is drawn to the following matters:

5.1 Changes to the annual financial statements

In terms of section 40(1)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA) the department is required to submit the financial statements for audit purposes two months after the financial year end. Material changes had to be made to the annual financial statements submitted on 31 May 2005, which were subsequently re-signed and dated on 22 July 2005.

5.2 Irregular expenditure

The audit revealed that only R1 540 000 of the R10 238 000 disclosed in note 31 for the current year's irregular expenditure was approved by Provincial Treasury for condonement. The irregular expenditure shown as condoned on the disclosure note in the annual financial statements is therefore incorrect.

5.3 Accounts receivable

In terms of National Treasury Regulation 11.2, read in conjunction with section 38(1) (c) (i) and (d) of the PFMA, the accounting officer of an institution must take effective and appropriate steps to collect all money due to the institution. Insufficient steps have been taken by the department to ensure recovery of accounts receivable balances. This has resulted in long- outstanding balances with more than half of the total outstanding balance as at the 31 March 2005 being identified as irrecoverable, and likely to be written off. The accounts receivable balance of R76 437 000 is disclosed in note 16 to the annual financial

statements. Of this amount R40 631 571 has been identified as irrecoverable.

Monthly reconciliations have not been performed, and the year-end balances in many cases consist of long-outstanding and/or unreconciled credit amounts. Only 5% of the total accounts receivable balance is identified as less than a year old. However, since no age analysis listing was available to support the ageing of any of the accounts, the correctness of ageing allocations cannot be determined. There is long-outstanding debt from staff who had left the department, as well as current staff debt that is not adequately followed up. The above stems from the fact that the department does not have a debt management or write off policy.

5.4 Suspense accounts

In terms of National Treasury Regulation 17.1 read in conjunction with section 40(1) (a) of the PFMA:

- all the transactions of an institution must be supported by authentic and verifiable source documents;
- amounts included in clearing or suspense accounts must be cleared and correctly allocated to the relevant cost centres on a monthly basis;
- monthly reconciliations must be performed to confirm the balance of each account; and
- reports regarding uncleared items must be furnished to the accounting officer on a monthly basis.

The department has not complied with this regulation as there is insufficient supporting documentation to prove the existence and validity of a number of debtors included in suspense accounts. The department has, however, identified most of these balances as irrecoverable in note 16 to the annual financial statements. The suspense accounts are included as part of the receivables and payables balances that are disclosed in notes 16 and 21 respectively.

5.5 Transfer payments

The department is in contravention of section 38 1(i) of the PFMA, read in conjunction with National Treasury Regulation 8.4.1, which requires the department's accounting officer to maintain appropriate measures to ensure that grants and other transfer



payments are applied for their intended purposes. Due to ineffective monitoring and review processes and non-adherence to the above legislation, it was not possible to confirm that the transfer payments made were used by these entities for the intended purposes. The total transfer payments effected during the current year is R447 066 000 which is disclosed in note 11 to the annual financial statements.

5.6 Budgetary control

The accruals as disclosed by the department in the annual financial statements have increased by R304 765 000 to an amount of R507 299 000 from the 2003/2004 financial year. After deducting the savings disclosed in the statement of financial performance and the amount of expenditure for the current year, for which additional budget was obtained for next year, the total increase from the prior year is R120 932 000. Due to the department using the modified cash basis as required by National Treasury, this overspending has not been reflected in the statement of financial performance. However, it is an indication that the department has either not budgeted effectively or controls over expenditure are ineffective.

5.7 Surplus funds not surrendered to the revenue fund

In terms of National Treasury Regulation 15.8.1, the department should have surrendered all unspent voted monies and all collected revenue to the revenue fund after the books had been closed at the end of the previous financial year. As the department did not have sufficient cash available, the prior year balance of R127 534 000 for voted funds to be surrendered and R95 435 000 for revenue funds to be surrendered were not surrendered to the revenue fund. This is disclosed in notes 18 and 19 to the annual financial statements.

5.8 Internal control

In terms of section 38 (a) (i) of the PFMA, the department's accounting officer must ensure that the department has and continues to maintain effective, efficient and transparent systems of financial and risk management and internal control. The following are areas of significant non-compliance and/or internal control weaknesses that were identified during the course of the audit:

- Personnel;
- Expenditure;
- Payables;

Budget process;

Tender process;

Donor funding;

Fleet maintenance

Some of these deficiencies were reported in prior years. Audit findings revealed that actions to address these deficiencies had either not been planned or were not adequately maintained.

5.9 Security

Section 38(1)(d) of the PFMA states that the accounting officer must take full responsibility and ensure that proper control systems exist for assets, and that preventative measures are in place to eliminate theft, losses, wastage and misuse.

It was noted, however, that security measures at a number of institutions are inadequate, which could result in theft and unauthorised entry. Security is not present at the entrances and exits at all times and gate controls are insufficient in safeguarding the department's inventories and other assets against misappropriation.

Furthermore, medical inventories kept at the medical depots are not adequately secured. Such inventories are stored in the general enclosures and hallways, thus giving easy access to unauthorised persons. The storerooms are not locked at all times thus access by unauthorised individuals is not restricted. Such inventories might therefore be subject to misappropriation.

5.10 Inventory control

a) Clinics

According to section 27 (1) (a), chapter 2, Bill of Rights in the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (Act No. 108 of 1996), everyone has the right to have access to health care services, including reproductive health care. The first line of health care to the community is clinics. However, health care products such as basic drugs are not always available to members of the public at these clinics. In addition, clinics do not have a re-order level system in place as required in terms of the Handbook for Clinic / CHC Managers (of October 1999) which will prevent



the frequent stock outs that are currently being experienced.

b) Hospitals

The department is in contravention of National Treasury Regulation 10.1.1 which states that the accounting officer must take full responsibility and ensure that proper control systems exist for assets and that preventative mechanisms are in place to eliminate theft, losses, wastage and misuse. In addition, stock levels are to be maintained at an optimum and economical level. There are numerous control weaknesses throughout all hospitals audited, which resulted in stock losses and wastage, thus indicating that possible misuse of inventories could be taking place. In a number of cases the system weaknesses identified at the hospitals resulted in insufficient stock levels, which might have had an adverse effect on service delivery.

c) Medical depots

Due to timing differences between capturing of orders from institutions and the issuing of such stock, the physical stock on hand and quantity per the MEDSAS system do not agree. The MEDSAS system was also not accurately updated with the quantities as counted during the year-end stock counts. The inaccuracy of the stock quantities on MEDSAS may render the stock re-order levels ineffective. This is further aggravated since overdue orders are not followed up in a timely manner and could have a negative impact on the delivery of services to hospitals since stock might not be ordered timeously by the medical depots resulting in insufficient stock to meet the demands of the hospitals.

5.11 Verification of employees

The existence of 30 employees could not be verified. The employment costs in respect of these employees amount to R4 663 559. As a result, the validity of this amount, included in compensation of employees as disclosed in the statement of financial performance, could not be confirmed.

In addition, not all payrolls are signed by the employees and then reviewed and certified by the head of the division as being correct. Therefore, insufficient controls are in place to ensure that everyone receiving remuneration exists and works for the Department of Health.

5.12 Vacancies

On inspection of the PERSAL system's vacant posts listing it was noted that of 45 698 positions in the total health establishment, 15 002 are vacant. This is a vacancy rate of 32,8%, which may result in current staff being overworked and effective service delivery being hampered.

5.13 Sessional doctors

Contracts for sessional doctors are inconsistently concluded among the hospitals. Some contracts negotiated a rate per session while others were based on a flat fee. The structure of the contracts did not appear to be the most effective in relation to the nature of work performed by these doctors. As a result, it was not possible for the hospitals to maintain a daily record of hours worked by sessional doctors and it was not possible to reconcile the number of sessions worked to the number of sessions concluded in their employment contracts.

5.14 Emergency medical services

The following control weaknesses were found in the management of the emergency medical services:

- a) In terms of the basic training requirements of the Health Professions Council of South Africa (HPCSA) which was established in terms of the Health Professions Act, 1974 (Act No. 56 of 1974), all ambulance staff, paramedics and rescue medics must be registered with the Health Professionals Council of South Africa (HPCSA) and have a valid Public Drivers Permit (PDP). It was found that a large number of ambulance staff, paramedics and rescue medics in the emergency medical service did not comply with the above. They are therefore not legally authorised to carry passengers and patients.
- b) The ambulances and vehicles are not equipped with all the necessary medical supplies and equipment that are required for emergency health care. This could have a negative effect on health care services to the community.

5.15 Late payment of creditors

According to National Treasury Regulations 8.2.3, payments should be made within 30



days from receipt of an invoice. However, numerous payments were made more than 30 days after receiving the invoice, thereby contravening the above legislation. This could have an effect on service delivery to the community as a supplier may not want to supply goods if they are not paid timeously. In addition, it could result in fruitless and wasteful expenditure as a result of interest being charged on overdue accounts.

5.16 Frere and Cecilia Makiwane Hospital kiosk

In terms of section 7 of the PFMA, a department may only open a bank account once National Treasury approval has been received and after following the necessary tender procedures. However, a kiosk is located at each of the above hospitals and each kiosk has a separate bank account in the name of the committees that control them. Contrary to legislation, no approval from National Treasury or the Tender Board could be submitted for the opening of these separate accounts.

In addition, the value of the above-mentioned bank accounts are not known as supporting documentation was not supplied for audit purposes.

5.17 Internal audit

In compliance with section 38(a)(ii) of the PFMA the department has an internal audit unit and audit committee. A consortium was appointed to perform the internal audit function of the department. However, insufficient internal audit work was performed in order to place reliance thereon. In addition, one of the audit firms performed certain accounting functions during the year.

5.18 Supplier database

When comparing the salary and personnel administration system database to the supplier database a large number of matches were found. Further, investigation indicated that a number of employees were linked to supplier bank accounts. It cannot be determined whether this was due to a capturing error or through a deliberate action. A forensic investigation has been recommended.

5.19 Fraud investigation

A fraud investigation is currently being conducted at the Mthatha Medical Depot. This investigation is as a result of irregularities in respect of stock management within the

medical depot. As at the date of finalising this report, no documentation in respect of such investigation has been provided to this office.

A number of fraud investigations that related to alleged irregularities at the various institutions within the department were noted during the audit, none of which had been completed as at finalisation of this report.

5.20 Sustainable development audit

A sustainable development audit was conducted at various institutions. The following shortcomings were noted:

- a) Non-compliance with the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No. 85 of 1993) at numerous institutions within the department.
- b) The hospital buildings are generally in a poor state, which is not conducive to providing adequate health services to the community.
- c) No or little control over used and unused medical equipment, resources, medicines and medical waste existed and medical waste is not disposed of timeously.
- d) Inadequate controls exist over the operation of the incinerators.

All the above-mentioned factors could be detrimental to the health of the patients and employees within the various institutions.

APPRECIATION

The assistance rendered by the staff of the department during the audit is appreciated.

SM Ngqwala for Auditor-General

gens.

EAST LONDON

31 July 2005







ACCOUNTING POLICIES For the year ended 31 March 2005

The Annual Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the following policies, which have been applied consistently in all material aspects, unless otherwise indicated. However, where appropriate and meaningful, additional information has been disclosed to enhance the usefulness of the Annual Financial Statements and to comply with the statutory requirements of the Public Finance Management Act, Act 1 of 1999 (as amended by Act 29 of 1999), the Treasury Regulations for Departments and Constitutional Institutions issued in terms of the Act and the Division of Revenue Act, Act 5 of 2004. The following issued, but not yet effective Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice have not been fully complied with in the Annual Financial Statements: GRAP 1, 2 and 3.

1. Basis of preparation

The Annual Financial Statements have been prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting, except where stated otherwise. The modified cash basis constitutes the cash basis of accounting supplemented with additional disclosure items. Under the cash basis of accounting transactions and other events are recognised when cash is received or paid. Under the accrual basis of accounting transactions and other events are recognised when incurred and not when cash is received or paid.

2. Revenue

Appropriated funds

Voted funds are the amounts appropriated to a department in accordance with the final budget known as the Adjusted Estimates of National/Provincial Expenditure. Unexpended voted funds are surrendered to the National/Provincial Revenue Fund, unless otherwise stated.





ACCOUNTING POLICIES For the year ended 31 March 2005

Departmental revenue

Tax revenue

A tax receipt is defined as compulsory, irrecoverable revenue collected by entities. Tax receipts are recognised as revenue in the statement of financial performance on receipt of the funds.

Sale of goods and services other than capital assets

This comprises the proceeds from the sale of goods and/or services produced by the entity. Revenue is recognised in the statement of financial performance on receipt of the funds.

Fines, penalties and forfeits

Fines, penalties and forfeits are compulsory receipts imposed by court or quasi-judicial body. Revenue is recognised in the statement of financial performance on receipt of the funds.

Interest, dividends and rent on land

Interest and dividends received are recognised upon receipt of the funds, and no provision is made for interest or dividends receivable from the last receipt date to the end of the reporting period. They are recognised as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance of the department and then transferred to the National/Provincial Revenue Fund.

Revenue received from the rent of land is recognised in the statement of financial performance on receipt of the funds.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES For the year ended 31 March 2005

Sale of capital assets

The proceeds from the sale of capital assets is recognised as revenue in the statement of financial performance on receipt of the funds.

Financial transactions in assets and liabilities

Repayments of loans and advances previously extended to employees and public corporations for policy purposes are recognised as revenue in the statement of financial performance on receipt of the funds.

Cheques issued in previous accounting periods that expire before being banked are recognised as revenue in the statement of financial performance when the cheque becomes stale. When the cheque is reissued the payment is made from Revenue.

Local and foreign aid assistance

Local and foreign aid assistance is recognised in the statement of financial performance on receipt of funds. Where amounts are expensed before funds are received, a receivable is raised. Where amounts have been inappropriately expensed using Local and Foreign aid assistance, a payable is raised. In the situation where the department is allowed to retain surplus funds, these funds are shown as a reserve.

3. Expenditure

Compensation of employees

Salaries and wages comprise payments to employees. Salaries and wages are recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance when the final authorisation for payment is effected on the system. The expenditure is classified as capital where the employees were involved, on a full time basis, on capital projects during the financial year.





ACCOUNTING POLICIES For the year ended 31 March 2005

All other payments are classified as current expense.

Social contributions include the entities' contribution to social insurance schemes paid on behalf of the employee. Social contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance when the final authorisation for payment is effected on the system.

Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits is expensed in the Statement of Financial Performance in the reporting period when the final authorisation for payment is effected on the system. Short-term employee benefits, that give rise to a present legal or constructive obligation are disclosed as a disclosure note to the Annual Financial Statements and are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

Long-term employee benefits and other post employment benefits

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised and expensed only when the final authorisation for payment is effected on the system.

Medical benefits

The department provides medical benefits for its employees through defined benefit plans. Employer contributions to the fund are incurred when the final authorisation for payment is effected on the system. No provision is made for medical benefits in the Annual Financial Statements of the department.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES For the year ended 31 March 2005

Post employment retirement benefits

The department provides retirement benefits for certain of its employees through a defined benefit plan for government employees. These benefits are funded by both employer and employee contributions. Employer contributions to the fund are expensed when the final authorisation for payment to the fund is effected on the system.

No provision is made for retirement benefits in the Annual Financial Statements of the department. Any potential liabilities are disclosed in the Annual Financial Statements of the National/Provincial Revenue Fund and not in the Annual Financial Statements of the employer department.

Other employee benefits

Obligations arising from leave entitlement, thirteenth cheque and performance bonus that are reflected in the disclosure notes have not been paid for at year-end.

Goods and services

Payments made for goods and/or services are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance when the final authorisation for payment is effected on the system. The expense is classified as capital if the goods and services was used on a capital project.

Interest and rent on land

Interest and rental payments resulting from the use of land, are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance when the final authorisation for payment is effected on the system. This item excludes rental on the use of buildings or other fixed structures.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES For the year ended 31 March 2005

Financial transactions in assets and liabilities

Financial transactions in assets and liabilities include bad debts written off. Debts are written off when identified as irrecoverable. Debts written-off are limited to the amount of savings and/or underspending available to the department. The write off occurs at yearend or when funds are available. No provision is made for irrecoverable amounts.

Unauthorised expenditure

Unauthorised expenditure, is defined as:

- The overspending of a vote or a main division within a vote, or
- Expenditure that was not made in accordance with the purpose of a vote or, in the case of a main division, not in accordance with the purpose of the main division.

Such expenditure is treated as a current asset in the Statement of Financial Position until such expenditure is approved by the relevant authority, recovered or written off as irrecoverable.

Irregular expenditure

Irregular expenditure, is defined as:

expenditure, other than unauthorised expenditure, incurred in contravention or not in accordance with a requirement of any applicable legislation, including:

- the Public Finance Management Act
- the State Tender Board Act, or any regulations made in terms of this act, or
- any provincial legislation providing for procurement procedures in that provincial government.

It is treated as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance. If such expenditure

ACCOUNTING POLICIES For the year ended 31 March 2005

is not condoned and it is possibly recoverable it is disclosed as receivable in the Statement of Financial Position at year-end.

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure, is defined as: expenditure that was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised, therefore

it must be recovered from a responsible official (a debtor account should be raised), or the vote. (If responsibility cannot be determined.)

Such expenditure is treated as a current asset in the Statement of Financial Position until such expenditure is recovered from the responsible official or written off as irrecoverable.

4. Transfers and subsidies

Transfers and subsidies include all irrecoverable payments made by the entity. Transfers and subsidies are recognised as an expense when the final authorisation for payment is effected on the system.

5. Expenditure for capital assets

Capital assets are assets that can be used repeatedly and continuously in production for more than one year. Payments made for capital assets are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance when the final authorisation for payment is effected on the system.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES For the year ended 31 March 2005

6. Investments

Investments include; Investments in Associates; Joint ventures; Investments in controlled entities and Other investments.

Investments are shown at cost. On disposal of an investment, the surplus/(deficit) is recognised as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

7. Receivables

Receivables are not normally recognised under the modified cash basis of accounting. However, receivables included in the Statement of Financial Position arise from cash payments that are recoverable from another party, when the payments are made.

Receivables for services delivered are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position as a current asset or as income in the Statement of Financial Performance, as the Annual Financial Statements are prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting, but are disclosed separately as part of the disclosure notes to enhance the usefulness of the Annual Financial Statements.

8. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consists of cash on hand and balances with banks, short term investments in money market instruments and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

9. Payables

Payables are not normally recognised under the modified cash basis of accounting. However, payables included in the Statement of Financial Position arise from advances

ACCOUNTING POLICIES For the year ended 31 March 2005

received that are due to the Provincial/National Revenue Fund or another party.

10. Lease commitments

Lease commitments for the period remaining from the reporting date until the end of the lease contract are disclosed as part of the disclosure notes to the Annual Financial Statements. These commitments are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position as a liability or as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance as the Annual Financial Statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

Operating lease expenditure is expensed when the payment is made.

Finance lease expenditure is expensed when the payment is made, but results in the acquisition of the asset under the lease agreement. A finance lease is not allowed in terms of the Public Finance Management Act.

11. Accruals

This amount represents goods/services that have been received, but no invoice has been received from the supplier at the reporting date, OR an invoice has been received but final authorisation for payment has not been effected on the system. These amounts are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position as a liability or as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance as the Annual Financial Statements are prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting, but are however disclosed as part of the disclosure notes.

12. Contingent liability

This is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the department; or a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:



ACCOUNTING POLICIES For the year ended 31 March 2005

it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation; or

The amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Statement of Financial position, but the information is disclosed as part of the disclosure notes.

13. Commitments

This amount represents goods/services that have been approved and/or contracted, but no delivery has taken place at the reporting date. These amounts are not recognised in the Statement of financial position as a liability or as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance as the Annual Financial Statements are prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting, but are however disclosed as part of the disclosure notes.

14. Capitalisation reserve

The capitalisation reserve represents an amount equal to the value of the investment and/or loans capitalised. On disposal, repayment or recovery, such amounts are transferred to the Revenue Fund.

15. Recoverable revenue

Recoverable revenue represents payments made and recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance as an expense in previous years due to non-performance in accordance with an agreement, which have now become recoverable from a debtor. Repayments are transferred to the Revenue Fund as and when the repayment is received.

16. Comparative figures

Where necessary, comparative figures have been restated to conform to the changes in the presentation in the current year. The comparative figures shown in these Annual

Part E

PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

ACCOUNTING POLICIES For the year ended 31 March 2005

Financial Statements are limited to the figures shown in the previous year's audited Annual Financial Statements and such other comparative figures that the department may reasonably have available for reporting. Reclassification of expenditure has occurred due to the implementation of the Standard Chart of Accounts. It is not practical to present comparative amounts in the Cash Flow Statements as this would involve reclassification of amounts dating back to the 2002/03 year-end.





				Appro	Appropriation per Programme	gramme				
					2004/05				200	2003/04
		Adjusted	Shifting of	Virement	Final	Actual	Variance	Expenditure	Final	Actual
		Appropriation	Funds		Appropriation	Expenditure		as % of final	Appropriation	Expenditure
							R'000	appropriation		
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000		%	R'000	R'000
	Health Administration									
-	Current payment	245,942	1		245,942	239,159	6,783	97.2%	195,844	217,432
•	Transfers and subsidies	2,122	1	•	2,122	2,178	(29)	102.6%	•	•
_	Expenditure for capital assets	4,047	•		4,047	3,227	820	%1.62	18,664	(2,873)
2	District Health Services									
i	Current payment	2,216,570		•	2,216,570	2,193,812	22,758	%0'66	1,880,483	1,990,718
•	Transfers and subsidies	330,038	1	-	330,038	347,762	(17,724)	105.4%	472,563	217,566
_	Expenditure for capital assets	23,392	•	•	23,392	16,909	6,483	72.3%	6'60	10,062
3.	Emergency Medical									
<i>U</i> ,	Services									
_	Current payment	125,963	1	•	125,963	124,296	1,667	%1.86	146,305	110,280
	Transfers and subsidies	315	1		315	319	(4)	101.3%	46,434	73,838
_	Expenditure for capital assets	819	•	•	919	619	(I)	100.2%	18,569	10,370
4	4. Provincial Hospital									
<i>J</i> ,	Services									
	Current payment	1,605,194	1		1,605,194	1,597,636	7,558	%5'66	1,550,757	1,501,288
d	Transfers and subsidies	96,347	1		96,347	96,051	796	%1.66	124,843	144,188
	Expenditure for capital assets	17,893	1		17,893	14,664	3,229	85.0%	620'99	118,806





PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

	2003/04	Actual	Expenditure	R'000			•	•	•		122,691		193				22,810	1	717			75,347	•	329,528
	200	Final	Appropriation	R'000			ı		•		146,356		300				52,609	1	1,140			66,479	1	350,765
		Expenditure	as % of final	appropriation %			%0:0	%0:0	%0:0		97.2%	99.1%	•				%9'96	94.4%	%0:0			%9'601	%0:0	%8′.76
		Variance		R'000			1	1	•		4,590	7	(1)				396		•			(3,271)	•	7,553
Programme		Actual	Expenditure	R'000			1	1	•		159,209	738	-				10,423	17	•			37,303	1	335,251
Appropriation per Programme	2004/05	Final	Appropriation	R'000			ı	1	•		163,799	745	•				10,789	18	•			34,032	1	342,804
Арр		Virement		R'000			1	1	•		1	,	•				•		1			1	•	•
		Shifting of	Funds	R'000			1	1	•		1	1	•				ı	1	1			ı	1	•
		Adjusted	Appropriation	R'000			ı		•		163,799	745	•				10,789	18	1			34,032	1	342,804
					5. Central Hospital	Services	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	6. Health Science & Training	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	- - - - -	/. Health Care Support	Services	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	8. Health Facilities Develop-	ment and Maintenance	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets

			Approp	Appropriation per Programme	ramme				
				2004/05				200	2003/04
	Adjusted	Shifting of	Virement	Final	Actual	Variance	Expenditure	Final	Actual
	Appropriation	Funds		Appropriation	Expenditure		as % of final	Appropriation	Expenditure
						R'000	appropriation		
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000		%	R'000	R'000
Subtotal	5,220,628	'	·	5,220,628	5,179,574	41,054	99.2%	5,111,182	5,242,461
Statutory Appropriation Current payments	638			829	643	(5)	100.8%	602	551
Transfers and subsidies Payment for capital assets							%0:0		
Total	5,221,266		•	5,221,266	5,180,217	41,049	99.2%	5,111,784	5,243,012
Reconciliation with Statement of Financial Performance Prior year unauthorised expenditure approved with funding	cial Performance are approved with fund	ling						ı	
Departmental receipts				9,784				76,829	
Local and foreign aid assistance				9,518				2,599	
Actual amounts per Statement of Financial Performance (Total Revenue)	cial Performance (Total	l Revenue) financial year but ove	noncod for	5,240,568				5,191,212	
appropriation purposes	ised duling the cullent	illialiciai yeai, but ex	ליכווזכם וחו						
Other payments in Appropriation Statement, not accounted for in the	Statement, not account	ted for in the							
Statement of Financial Performance	ice								
Local and foreign aid assistance					9,518				1,020
Prior year unauthorised expenditure approved	ure approved								
Prior year fruitless and wasteful expenditure condoned	expenditure condoned								
Actual amounts per Statement of Financial Performance	cial Performance			•					
Expenditure					5,189,735				5,244,032







PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

	-		Appropriatio	Appropriation per Economic classification	classification				
				2004/05				200	2003/04
	Adjusted	Shifting of	Virement	Final	Actual	Variance	Expenditure	Final	Actual
	Appropriation	Funds		Appropriation	Expenditure		as % of final	Appropriation	Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	appropriation %	R'000	R'000
Current payments Compensation to employees	3,255,267	t		3,255,267	3,229,408	25,859	99.2%	2,846,357	2,815,122
Goods and services	1,147,022		1	1,147,022	1,132,432	14,590	98.7%	1,165,476	1,225,405
Interest and rent on land		•	1	1	•	1	%0.0	1	1
Financial transactions in assets		•	1	1	•	1	%0:0	•	•
and montes Transfers & subsidies									
Provinces & municipalities	269,552	ı	•	269,552	216,121	53,431	80.2%	643,842	735,594
Departmental agencies &	135,701	1	•	135,701	195,272	(26,571)	143.9%	ı	•
accounts							ò		
Universities & technikons	1	1	•	ı	1	1	%0.0	ı	•
Foreign governments & International organisations	•	1	1	1	•	1	%0:0	•	•
Public corporations & private	ı	٠	٠		11,258	(11,258)	•	٠	•
enterprises									
Non-profit institutions	•	1	1	1	4	(4)	1	1	1
Households	24,332	•	1	24,332	24,411	(6L)	100.3%	1	1
Gifts and donations	1	1	•	1	ı	•	0.0%	1	•

PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

			Appropriation	Appropriation per Economic classification	classification				
				2004/05				200	2003/04
	Adjusted	Shifting of	Virement	Final	Actual	Variance	Expenditure	Final	Actual
	Appropriation	Funds		Appropriation	Expenditure		as % of final	Appropriation	Expenditure
							appropriation		
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Payment on capital assets									
Buildings & other fixed structures	356,684			356,684	343,889	12,795	96.4%	350,810	341,924
Machinery & equipment	32,070	ı	1	32,070	26,779	5,291	83.5%	104,697	124,416
Biological or cultivated assets	1	1	•	•	1	•	%0:0	1	1
Software & other intangible assets	•	1		1	1		%0:0	1	1
Land & subsoil assets	•	•	•	•	•	-	0.0%	•	•
Total	5,220,628	1		5,220,628	5,179,574	41,054	99.2%	5,111,182	5,242,461





PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

	2003/04	Actual	Expenditure	000,0	0000					551						551
	200	Final	Appropriation	OOO,a	000 1					602						905
		Expenditure	as % of final	appropriation %	0/	%0:0	0.0%		%0.0	100.8%		%0.0	%0.0		%0:0	100.8%
		Variance		000,0	000 N	1	•		ı	(5)		1	•		•	(5)
tion		Actual	Expenditure	OUU	NOOO					643						643
Statutory Appropriation	2004/05	Final	Appropriation	000,4	N 000	•	•		1	929		1				989
Statı		Virement		000,0	0000											•
		Shifting of	Funds	000,0	0000											•
		Adjusted	Appropriation	000,0	000 1					989						989
		Direct charge against	Provincial Revenue Fund			List all direct charges against the Revenue Fund	President and Deputy President	salaries	Minister and deputy ministers salaries	Member of executive	committee/parliamentary officers	Judges salaries	Sector education and training	authorities SETA	National skills fund	Total

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 1 - HEALTH ADMINISTRATION for the year ended 31 March 2005

	Programme per Apple Subprogramme		1.1 Office of the MEC Current payment Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	1.2 Management Current payment Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	1.3	Total
-	Adjusted Appropriation	R'000	4,624	1	241,318 2,122	4,047		252,111
	Shifting of Funds	R'000						•
	Virement	R'000						•
2004/05	Final Appropriation	R'000	4,624	•	241,318 2,122	4,047		252,111
	Actual Expenditure	R'000	4,346	261	234,813	2,966		244,564
	Variance	R'000	278	(261)	6,505	1,081		7,547
	Expenditure as % of final	4ppr opriation %	94.0%	1	97.3%	73.3%		%0'.76
200	Final Appropriation	R'000	6,170	260	189,674	18,404		214,508
2003/04	Actual Expenditure	R'000	4,372		213,060	2,873		214,559





PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 1 - HEALTH ADMINISTRATION for the year ended 31 March 2005

			Apk	Appropriation per Programme	Programme				
				2004/05				700	2003/04
Economic classification	Adjusted	Shifting of	Virement	Final	Actual	Variance	Expenditure	Final	Actual
	Appropriation	Funds		Appropriation	Expenditure		as % of final	Appropriation	Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	appropriation %	R'000	R'000
Current payments									
Compensation to employees	92,228			92,228	87,002	5,226	94.3%	616'81	68,157
Goods and services	153,714			153,714	152,157	1,557	%0'66	116,865	149,275
Interest and rent on land				•		•	%0:0		
Financial transactions in assets				1		•	%0.0		
and liabilities									
Transfers & subsidies									
Provinces & municipalities	1,681			1,681	1,773	(65)	105.5%		
Departmental agencies &				1		1	%0:0		
accounts									
Universities & technikons				•		1	%0:0		
Foreign governments & international				1		1	%0:0		
organisations									
Public corporations & private				•		1	%0:0		
enterprises									
Non-profit institutions				•			%0:0		
Households	441			441	406	35	92.1%		
Gifts and donations	•			•		1	%0.0		

PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 1 - HEALTH ADMINISTRATION for the year ended 31 March 2005

				2004/05)07	2003/04
Economic classification	Adjusted	Shifting of	Virement	Final	Actual	Variance	Expenditure	Final	Actual
	Appropriation	Funds		Appropriation	Expenditure		as % of final	Appropriation	Expenditure
							appropriation		
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Payments for capital assets									
Buildings & other fixed structures				1	103	(103)	1		1,422
Machinery & equipment	4,047			4,047	3,123	924	77.2%	18,664	(4,295)
Biological or cultivated assets				•		1	%0:0		
Software & other intangible assets				•		1	%0:0		
Land & subsoil assets				1		•	%0:0		
Total	252,111	•	•	252,111	244,564	7,547	%0'.26	214,508	214,559
				111,1404	. >>1.	2	2		2001





PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

	Actual Expenditure	R'000	78,216	- 842	406,123	142,302	343,628 17,923 230
2003/04	Final	R'000	76,875	1,269	360,634	134,543 378	286,054
	Expenditure as % of final App	appropriation %	102.1%	100.0%	103.6%	97.8% 53.4%	98.2% 339.0%
	Variance	R'000	(3,941)	- 6	(600′L1)	2,026	4,378 (5,640) (3,212)
	Actual Expenditure	R'000	194,928	3,995	495,750	89,469	245,406 8,000 3,212
2004/05	Final Appropriation	R'000	190,987	3,995	478.741	91,495	249,784
	Virement	R'000					
	Shifting of Funds	R'000					
	Adjusted Appropriation	R'000	190,987	3,995	478,741	91,495 15,143	249,784 2,360 -
	Programme per subprogramme		2.1 District Management Current payment	Transfers and subsidies Expenditure for capital assets	2.2 Community Health Clinics Current payment	Transfers and subsidies Expenditure for capital assets	2.3 Community Health Centres Current payment Transfers and subsidies Expenditure for capital assets

PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 2 - HEALTH ADMINISTRATION for the year ended 31 March 2005

				2004/05				200	2003/04
Programme per	Adjusted	Shifting of	Virement	Final	Actual	Variance	Expenditure	Final	Actual
subprogramme	Appropriation	Funds		Appropriation	Expenditure		as % of final	Appropriation	Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	appropriation %	R'000	R'000
2.4 Community Based Services									
Current payment	40,442			40,442	42,537	(2,095)	105.2%	11,191	8,933
Transfers and subsidies	E			11	62	(51)	263.6%	3,065	1,878
Expenditure for capital assets	•				127	(127)	1	49	1
2.5 Other Community									
Services									
Current payment	39,624			q	37,565	2,059	94.8%	181	6,007
Transfers and subsidies	294			294	282	12	62.9%		
Expenditure for capital assets	379			379	32	347	8.4%	_	4
2.6 HIV/Aids									
Current payment	84,200		11,723	95,923	78,983	16,940	82.3%	45,637	37,843
Transfers and subsidies	32,886			32.886	34,677	(1,791)	105.4%	34,158	34,067
Expenditure for capital assets	3,161			3,161	1,510	1,651	47.8%	1,680	818





PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

				2004/05				2003	2003/04
Programme per	Adjusted	Shifting of	Virement	Final	Actual	Variance	Expenditure	Final	Actual
subprogramme	Appropriation	Funds		Appropriation	Expenditure		as % of final appropriation	Appropriation	Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	. %	R'000	R'000
2.7 Nutrition Current payment	,			1	(095)	290		1	20
Transfers and subsidies Expanditure for capital assets	15,406			15,406	23,310	(7,904)	151.3%	172,421	173,032
S Coronor Sorving									
Current payment	450			450	387	63	%0.98	1,000	1
Transfers and subsidies	ı			1		•	%0:0	•	•
Expenditure for capital assets	1		•	•		•	%0:0		
2.9 District Hospitals	1 122 242		11 793	0,700,1	1 008 816	21 802	08 1%	1008 011	1 100 018
Current payment Transfers and subsidies	183,591		671,11	1,120,619	187,967	(4,376)	102.4%	128,376	148,364
Expenditure for capital assets	4,616			4,616	3,863	753	83.7%	6,345	7,512
2.10									
Total	2,570,000		•	2,570,000	2,558,483	11,517	%9.66	2,363,038	2,518,346

PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

Appropriation Adjusted Shifting of Wirement Final Appropriation Expenditure Expendit					2004/05				2003/04	3/04
Appropriation Expenditure as % of final appropriation (Appropriation R0000) R0000	Economic classification	Adjusted	Shifting of	Virement	Final	Actual	Variance	Expenditure	Final	Actual
1,678,111		Appropriation	Funds		Appropriation	Expenditure		as % of final	Appropriation	Expenditure
1,678,111 1,667,112 10,999 99,3% 538,459 526,699 11,760 97,8% 0.00		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	appropriation %	R'000	R'000
1,678,111 1,667,112 10,999 99.3% 538,459 526,699 11,760 97,8% 97,8	Current									
5.58,459	Compensation to employees	1,678,111			1,678,111	1,667,112	10,999	%5'66	1,432,946	1,542,049
267,097 44,825 44,825 48,825 48,825 48,825 48,825 48,825 48,825 49,971 65,146) 245,3%	Goods and services	538,459			538,459	526,699	11,760	%8'.16	447,537	448,642
267,097 208,780 58,317 78,2% 44,825 109,971 (65,146) 245,3% 10,0% 10,0% 10,1% 10,176 11,1% 10,06% 10,0	Interest and rent on land				1	1	1	%0:0		
267,097 267,097 208,780 58,317 78,2% 44,825 109,971 (65,146) 245,3% - - - 0.0% - 10,779 (10,779) - 18,116 18,229 (113) 100.6%	Financial transactions in assets				1	1	•	%0:0		
267,097 267,097 208,780 58,317 78,2% 44,825 109,971 (65,146) 245,3% - - - 0.0% - 10,779 (10,779) - 18,116 18,26 (113) 100,6% - - 0.0%	and liabilities									
267,097 267,097 58,317 78,2% 44,825 109,971 (65,146) 245,3% - - 0.0% - 10,779 (10,779) - 18,116 18,116 18,229 (113) 100,6%	Transfers & subsidies									
44,825 109,971 (65,146) - - - - 10,779 (10,779) 18,116 18,229 (113) - - - -	Provinces & municipalities	267,097			267,097	208,780	58,317	78.2%	472,564	217,567
18,116 18,229	Dept agencies & accounts	44,825			44,825	109,971	(92,146)	245.3%		
- 10,779 (10,779) - 4 (4) - 4 (4) - 18,116 18,229 (113)	Universities & Technikons				•	•	•	%0:0		
- 10,779 (10,779) - 4 (4) - 4 (4) - 18,116 - 18,229	Foreign governments &				•	•	•	%0:0		
- 10,779 (10,779) - 4 (4) - 4 (4) - 18,116 - 18,229 (113)	international organisations									
18,116 - 4 (4) 18,116 18,229 (113)	Public corporations & private				•	10,779	(6/1/01)	•		
18,116 - 4 (4) 18,116 18,229 (113)	enterprises									
18,116 18,229 (113)	Non-profit institutions				1	4	(4)	•		
•	Households	18,116			18,116	18,229	(113)	%9:001		
	Gifts and donations				•		•	%0:0		



PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

				2004/05				200	2003/04
Economic classification	Adjusted	Shifting of	Virement	Final	Actual	Variance	Expenditure	Final	Actual
	Appropriation	Funds		Appropriation	Expenditure		as % of final	Appropriation	Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	appropriation %	R'000	R'000
Capital Buildings & other fixed structures	11,419			11,419	8,693	2,726	76.1%	46	5,126
Machinery & equipment	11,973			11,973	8,216	3,757	%9.89	9,945	4,962
Biological or Cultivated assets				ı		•	%0:0		
Software & other intangible assets				1	1	1	%0:0		
Land & subsoil assets				1		1	%0:0		
Total	2,570,000	,	'	2,570,000	2,558,483	11,517	%9'66	2,363,038	2,518,346

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 3 - EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES for the year ended 31 March 2005

				2004/05				2003/04	/04
Programme per	Adjusted	Shifting of	Virement	Final	Actual	Variance	Expenditure	Final	Actual
subprogramme	Appropriation	Funds		Appropriation	Expenditure		as % of final appropriation	Appropriation	Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
3.1 Emergency Transport									
Current payment	125,299			125,299	123,620	1,679	%1.86	146,305	110,280
Transfers and subsidies	47			47	54	<u>(c)</u>	114.9%	37,905	39,001
Expenditure for capital assets	919			919	619	(1)	100.2%	18,569	10,370
3.2 Planned Patient									
Transport					į	707	30		
Current payment	999			664	9/9	(12)	101.8%	1	•
Transfers and subsidies	268			268	265	3	%6'86	8,529	34,837
Expenditure for capital assets	•			1		•	%0:0		
Total	126,896	-	,	126,896	125,234	1,662	98.7%	211,308	194,488







PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 3 - EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES for the year ended 31 March 2005

				2004/05				200	2003/04
Economic classification	Adjusted	Shifting of	Virement	Final	Actual	Variance	Expenditure	Final	Actual
	Appropriation	Funds		Appropriation	Expenditure		as % of final	Appropriation	Expenditure
							appropriation		
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current									
Compensation to employees	94,441			94,441	93,055	1,386	%5'86	66,439	18,391
Goods and services	31,522			31,522	31,242	280	99.1%	76,866	61,879
Interest and rent on land				ı		•	%0:0		
Financial transactions in assets and				1		•	%0:0		
libilities									
Transfers & subsidies									
Provinces & municipalities	276			276	279	(3)	101.1%	46,434	73,839
Dept agencies & accounts	16			16		16	%0:0		
Universities & Technikons				ı		1	%0:0		
Foreign governments &				1		1	%0:0		
international organisations									
Public corporations & private				1	17	(11)	1		
enterprises									
Non-profit institutions				ı		•	%0:0		
Households	23			23	23	•	100.0%		
Gifts and donations				ı		•	%0:0		
Capital									
Buildings & other fixed structures	16			16	16	•	100.0%		965'9
Machinery & equipment	605			602	905	1	100.0%	18,569	3,784
Biological or Cultivated assets		1	1	ı		1	%0:0		
Software & other intangible assets				ı		1	%0:0		
Land & subsoil assets				1			%0:0		
Total	126,896			126,896	125,234	1,662	%2'86	211,308	194,488

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 4 - PROVINCIAL HOSPITAL SERVICES for the year ended 31 March 2005

				2004/05				200	2003/04
Programme per	Adjusted	Shifting of	Virement	Final	Actual	Variance	Expenditure	Final	Actual
subprogramme	Appropriation	Funds		Appropriation	Expenditure		as % of final appropriation	Appropriation	Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
4.1 General (Regional) Hospital									
Current payment	1,433,555			1,433,555	1,410,766	22,789	98.4%	1,333,003	1,344,724
Iransfers and subsidies Expenditure for capital assets	70,581			17,330	69,594	98/	98.6%	63,237	63,371
	000,1				20'1	2,12	2	r Or	111,211
4.2 TB Hospitals Current navment				1			%00	,	~
Transfers and subsidies	24,968			24,968	24,507	461	98.2%	909'19	80,757
Expenditure for capital assets	•			1		1	%0.0	,	•
4.3 Phychiatric / Mental									
Hospitals				,					
Current payment	171,639			1/1,639	186,870	(15,231)	108.9%	217,754	156,548
Transfers and subsidies	798			198	1,950	(1,152)	244.4%		
Expenditure for capital assets	563			563	82	478	15.1%	6,905	6'056
Total	1,719,434			1,719,434	1,708,351	11,083	99.4%	1,731,679	1,764,282



PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 4 - PROVINCIAL HOSPITAL SERVICES for the year ended 31 March 2005

2003/04	Actual Expenditure	R'000	1,059,361	441,926				144,188									
200	Final Appropriation	R'000	1,135,728	415,028				124,844									
	Expenditure as % of final	appropriation %	%9'66	99.3%	%0:0			1	93.9%	%0.0	%0:0	1	%0:0		100.0%	%0:0	
	Variance	R'000	4,942	2,615	1 1			(4,799)	2,559	•	1	(462)	•		<u>(2)</u>	•	
	Actual Expenditure	R'000	1,227,325	370,312				4,799	85,301			462			5,488		
2004/05	Final Appropriation	R'000	1,232,267	372,927				ı	098'06	•	•	ı	1		5,487	ı	
	Virement	R'000															
	Shifting of Funds	R'000															
	Adjusted Appropriation	R'000	1,232,267	372,927					098'06						5,487		
	Economic classification		Current Compensation to employees	Goods and services	Interest and rent on land Financial transactions in assets	and libilities	Transfers & subsidies	Provinces & municipalities	Dept agencies & accounts	Universities & Technikons	Foreign governments &	international organisations	Public corporations & private	enterprises	Non-profit institutions	Households	Gifts and donations

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 4 - PROVINCIAL HOSPITAL SERVICES for the year ended 31 March 2005

	-	-		2004/05				2003/04	/04
Economic classification	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	appropriation %	R'000	R'000
Capital Buildings & other fixed structures	2,451			2,451	150	2,301	6.1%		(388)
Machinery & equipment	15,442			15,442	14,514	876	94.0%	26,079	119,195
Biological or Cultivated assets				1		•	%0:0		
Software & other intangible assets				,		•	%0:0		
Land & subsoil assets				•		1	%0:0		
Total	1,719,434	1		1,719,434	1,708,351	11,083	99.4%	1,731,679	1,764,282





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PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 6 - HEALTH SCIENCE AND TRAINING for the year ended 31 March 2005

					_							_		\neg
2003/04	Actual Expenditure	R'000	102,234	. 131	730	- +67	45	0 551	וטט'ג -	•		9,180	- 11	=
200	Final	R'000	102,127	- 215	CC	399	82	//3 83U		•		•		
	Expenditure as % of final	appropriation %	97.1%	99.1%	700/	%0:0 0:0%	%0:0	709 00	%0.0	%0.0		87.5%	%0.0	
	Variance	R'000	4,481	7	F	'	•	06				_	· <u></u>	-
	Actual	R'000	151,447	738	101	/6		7 560	000'			7		-
2004/05	Final	R'000	155,928	745		274	•	L C	- 68¢'/	•		80		•
	Virement	R'000												
	Shifting of Funds	R'000												
	Adjusted	R'000	155,928	745	170		•	7 580				8		
	Programme per		6.1 Nursing Training College Current payment	Transfers and subsidies Expenditure for capital assets	6.2 EMS Training College	Current payment Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	6.3 Bursaries	Current payment Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	6.4 Primary Health Care Training	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	experioritare for capital assets

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 6 - HEALTH SCIENCE AND TRAINING for the year ended 31 March 2005

			Т		<u></u>	,	_	
2003/04	Actual		K.000		1,472	•	·	122,884
2003	Final		K.000		•	•	1	146,656
	Expenditure	appropriation	%			%0:0	%0:0	97.2%
	Variance		K.000		2	ı	1	4,596
	Actual		K.000		2			159,948
2004/05	Final		K.000		ı	1	1	164,544
	Virement		K.000					1
	Shifting of		K000					1
	Adjusted		K.000					164,544
	Programme per	sabli ogi allillo		6.5 Training Other	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	Total



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PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 6 - HEALTH SCIENCE AND TRAINING for the year ended 31 March 2005

2003/04	Actual Expenditure	R'000	109,260					
200	Final Appropriation	R'000	108,945					
	Expenditure as % of final	appi opi iation %	97.9%	0.0%	98.5%	0.0%	%0.0	100.0%
	Variance	R'000	3,256		7			
	Actual Expenditure	R'000	149,416 9,794		473			265
2004/05	Final Appropriation	R'000	152,672		480	1 1		265
	Virement	R'000						
	Shifting of Funds	R'000						
	Adjusted Appropriation	R'000	152,672 11,127		480			265
	Economic classification		Current Compensation to employees Goods and services	Interest and rent on land Financial transactions in assets and libilities	Transfers & subsidies Provinces & municipalities Dept agencies & accounts	Universities & Technikons Foreign governments & international organisations	Public corporations & private enterprises Non-profit institutions	Households Gifts and donations

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 6 - HEALTH SCIENCE AND TRAINING for the year ended 31 March 2005

				2004/05				200	2003/04
Economic classification	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	appropriation %	R'000	R'000
Capital Buildings & other fixed structures Machinery & equipment Biological or Cultivated assets Software & other intangible assets Land & subsoil assets							%0'0 %0'0 %0'0 %0'0	300	189
Total	164,544	•	1	164,544	159,948	4,596	97.2%	146,656	122,884



PART E - Appropriation Statement



PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 7 - HEALTH CARE SUPPORT SERVICES for the vear ended 31 March 2005

	2003/04	Actual	Expenditure	R'000														22,810		217
	200	Final	Appropriation	R'000														52,609		1,140
•		Expenditure	as % of final appropriation	. %	%0:0	%0:0	%0.0		%0:0	%0:0	%0:0		%0:0	%0:0	%0:0			%9.96	94.4%	%0:0
		Variance		R'000		•	1		•	1			•	1	•			396	-	1
March 2005		Actual	Expenditure	R'000														10,423	11	
ior the year ended 31 March 2005	2004/05	Final	Appropriation	R'000		1				1	•		1	ı	1			10,789	18	
ror tne yea		Virement		R'000																
		Shifting of	Funds	R'000																
		Adjusted	Appropriation	R'000														10,789	18	•
		Programme per	subprogramme		7.1 Laundries Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	7.2 Engineering	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	7 3 Forenic Services	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	7.4 Orthotic and Prosthetic	Services	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 7 - HEALTH CARE SUPPORT SERVICES for the year ended 31 March 2005

2003/04	Actual Expenditure	R'000		23,027
200	Final Appropriation	R'000		26,749
	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	%	0.0% 0.0%	%9.96
	Variance	R'000	1 1 1	367
	Actual Expenditure	R'000		10,440
2004/05	Final Actual Appropriation Expenditure	R'000		10,807
	Virement	R'000		1
	Shifting of Funds	R'000		1
	Adjusted Appropriation	R'000		10,807
	Programme per subprogramme		7.5 Medicine Trading Account Current payment Transfers and subsidies Expenditure for capital assets	Total





PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 7 - HEALTH CARE SUPPORT SERVICES for the year ended 31 March 2005

	2003/04	Actual Expenditure	R'000		17,873	4,938														
	200	Final Appropriation	R'000		20,320	5,289														
		Expenditure as % of final appropriation	%		99.1%	94.0%	%0:0	%0:0			94.4%	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0			%0:0	%0:0	0.0%
		Variance	R'000		20	316	•	1			-	1	1	1	1			1	1	
viai ci i 2003		Actual Expenditure	R'000		2,498	4,925					17									
ioi trie year eriaca 31 maren 2003	2004/05	Final Appropriation	R'000		5,548	5,241	1	•			18	1	1	•	1			•	•	1
		Virement	R'000																	
		Shifting of Funds	R'000																	
		Adjusted Appropriation	R'000		5,548	5,241					18									
		Programme per subprogramme		Current	Compensation to employees	Goods and services	Interest and rent on land	Financial transactions in assets	and libilities	Transfers & subsidies	Provinces & municipalities	Dept agencies & accounts	Universities & Technikons	Foreign governments &	international organisations	Public corporations & private	enterprises	Non-profit institutions	Households	Gifts and donations

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 7 - HEALTH CARE SUPPORT SERVICES for the year ended 31 March 2005

04	Actual	Expenditure	R'000			80	136			23,027
2003/04	Final	Appropriation	R'000		1,140					26,749
	Expenditure		appropriation %		%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%9.96
	Variance		R'000		1	1	1	1	•	367
	Actual	Expenditure	R'000							10,440
2004/05	Final	Appropriation	R'000		1	1	1	1	•	10,807
	Virement		R'000							•
	Shifting of	Funds	R'000							•
	Adjusted	Appropriation	R'000							10,807
	Economic classification			Capital	Buildings & other fixed structures	Machinery & equipment	Biological or Cultivated assets	Software & other intangible assets	Land & subsoil assets	Total





PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 8 - HEALTH FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT AND MAINTENANCE for the year ended 31 March 2005

2003/04	Actual Expenditure		000 4											•	1	32		V C L C V	49,504	•	254,833
200	Final		0004											•	1			76 / 45	35,045	1	289,353
	Expenditure as % of final	appropriation	Q		100.1%	%0:0	100.0%		%6.66	%0:0	%0:0			%0:0 	%0:0	%0:0		,0F OFF	%/1011	0.0%	96.7%
	Variance	0000	0004		(1)	1	(89)		-	1	•			•	•	1		(100 %)	(3,080)	1	5,010
	Actual		0004		1,994		148,660		861									110 00	32,041		148,719
2004/05	Final		000 A		1,993	1	148,592		862	1	•			1	1	1			28,955	1	153,729
	Virement	C	0007																		
	Shifting of Funds		0007																		
	Appropriation		000 A		1,993		148,592		862	,	•							110 00	66,755		153,729
	Programme per			8.1 Community Health Facilities	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	8.2 Other Facilities	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	8.3 Central Hospital	Services	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	8.4 District Hospital	Services	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 8 - HEALTH FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT AND MAINTENANCE for the year ended 31 March 2005

			2004/05				200	2003/04
Adjusted	Shifting of	Virement	Final	Actual	Variance	Expenditure	Final	Actual
Appropriation	Funds		Appropriation	Expenditure		as % of final	Appropriation	Expenditure
						appropriation		
R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
2,222			2,222	2,407	(182)	108.3%	30,834	25,843
			ı		•	%0.0	1	1
40,483			40,483	37,872	2,611	63.6%	61,412	74,663
376,836	1		376,836	372,554	4,282	%6'86	417,244	404,875





PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 8 - HEALTH FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT AND MAINTENANCE for the year ended 31 March 2005

	2003/04	Actual	Expenditure		R'000		31	75,315														
	200	Final	Appropriation		R'000			99'480														
		Expenditure	as % of final	appropriation	%		%0:0	%9'601	%0:0	%0:0			%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0		%0:0		%0:0	%0:0	%0:0
		Variance			R'000		1	(3,271)	1	1			1	1	1	1		1		•	1	•
		Actual	Expenditure		R'000			37,303														
10,4000	2004/05	Final	Appropriation		R'000		1	34,032	ı	ı			1	1	1	1		1		ı	ı	•
,		Virement			R'000																	
		Shifting of	Funds		R'000																	
		Adjusted	Appropriation		R'000			34,032														
		Programme per	subprogramme			Current	Compensation to employees	Goods and services	Interest and rent on land	Financial transactions in assets	and libilities	Transfers & subsidies	Provinces & municipalities	Dept agencies & accounts	Universities & Technikons	Foreign governments &	international organisations	Public corporations & private	enterprises	Non-profit institutions	Households	Gifts and donations

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 8 - HEALTH FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT AND MAINTENANCE for the year ended 31 March 2005

				4	2				2
2003/04	Actual	Expenditure	R'000	329,084	445				404,875
200	Final	Appropriation	R'000	350,764					417,244
	Expenditure	as % of final	appropriation %	%1.7%	2400.0%	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%6'86
	Variance		R'000	7,871	(318)	1	1	•	4,282
	Actual	Expenditure	R'000	334,927	324				372,554
2004/05	Final	Appropriation	R'000	342,798	q	1	1	ı	376,836
	Virement		R'000						
	Shifting of	Funds	R'000						•
	Adjusted	Appropriation	R'000	342,798	9				376,836
	Economic classification			Capital Buildings & other fixed structures	Machinery & equipment	Biological or Cultivated assets	Software & other intangible assets	Land & subsoil assets	Total



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PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
VOTE 3

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 9 - SPECIAL FUNCTIONS for the year ended 31 March 2005

2003/04	Actual	Expenditure		R'000		(48)				48			-
200	Final	Appropriation		R'000									-
	Expenditure	as % of final	appropriation	%		%0:0	%0:0	%0'0		%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	0.0%
	Variance			R'000		•	•	•		1	1	1	-
	Actual	Expenditure		R'000									•
2004/05	Final	Appropriation		R'000		ı	1	1		•	1	1	ı
	Virement			R'000									-
	Shifting of	Funds		R'000									-
	Adjusted	Appropriation		R'000									-
	Programme per	subprogramme			9.1 Medsas Administration	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	9.2 Medsas Supplies	Current payment	Transfers and subsidies	Expenditure for capital assets	Total

PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 9 - SPECIAL FUNCTIONS for the year ended 31 March 2005

		ıre																		
2003/04		Expenditure	R'000																	
20	Final	Appropriation	R'000																	
	Expenditure	as % of final	appropriation %		%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0			%0:0	%0.0	%0:0	%0:0		%0:0		%0:0	%0:0	%0:0
	Variance		R'000		ı	ı	ı	•			1	1	1	•		1		ı	ı	1
	Actual	Expenditure	R'000																	
2004/05	Final	Appropriation	R'000		ı	ı	ı	ı			1	1	1	•		1		ı	ı	•
	Virement		R'000																	
	Shifting of	Funds	R'000																	
	Adjusted	Appropriation	R'000																	
	Programme per	subprogramme		Current	Compensation to employees	Goods and services	Interest and rent on land	Financial transactions in assets	and libilities	Transfers & subsidies	Provinces & municipalities	Dept agencies & accounts	Universities & Technikons	Foreign governments &	international organisations	Public corporations & private	enterprises	Non-profit institutions	Households	Gifts and donations



PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

DETAIL PER PROGRAMME 9 - SPECIAL FUNCTIONS for the year ended 31 March 2005

2003/04		Appropriation Expenditure	R'000 R'000							
	Expenditure		appropriation %		%0:0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0:0	%0:0
	Variance		R'000		1	1	1	1	•	•
	Actual	Expenditure	R'000							
2004/05	Final	Appropriation	R'000		1	•	1	1	•	
	Virement		R'000							•
	Shifting of	Funds	R'000							•
	Adjusted	Appropriation	R'000							•
	Economic classification			Capital	Buildings & other fixed structures	Machinery & equipment	Biological or Cultivated assets	Software & other intangible assets	Land & subsoil assets	Total

NOTES TO THE APPROPRIATION STATEMENT

for the year ended 31 March 2005

1. Detail of transfers and subsidies as per Appropriation Act (after Virement):

Detail of these transactions can be viewed in note 11 (Transfers and subsidies) and Annexure 1 (A-K) to the Annual Financial Statements.

2. Detail of specifically and exclusively appropriated amounts voted (after Virement):

Detail of these transactions can be viewed in note 1 (Annual Appropriation) to the Annual Financial Statements.

3. Detail on financial transactions in assets and liabilities

Detail of these transactions per programme can be viewed in note 8 (Financial transactions in assets and liabilities) to the Annual Financial Statements.

- 4. Explanations of material variances from Amounts Voted (after virement):
- 4.1 Per programme:

	Voted Funds after virement	Actual Expenditure	R'000	%
Health Administration	252,111	244,564	7,547	2.99%
	Saving mainly due to the belt tight towards realizing a saving to part	U		•
District Health Services	2,570,000	2,558,483	11,517	0.45%
	Saving mainly due to the belt tight towards realizing a saving to part	•		•
Emergency Medical Services	126,896	125,234	1,662	1.31%
	Saving mainly due to the belt tight towards realizing a saving to part			
Provincial Hospital Services	1,719,434	1,708,351	11,083	0.64%
	Saving mainly due to the belt tight towards realizing a saving to partl further contributing factor toward grants payments not processed	y finance the overdraw	n bank of 2003/04	financial year. A



4.2



PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

NOTES TO THE APPROPRIATION STATEMENT for the year ended 31 March 2005

	Voted Funds after virement	Actual Expenditure	R'000	%
Health Science & Training	164,544	159,948	4,596	2.79%
	Saving mainly due to the belt tigh towards realizing a saving to part	· ·	. ,	•
Health Care Support Services	10,807	10,440	367	3.40%
	Saving mainly due to the belt tigh towards realizing a saving to part	· ·	. ,	•
Health Facilities Development and Maintenance	376,836	372,554	4,282	1.14%
	Saving mainly due to the belt tigh towards realizing a saving to partl further contributing factor toward projects not yet finalized which ha	y finance the overdraw s the saving under this	n bank of 2003/04 fi programme relates t	nancial year. A o various capital

Per economic classification:	R'000
Current expenditure	
Compensation of employees Goods and services Interest and rent on land Financial transactions in assets and liabilities Unauthorised expenditure approved	25,854 14,590
Transfers and subsidies	
Provinces and municipalities Departmental agencies and accounts Universities and technikons	53,431 (59,571)
Public corporations and private enterprises Foreign governments and international organisations	(11,258)
Non-profit institutions Households	(4) (79)

NOTES TO THE APPROPRIATION STATEMENT for the year ended 31 March 2005

Payments for capital assets

Buildings and other fixed structures Machinery and equipment Heritage assets Biological assets Software and other intangible assets Land and sub soil assets 12,795 5,291





STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE for the year ended 31 March 2005

•	Note	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
REVENUE			
Annual appropriation	1	5,220,628	5,111,182
Statutory appropriation	2	638	602
Appropriation for unauthorised expenditure approved		-	-
Departmental revenue	3	9,784	76,829
Local and foreign aid assistance	4	9,518	2,599
TOTAL REVENUE		5,240,568	5,191,212
EXPENDITURE			
Current expenditure			
Compensation of employees	5	3,230,051	2,815,673
Goods and services	6	1,132,432	1,225,405
Interest and rent on land	7	-	-
Financial transactions in assets and liabilities	8	-	-
Local and foreign aid assistance	4	9,518	1,020
Unauthorised expenditure approved	9	-	-
Total current expenditure		4,372,001	4,042,098
Transfers and subsidies	11	447,066	735,594
Expenditure for capital assets		,,,,,,	
Buildings and other fixed structures	12	343,889	341,924
Machinery and Equipment	12	26,779	124,416
Biological or cultivated assets	12	-	-
Software and other intangible assets	12	-	-
Land and subsoil assets	12	-	-
Local and foreign aid assistance	4	-	-
Unauthorised expenditure approved	9	-	
Total expenditure for capital assets		370,668	466,340
TOTAL EXPENDITURE		5,189,735	5,244,032
NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)		50,833	(52,820)
Add back unauthorised expenditure	9	57,484	256,914
Add back fruitless and wasteful expenditure	10	-	1848
NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		108,317	205,942
THE TOTAL CONTENT OF THE TERM			200,772

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE for the year ended 31 March 2005

R'000 R'000	Note	2004/05	2003/04
Reconciliation of Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the year			
Voted Funds to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund	18	98,533	127,534
Departmental revenue to be surrendered to revenue fund	19	9,784	76,829
Local and foreign aid assistance	4	-	1,579
NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		108,317	205,942





STATMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION for the year ended 31 March 2005

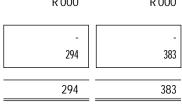
,	Note	2004/05	2003/04
		R'000	R'000
ASSETS			
Current assets		592,928	515,169
Unauthorised expenditure	9	509,550	452,066
Fruitless and wasteful expenditure	10.	1,848	1,848
Cash and cash equivalents	13.	4,804	47
Loans		-	-
Other financial assets	14	-	-
Prepayments and advances	15	289	-
Receivables	16	76,437	61,208
Local and foreign aid assistance receivable	4	-	-
Non-current assets		-	-
Investments	17	-	-
Loans		-	-
Other financial assets	14	-	-
TOTAL ACCETC		E02.020	E1E 1/0
TOTAL ASSETS		592,928	515,169
LIABILITIES			
Emblernes			
Current liabilities		592,634	514,786
Voted funds to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund	18	208,380	127,534
Departmental revenue to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund	19	97,947	95,435
Bank overdraft	20	-	75,849
Payables	21	284,728	214,389
Local and foreign aid assistance repayable	4	-	-
Local and foreign aid assistance unutilised	4	1,579	1,579
Non-current liabilities			
Payables	22	-	-
TOTAL LIADULTIES			F14.70/
TOTAL LIABILITIES		592,634	514,786
NET ASSETS		294	383

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION for the year ended 31 March 2005

2004/05 2003/04 R'000 R'000 sented by:

Represented by: Capitalisation reserve Recoverable revenue

TOTAL







STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS for the year ended 31 March 2005

	Note	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
Capitalisation reserve			
Opening balance		-	-
Transfers		-	-
Closing balance			-
Recoverable revenue			
Opening balance		383	363
Debts written off	8.6	-	-
Debts recovered (included in departmental receipts)		(138)	(62)
Debts raised		49	82
Prior year adjustment		-	-
Closing balance		294	383
TOTAL		294	383

CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 31 March 2005

	Note	2004/05
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		R'000
Devices		F 0F1 0/0
Receipts Appeal operantiated funds received		5,251,363
Annual appropriated funds received		5,202,941
Statutory appropriated funds received Appropriation for unauthorised expenditure received	9	638
Departmental revenue received	9	53,784
Decrease in Recoverable Revenue		33,704
Local and foreign aid assistance received	4	0.510
·	4	9,518
Net (increase)/decrease in working capital		(15,518)
Surrendered to Revenue Fund		(51,272)
Current payments		(4,301,662)
Transfers and subsidies paid		(447,066)
Net cash flow available from operating activities	23	451,363
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payments for capital assets		(370,668)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	3	-
Proceeds from sale of investments	23	-
Proceeds from sale of other financial assets		-
(Increase)/ decrease in loans granted		-
Net cash flows from investing activities		(370,668)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Distribution/dividend to government		-
Increase/(decrease) in loans received		(89)
Net cash flows from financing activities		(89)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		80,606
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		(75,802)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		4,804







NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2005

1 Annual appropriation

Included are funds appropriated in terms of the Appropriation Act for Provincial Departments(Equitable Share)

Programmes	Total		Variance	Total
	Appropriation	Actual	over/(under)	Appropriation
				2003/04
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Health Administration	252,111	251,257	854	214,508
District Health Services	2,570,000	2,561,293	8,707	2,363,038
Emergency Medical Services	126,896	126,466	430	211,308
Provincial Hospital Services	1,719,434	1,713,609	5,825	1,731,679
Central Hospital Services	-	-	-	-
Health Science & Training	164,544	163,987	557	146,656
Health Care Support Services	10,807	10,770	37	26,749
Health Facilities Development and Maintenance	376,836	375,559	1,277	417,244
Total	5,220,628	5,202,941	17,687	5,111,182

Explanation of material variances including whether or not application will be made for a rollover.

Notes 2004/05 2003/04 R'000 R'000

1.2 Conditional grants

Total grants received ANNEXURE 1A 630,404 592,080

(** It should be noted that the Conditional grants are included in the amounts per the Total Appropriation in Note 1.1)

2. Statutory Appropriation

President and Deputy President salaries
Minister and deputy ministers salaries
Member of executive committee/parliamentary officers
Judges salaries
Sector education and training authorities (SETA)
National Skills Fund

602

638 602

638

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2005

3.

Notes 2004/05 R7000 R7000		for the year ended 31 March	า 2005		
Description Tax revenue Sales of goods and services other than capital assets 43,066 76,544 Fines, penalties and forfeits 177 - Interest, dividends and rent on land 3 1,262 Sales of capital assets Recoverable revenue received 62 Financial transactions in assets and liabilities Transfers received consist of: Gifts, donations and sponsorships received Other transfers Other transfers Total revenue collected Less: Departmental revenue budgeted * (44,000) Departmental revenue collected S7,784 118,372 Less: Departmental revenue budgeted * (44,000) Transfers received consist of: Cheques written back Nature of loss recovered ANNEXURE 10		j			
Tax revenue	Departmental revenue to be su	rrendered to revenue fund			
Sales of goods and services other than capital assets Fines, penalties and forfeits Fine capital assets Fines, penalties and sasets Fines, penalties and sasets Fines, penalties and forfeits Fines, penalties and forfeits Fines, penalties and forfeits Fines, penalties and sasets Fi	Description				
Fines, penalties and forfeits Interest, dividends and rent on land 3 1,262 Sales of capital assets Recoverable revenue received Recoverable revenue received 3.1 10,698 40,504 Transfers received consist of: Gifts, donations and sponsorships received Other transfers Other transfers Total revenue collected Less: Departmental revenue budgeted * Cheques written back Nature of loss recovered Cheques written back Material losses recovered Cheques written back Material losses recovered Cheques written back Material losses recovered Total revenue collected Cheques written back Material losses recovered Cheques written back Material losses recovered Total revenue collected Cheques written back Material losses recovered Total revenue collected Cheques written back Material losses recovered Total revenue collected Total revenue c	Tax revenue			-	-
Interest, dividends and rent on land Sales of capital assets Recoverable revenue received Recoverable revenue received Financial transactions in assets and liabilities Transfers received consist of: Gifts, donations and sponsorships received Other transfers Gifts, donations and sponsorships received Other transfers Total revenue collected Less: Departmental revenue budgeted * (44,000) Transfers received consist of: Cheques written back Nature of loss recovered Cheques written back Material losses recovered 40,504 Cheques written back Material losses recovered ANNEXURE 1J A	Sales of goods and services other than capit	tal assets		43,066	76,544
Sales of capital assets Recoverable revenue received Financial transactions in assets and liabilities Transfers received consist of: Gifts, donations and sponsorships received Other transfers Other transfers Total revenue collected Less: Departmental revenue budgeted * Cheques written back Nature of loss recovered Cheques written back Material losses recovered ANNEXURE 1]				17	-
Recoverable revenue received Financial transactions in assets and liabilities 3.1 10,698 40,504 Transfers received consist of: Gifts, donations and sponsorships received Other transfers Other transfers Total revenue collected Less: Departmental revenue budgeted * Departmental revenue collected S3,784 118,372 (44,000) (41,543) Departmental revenue collected 9,784 76,829 3.1 Financial transactions in assets and liabilities Nature of loss recovered Cheques written back Material losses recovered Cheques written back Material losses recovered 10,696 40,332				3	1,262
Financial transactions in assets and liabilities 3.1 10,698 40,504 Transfers received consist of: Gifts, donations and sponsorships received Other transfers Other transfers Total revenue collected Less: Departmental revenue budgeted * (44,000) (41,543) Departmental revenue collected S3,784 118,372 (44,000) (41,543) Departmental revenue collected 9,784 76,829 3.1 Financial transactions in assets and liabilities Nature of loss recovered Cheques written back Material losses recovered Cheques written back Material losses recovered 10,696 40,332				-	-
Transfers received consist of: Gifts, donations and sponsorships received Other transfers Total revenue collected Less: Departmental revenue budgeted * (44,000) (41,543) Departmental revenue collected S3,784 118,372 (44,000) (41,543) Departmental revenue collected 9,784 76,829 3.1 Financial transactions in assets and liabilities Nature of loss recovered Cheques written back Material losses recovered 2 172 Material losses recovered 10,696 40,332				-	
Gifts, donations and sponsorships received Other transfers Total revenue collected 53,784 118,372 Less: Departmental revenue budgeted * (44,000) (41,543) Departmental revenue collected 9,784 76,829 3.1 Financial transactions in assets and liabilities Nature of loss recovered Cheques written back 2 172 Material losses recovered Other 10,696 40,332	Financial transactions in assets and liabilit	ies	3.1	10,698	40,504
Other transfers Total revenue collected Less: Departmental revenue budgeted * (44,000) (41,543) Departmental revenue collected 9,784 76,829 3.1 Financial transactions in assets and liabilities Nature of loss recovered Cheques written back Material losses recovered 2 172 Material losses recovered 10,696 40,332	Transfers received consist of:			<u> </u>	
Less: Departmental revenue budgeted * (44,000) (41,543) Departmental revenue collected 9,784 76,829 3.1 Financial transactions in assets and liabilities Nature of loss recovered Cheques written back 2 172 Material losses recovered Other 10,696 40,332			ANNEXURE 1J	-	-
Less: Departmental revenue budgeted * (44,000) (41,543) Departmental revenue collected 9,784 76,829 3.1 Financial transactions in assets and liabilities Nature of loss recovered Cheques written back 2 172 Material losses recovered Other 10,696 40,332					
Less: Departmental revenue budgeted * (44,000) (41,543) Departmental revenue collected 9,784 76,829 3.1 Financial transactions in assets and liabilities Nature of loss recovered Cheques written back 2 172 Material losses recovered Other 10,696 40,332	Total revenue collected			53,784	118,372
3.1 Financial transactions in assets and liabilities Nature of loss recovered Cheques written back Material losses recovered 2 172 Material losses recovered - 0ther 10,696 40,332	Less: Departmental revenue budgeted *				
Nature of loss recovered 2 172 Cheques written back 2 172 Material losses recovered - - Other 10,696 40,332	Departmental revenue collected	1	<u> </u>	9,784	76,829
Material losses recovered - - - Other 10,696 40,332		sets and liabilities			
Other 10,696 40,332	Cheques written back			2	172
	Material losses recovered			-	-
10,698 40,504	Other			10,696	40,332
				10,698	40,504





			Notes	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
4.	Local and foreign aid assistance 4.1 Assistance received in cash Name of donor and purpose	Opening Balance	Revenue	Expenditure	Closing Balance
	Local Nat. Dept. of Health - Poverty Relief	1,579			1,579
	Nat. Dept. of Health - roverty keller	1,377	-	-	1,377 - -
	Foreign				
	DF:CDC of United States	-	9,518	9,518	-
					<u>-</u>
		1,579	9,518	9,518	1,579
	Analysis of balance				
	Local and foreign aid receivable Local and foreign aid unutilised Local foreign aid payable to RDP fund/donors Closing balance		- -	- 1,579 - 1,579	1,579 - 1,579
	4.2 Assistance received in kind			,,	,,,,,,
	Name of donor and purpose				
	Local				
			_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
			-		-
	Foreign Foreign aid assistance United States Government				
	Supply of Equipment, training, conferences and Transportation		_		29,001 29,001
	Total local and foreign aid assistance received in kind		=		29,001

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2005

Notes	2004/05	2003/04	R'000	R'000
5. Compensation of employees				
5.1 Salaries and wages				
Basic salary			2,256,985	2,100,912
Performance award			398	-
Service Based			3,517	976
Compensative/circumstantial			241,066	67,048
Periodic payments			10,495	-
Other non-pensionable allowances			220,833	154,145
•			2,733,294	2,323,081
5.2 Social contributions				
5.2.1 Short term employee benef	fits			
Pension			311,941	321,620
Medical			183,969	170,282
UIF			10	64
Bargain council			836	626
Official unions and associations				
Insurance			1	
			496,757	492,592
5.2.2 Post employment retiremen	nt benefits			
Pensions			-	-
Medical			-	-
Insurances				
Total compensation of employees			3,230,051	2,815,673
iotal compensation of employees	J		3,230,031	2,013,073

Average number of employees



31,431

29,532



	Notes	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
6. Goods and services		1, 000	11 000
Advertising		5,404	2,652
Attendance fees (including registration fees)		11,687	-
Bank charges and card fees		769	564
Bore waterhole drilling		-	-
Bursaries (employees)		8,258	13,727
Cash discount (temporary)		-	-
Communication		38,932	37,465
Computer services		9,382	1,950
Commission		-	48
Consultants, contractors and special services		59,663	158,359
Courier and delivery services		279	
Tracing agents & debt collections		-	-
Drivers licences and permits		19	-
Entertainment		388	270
External audit fees	6.1	8,725	7,490
Equipment less than R5 000		31,492	4,603
Firearm handling fees		-	
Freight service		282	4,468
Government motor transport		76,527	88,683
Helicopter services		-	
Honoraria (Voluntary workers)		220	124
Inventory	6.2	632,541	558,506
Land reform/restitution		-	
Learnerships		-	2,728
Legal fees		1,198	2,783
Licence agency fees		-	
Housing			-
Maintenance, repair and running costs		24	125,817
Medical services		107,205	85,964
Operating leases		5,989	11,479
Mint of decorations/medals		-	
Personnel agency fees		1,540	
Photographic services		438	
Plant flowers and other decorations		22	
Printing and publications		312	10
Professional bodies and membership fees		67	55
Resettlement costs		-	817
Road laboratories		-	
Road worthy tests		-	
School & boarding fees		-	
Subscriptions		21,687	3

		Notes	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
	Storage of furniture System access fees Taking over of contractual obligations Owned and leasehold property expenditure Translations and transcriptions Transport provided as part of the departmental activities Travel and subsistence	6.3	131 49,971 122 - 36,781	44,875 3,680 18,437
	Venues and facilities Protective, special clothing & uniforms Training & staff development Town & regional planning Water research/testing Witness and related fees Previous years unallocated items		14,437 7,940 - - - - -	49,848
			1,132,432	1,225,405
6.1	External audit fees			
	Regulatory audits Performance audits		8,652 73	6,975 515_
	Other audits Total external audit fees		8,725	7,490
6.2	Inventory Inventory surcharges Medas inventory interface Construction work in progress Other inventory Strategic stock		- - - -	- - - -
	Domestic Consumables		34,619	59,164
	Agricultural Learning and teaching support material Food and Food supplies Fuel, oil and gas Laboratory consumables		33,527 6,711	59 46,360 13,461
	Other consumables Parts and other maint mat Sport and recreation Stationery and Printing Veterinary supplies		8,298 62,569 - 13,433	5,783 11,514 58 17,231
	Restoration and fittings Road construction and supplies Medical Supplies Weapons and armaments		473,384 	404,876





	lotal Inventory	632,541	558,506	
	Notes 2004/05 2003/04	R'000	R'000	
	6.3 Travel and subsistence Local Foreign Total travel and subsistence	36,049 732 36,781	17,881 556 18,437	_
7.	Interest and rent on land Interest expense Rent on land Total interest and rent on land	-	 	_
8.	Financial transactions in assets and liabilities Material losses through criminal conduct Other material losses written off 8.2 Debts written off 8.4	- - -	- - -	_
	8.1 Material losses through criminal conduct Nature of losses (Group major categories, but list material items)			
		-		_
	8.2 Other material losses written off in Statement of Financial Performance Nature of losses (Group major categories, but list material items)			_
	8.3 Other material losses of items expensed in previous periods (Total not included above) (Group major categories, but list material items)			
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2005

			Notes	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
	8.4	Bad debts written off Nature of debts written off Transfer to debts written off			
					- - -
	8.5	Details of theft and losses (Group major categories, but list material items)			
					-
	8.6	Recoverable revenue debts written off (Group major categories, but list material items)			
).					- - -
	Unaut	chorised expenditure			
	9.1	Reconciliation of unauthorised expenditure			
		Opening balance Unauthorised expenditure current year Unauthorised expenditure approved by Parliament/Legislature current expenditure Unauthorised expenditure approved by Parliament/Legislature expenditure for Capital assets		452,066 57,484	195,152 256,914
		Transfer to receivables for recovery Unauthorised expenditure awaiting authorisation		509,550	452,066
				007,000	.02,000

9.





				Notes	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
	9.2	Unauthorised expe	enditure			
		Incident Equitable Share expendit Overspending - Prg 2 Overspending - Prg 4	Disciplinary steps taken/criminal proceedings ure funded through Conditional Grant Initial investigation over. Final awaiting tender Initial investigation over. Final awaiting tender		57,484	Total 155,308 32,602
		Ovespending - 2002/03	Initial investigation over. Final awaiting tender			69,004
10.					57,484	256,914
	Fruitl	ess and wasteful ex	penditure			
	10.1	Reconciliation of f	ruitless and wasteful expenditure			
		Opening balance			1,848	
		Fruitless and wasteful ex	penditure current year Financial Performance authorised losses			1,848
		Transfer to receivables fo			-	
			penditure awaiting condonement		1,848	1,848
		Incident	Disciplinary steps taken/criminal proceedings			
		Interest - Karupan	Investigation complete but expenditure not condoned			9
		Interest - Mbele	Investigation complete but expenditure not condoned			18
		Interest - DM Ingram Interest - Trevor Day	Investigation complete but expenditure not condoned Investigation complete but expenditure not condoned			1,800 10
		Interest - Beling	Investigation complete but expenditure not condoned		:	11
11.		J				1,848
	Trans	fers and subsidies				
		Provinces and municipali		ANNEXURE 1C	216,121	735,594
		Departmental agencies a Public corporations and		ANNEXURE 1D Annexure 1F	195,272 11,258	
		Non-profit institutions	orrate errorprises	ANNEXURE 1H	4_	
		Households		ANNEXURE 11	24,411	
		Gifts and donations				

		447,066	735,594
	Notes	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
12. Expenditure for capital assets			
Machinery and equipment Biological or cultivated assets Land and subsoil assets	ANNEXURE 4 ANNEXURE 4 ANNEXURE 4 ANNEXURE 4 ANNEXURE 5	343,889 26,779 - 	341,924 124,416 - -
Total		370,668	466,340
13. Cash and cash equivalents			
Consolidated Paymaster General Account Fund requisition account Cash receipts Disbursements Cash on hand		4,787 - (3) 20	- - - -
Cash with commercial banks Cash in transit			47
		4,804	47
14. Other financial assets			
Description Current (Group major categories, but list material items)		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Non-current (Group major categories, but list material items)		<u>-</u>	
			-





15.					Notes	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
	Prepayments and advances						
	Description						
	Staff advances Travel and subsistence Prepayments					94 195 -	- - -
	Advances paid to other entities Claims recoverable				_		-
16.	Claims recoverable					289	-
	Receivables						
			Less than one year	One to three years	Older than three years	Total	Total
	Amounts owing by other entities	ANNEXURE 6	190	504	104	190	144
	Staff debtors Clearing accounts	16.1 16.2	<u>45</u>	501	621	1,167 1	674
	Other debtors	16.3	3,684	51,560	19,835	75,079	60,390
			3,920	52,061	20,456	76,437	61,208
	Amounts of R 40 631 571 (2004: performance	R 11 037 000) included	above may not be r	recoverable, but have n	ot been written off in	n the Statement of fina	ncial
	16.1 Staff debtors (Group major categories, but list	material items)					
	(Group major categories, but list Interest Bearing Debt	material items)				621	
	(Group major categories, but list Interest Bearing Debt Private Telephone Calls	material items)			_	45	29
	(Group major categories, but list Interest Bearing Debt Private Telephone Calls Salary Debt	material items)					29
	(Group major categories, but list Interest Bearing Debt Private Telephone Calls	material items)				45	621 29 - 24 674
	(Group major categories, but list Interest Bearing Debt Private Telephone Calls Salary Debt Damage to GG Vehicles 16.2 Clearing accounts					501 = ==================================	29 - 24
	(Group major categories, but list Interest Bearing Debt Private Telephone Calls Salary Debt Damage to GG Vehicles 16.2 Clearing accounts (Group major categories, but list					45 501 - 1,167	29 - 24
	(Group major categories, but list Interest Bearing Debt Private Telephone Calls Salary Debt Damage to GG Vehicles 16.2 Clearing accounts					501 = ==================================	29 - 24

	Notes	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
16.3 Other debtors Nature of advances (Group major categories, but list material items)			
Advances: Subsistence & Travelling		-	720
Advances: Personnel Salaries		-	293
Salary Reversal		10,990	24,335
Ex Employees Other		<u>16,837</u> 47,252	35,042
Other			- 33,042
		75,079	60,390
17. Investments			
Investee Natu	re of investment		
(Reflected at cost)			
		_	_
			<u>-</u>
		-	-
		-	-
18. Voted Funds to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund	j		
Opening balance		127,534	
Transfer from Statement of Financial Performance		98,533	127,534
Voted funds not requested/not received		(17,687)	
Paid during the year Closing balance		208,380	127,534
19. Departmental revenue to be surrendered to revenue	e fund		
Opening balance		95,435	17,693
Transfer from Statement of Financial Performance		9,784	76,829
Departmental revenue budgeted*		44,000	41,543
Transfer from local and foreign aid assistance** Paid during the year		(51,272)	(40,630)
Closing balance		97,947	95,435
y		, ,	.,,





				Notes	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
20. Bank o	verdraft					
Paym	aster General Account				<u> </u>	75,849
					-	75,849
21. Payable:	s current					
Desc	cription					
	nts owing to other departments nces received	ANNEXURE 7 21.1	30 Days - -	30 + Days 907	Total 907 -	Total 866
	ng accounts	21.2	<u> </u>			
	payables	21.3	75,227 75,227	208,594 209,501	283,821 284,728	213,523 214,389
21.1	Advances received					
	Identify major categories, but list m	aterial items			<u> </u>	
				,	- -	-
21.2	Clearing accounts Description (Identify major categories, but list n	naterial amounts)				
	(tubiting major outogotios, but not n	iatoriai amountoj			-	-
				:	-	-
					-	-
21.3	Other payables Description (Identify major categories, but list n	natorial amounts)				
	Salaries & Deductions	iateriai amounts)			32,006	220
	Fund accounts				28,636	28,636
	Treasury Balance				170,255	170,255
	Other payables Other Departments			:	52,924	14,412
	Sale. Soparation				283,821	213,523

				Notes	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
22. Payables Non-current					Description	
		Less than one year	One to three years	Older than three years	Total	Total
Amounts owning to other departments	Annexure 7	-	-	-	-	-
Advances received Other payables	22.1 22.2	-	-	-	-	
, ,		-	-	-	-	-
22.1 Advances received Identify major categories	, but list material items					
					- 	-
				_		-
					-	-
22.2 Other payables Description (Identify major categorie	s, but list material amou	unts)				
					-	-
					<u> </u>	-
				_		



		Notes	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
23.	Reconciliation of net cash flow from operating activities to surplus/(deficit)			
	Net surplus/(deficit) as per Statement of Financial Performance Non-cash movements		108,317	
	(Increase)/decrease in receivables current		(15,229)	
	(Increase)/decrease in prepayments and advances		(289)	
	(Increase)/decrease in other current assets		-57,484	
	(Increase)/decrease in other non-current assets		-	
	Increase/(decrease) in payables current		70,339	
	Increase/(decrease) in current liabilities		-	
	Increase/(decrease) in non-current liabilities			
	Proceeds from sale of equipment			
	Surrenders		(51,272)	
	Proceeds from sale of land and buildings			
	Proceeds on sale of investments			
	Capital expenditure		370,668	
	Voted funds not requested/not received	_	(17,687)	
	Proceeds on sale of financial assets			
	Other non cash items	=	44,000	
	Net cash flow generated by operating activities		451,363	
24.	Appropriated funds and departmental revenue surrendered			
	Appropriated funds surrendered		-	317
	Departmental revenue surrendered	-	51,272	40,630
		=	51,272	40,947

DISCLOSURE NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2005

These amounts are not recognised in the financial statements and are disclosed to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements.

25.	Contingent liabilities Liable to	Nature				
	Housing loan guarantees Other guarantees	Employees		ANNEXURE 3 ANNEXURE 3	27,947	25,685
	Claims				110,923	97,024
	Other departments (unconfirmed balances)			ANNEXURE 7	2,663	14,005
	Capped Leave Commitments				687,319	696,893
	Other				40,299	10,824
					869,151	844,431
26.	Commitments Current expenditure					
	Approved and contracted				95,000	64,710
	Approved but not yet contracted				15,000	11,785
					110,000	76,495
	Capital expenditure					
	Approved and contracted				209,865	338,359
	Approved but not yet contracted				258,377	97,010
	Total Commitments				468,242	435,369
	total commitments				578,242	511,864
27.	Accruals					
	By economic classification		30 Days	30 + Days	Total	Total
	Compensation of employees			23,336	23,336	29,103
	Goods and services			270,414	270,414	53,905
	Interest and rent on land					
	Transfers and subsidies			165,844	165,844	80,972
	Buildings and other fixed structures			44,780	44,780	18,061
	Machinery and Equipment			2,925	2,925	20,493
	Biological or cultivated assets				-	
	Software and other intangible assets					
	Land and subsoil assets				-	
					507,299	202,534
	Listed by programme level					
	Administration				72,016	36,682
	District Health Services				179,748	73,866
	Emergency Medical Services				118	2,337
	Provincial Health Services				126,136	54,241
	Health Sciences and Training				392	3,973
	Health Facilities				70,608	24,567





	Medsas		Notes	58,281 507,299 2004/05 R'000	6,868 202,534 2003/04 R'000
	Confirmed balances with other departments		ANNEXURE 7	2,432	866
				2,432	866
28.	Employee benefits				
	Leave entitlement Thirteenth cheque Performance awards			135,499 95,920 -	99,989 151,038
				231,419	251,027
29.	Leases				
	29.1 Operating leases	Buildings & other fixed structures	Machinery and equipment	Total	Total
	Not later than 1 year	659	32,405	33,064	31,535
	Later than 1 year and not later than 3 years	1,171	5,267	6,438	9,042
	Later than three years	191	54	245	169
	Total present value of lease liabilities	2,021	37,726	39,747	40,746
30.	Receivables for service delivered Nature of service				
	Externally funded patients			23,344	240
	Self funded patients			6,187	652
	Hospital fees - H1			35,275	535
	Hospital fees - H2			834	-
	Hospital fees - H3			1,209	-
	Hospital fees - OPD general			-	491
	Rental			996	132
	Water and lights			491	134
	Telephone			18	
	Medical reports / Other		:	5	12_
				68,359	2,196

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2005

Amounts of R18 000 000 included above may not be recoverable

		Notes	2004/05 R'000	2003/04 R'000
31.	Irregular expenditure			
	31.1 Reconciliation of irregular expenditure			
	Opening Balance Irregular expenditure current year Transferred to Statement of Financial Performance - authorised losses (Condoned) Transfers to receivables for recovery (Not condoned)		31,642 10,238 (10,238)	31,642 64,443 (64,443)
	Irregular expenditure awaiting condonement		31,642	31,642
	Analysis			
	Current Prior years		31,642	31,642
			31,642	31,642
32.	Related party transactions No related party transactions took place in the year under review.			
33.	Senior management personnel			
	The Minister, Deputy Ministers, Director-GeneralDeputy Director Generals			
	- MEC		643	551
	- Head Of Department - Deputy Director General		861 69	754
	- Chief Directors		3,183	2,718
			4,756	4,023

The amounts include Basic Salary & Allowances

34. Public Private Partnership

Kouga Partnership Hospital - Co - Location PPP

Background:

The Eastern Cape Department of Health (ECDoH) identified the potential for the establishment of a private hospital in partnership with the district hospital at Humansdorp. The Department of Public Works and CSIR identified the need for the upgrading and





DISCLOSURE NOTES TO THE ANNUAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2005

In addition to this, the Humansdorp District Hospital had a maintenance backlog which was unlikely to be addressed in the short term, given other ECDoH priorities.

A Public Private Partnership (PPP) was seen as providing the opportunity to revitalise the district hospital, generate revenue from the private sector via shared services and create additional beds within the district.

In April 1999 the ECDoH placed an advertisement inviting proposals from the private sector. Proposals were received; an evaluation and short-listing procedure followed. Finally, in July 2000 a recommendation to the provincial Executive Committee was drafted.

Terms of the agreement:

Metro-Star is responsible for the following:

The rehabilitation and upgrading of the Hospital, including all electrical and mechanical items, building and services and decorative finishes.

The expansion of the maternity ward to 16 beds and to expand the paediatric unit to accommodate 20 beds.

Building two new theatres, one each for each of the parties who will be responsible for equipping and managing their own theatre.

Facilities management for the Concession Period, including all maintenance & repairs, security, gardening, cleaning & domestic and waste removal.

A unitary charge of R1.5m per annum will be payable for facilities maintenance.

All assets generated by the concession agreement will be transferred to the ECDoH when the agreement lapses.

Metro- Star and the Department shall be jointly responsible for the following:

The parties will jointly manage the administration facilities and catering services for the benefit of both parties.

The concession agreement will be in place for a period of 20 years from the date of signatory.

The Departments capital contribution to the project is R 1.5m, whilst Metrostar contributed is R 13.5m.

The ECDoH shall be responsible for the following:

The Department will operate the Casualty / Outpatients Department for all patients.

The Department is responsible for the clearing of a maintenance backlog totaling R 700,000.

Black Economic Empowerment:

The project is a joint venture between Metropol Hospitals (Pty) Ltd (owned 60% by Afrox Healthcare Ltd and 40% by a Doctor's investment company, PE Hospitals Investment (Pty) Ltd) and Season Star Trading 123 cc owned by Mike Xego and Xola Makapela. The joint venture company is called Metro - Star Hospital (Pty) Limited.

Black economic empowerment benefited as follows:

The securing of a minimum of 25% (twenty-five percent) HDI Equity Ownership in the Concessionaire by HDIs and HDEs, to the extent that such ownership also provides for the Management and Control by such HDI and HDE shareholders in the Concessionaire. The minimum 25% (twenty five percent) HDI equity ownership must grow to 40% (forty percent) HDI equity ownership during the concession period.

DISCLOSURE NOTES TO THE ANNUAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2005

50% (fifty percent) of the value of all the Construction Works was carried out by HDIs and HDEs.

The implementation and advancement during the Concession Period of sound employment equity practices and skills development initiatives and the maintaining of terms and conditions of employment and labour practices which are in line with labour law and best practices.

The implementation, advancement and identification of skills initiatives and the appropriate transfer of skills to Provincial Government staff.

Procuring a minimum of 40% (forty percent) of all amounts spent on services during any one Concession Year by the Concessionaire be spent in respect of the provisioning of services by HDIs, HDEs, SMMEs, Women and Local subcontractors. The minimum of 40% (forty percent) of all amounts spent on services must grow to 60% (sixty percent) spent in respect of services provided by HDIs, HDEs, SMMEs, Women and Local subcontractors during the Concession Period.

General:

The official signing of the concession agreement took place on 27 June 2003.

Projections:

The completion of the construction and rehabilitation phase is targeted for 30 April 2005.

Admittance of private patients took place on 1 August 2004. The official launch is targeted for 30 May 2005.









ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2005

ANNEXURE 1A STATEMENT OF CONDITIONAL GRANTS RECEIVED

		GRANT ,	GRANT ALLOCATION			SPENT		200	2003/04
NAME OF DEPARTMENT	Division of			Total	Amount	Amount	% of Available funds spent by	Pivicion of	tai ioa v
	Revenue Act	Roll Overs	Adjustments	Available	department	department	department	Revenue Act	spent by
	R'000	R'000		R'000	, R'000	' R'000	%	R'000	departments
National Tertiary Services Grant	272,036			272,036	272,036	236,170	89.98	195,504	777,203
Health Professionals Training and	97,464			97,464	97,464	76,962	%0.67	79,873	68,538
Development Grant									
Hospital Revitalisation Grant	116,354			116,354	116,354	0/8'86	82.0%	90,751	93,924
HIV / AIDS Health Grant	04'86			06'86	026'86	62'06	91.5%	38,934	34,322
Integrated Nutrition Programme	23,933			23,933	23,933	22,815	%2'3%	172,465	173,433
Grant									
Hospital Management and Quality	19,529			19,529	14,647	13,705	70.2%	14,553	7,248
Improvement Grant									
Drought Relief Fund	000'9			000'9	000'9	1,254	20.9%		
Medical - Legal Services	1,000			1,000	1,000	350	35.0%		
	635,286			635,286	630,404	540,665	%0'66	592,080	581,242







NTSG GRANT: HPTD GRANT

Some service providers were not paid due to late or non receipt of invoices

HOSPITAL REVITALISATION GRANT:

Payment of R16 000 instead of R16 000 000 discovered too late to rectify. Other transfers to Health Resource Centres could not be effected in time. Late finalisation of Tenders. Some Certificates could not be timeously finalised for payment

QUALITY IMPROVEMENT GRANT: HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT AND

Some service providers were not paid due to late or non receipt of invoices. The appointment of a company to operate the Health Call Centre only took place in March 2005

MEDICAL LEGAL SERVICES: DROUGHT RELIEF FUND:

due to delays in finalising the tender.

Some service providers not paid due to late or non receipt of invoices. The appointment of a Project Manager took too long to finalise.

ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2005

ANNEXURE 1C STATEMENT OF TRANSFERS

2003/04	Division of	Revenue Act R'000		19,520	36,529	19,126	7,525		1,789	7,365
	% of available funds spent by	municipality %		%0.0	100.0%	100.0%				100.0%
SPENT	Amount spent by	municipality R'000		1	40,245	13,616	1		1	1,889
	Amount received by	municipality R'000		1	40,245	13,616	1		1	1,889
TRANSFER	% of Available Funds	Transferred %		%0:0	141.3%	73.5%	%0:0		%0:0	23.4%
TR	Actual	Transfer R'000		1	40,245	13,616	•		1	1,889
	Total	Available R'000		13,845	28,481	18,533	809'9		2,018	980'8
GRANT ALLOCATION		Roll Overs Adjustments R'000	R'000							
GRANT		Roll Overs R'000								
	Division of	Revenue Act R'000		13,845	28,481	18,533	809'9		2,018	980'8
	NAME OF	DEPAKTMENT	LIFECARES	Ngubela	Hewn	Kirkwood	Algoa Care	PROV AIDED HOSPITALS	Aberdeen	Adelaide







3,392	3,437	3,407	1,892	2,670	4,562	3,475	4,613	3,936	3,082	3,628	1,725	965'9	2,330	2,161	1771		6,204	15,004	10,633	2,945	,	6,831	2,300	3,833		9'09'9	15,764	12,415	(28,165)	,	,		
																						100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		100.0%	100.0%		
•	1	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	1	•	•	•				1	1		(27)	<u>(</u>)	1,205		91	119	49	•	25	18		•
•	1	1	1	1	,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				1	1		(27)	(2)	1,205		16	119	49	1	25	18		,
%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0		%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0			(25.2%)	%0:0	105.8%	129.3%	102.1%	%0:0		36.0%		0.0
•	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	1	•	•	1			1	1			(27)	<u>(f)</u>	1,205		16	119	49	1	25	18		•
3,974	4,223	3,526	1,729	3,032	3,599	3,956	5,156	3,567	3,676	4,399	1,811	698'6	2,615	4,012	3,205			•	776'1	(3,186)	1	1	•	(4,791)	1	98	92	48	•	20			
74	123	979	.29	132	66	126	26	199	920	661	311	691	15	112	105				111	(98				JI)		98	92	48	-		20		
3,974	4,223	3,5	1,7	3,6	3,5	3,5	5,1	3,567	3,6	4,3		8'6	2,6	4,0	3,2				5'1	(3,186)				(4,791)									
B J Vorster	Dordrecht	Indwe	Jamestown	Jansenville	Komga	Lady Grey	Maclear	Martje Venter	Molteno	New Haven	Sterkstroom	Stutterheim	St Francis	Sundays Valley	Willowmore	SANTAS	Fort Grey	Jose Pearson	Khotsong	Margery Parkes	Marjorie Parrish	Orsmond Centre	Temba Centre	Winterberg	EMR SERVICES	East London Region	Port Elizabeth Region	Queenstown Region	Divisional	Mt Ayliff Region	Umtata Region	HEALTH RESOURCE	CENTRES

East London				%0.0				3.153
				700				1000
Port Elizabeth		1		%0.0				7,084
Queenstown		•		%0:0				1,200
MUNICIPALITIES								
Amahlathi TLC	1		ı					1,405
Amathole DC	12,335	12,335		58.1%	7,163	7,163	100.0%	8,500
Baviaans	497	497	7,163	107.0%	532	532	100.0%	786
Blue Crane Route	2,156	2,156	532	92.8%	2,001	2,001	100.0%	2,189
Buffalo City	17,397	17,397	2,001	23.8%	4,135	4,135	100.0%	14,598
Cacadu DC	13,488	13,488	4,135	116.8%	15,753	15,753	100.0%	22,096
Camdeboo	1,833	1,833	15,753	157.0%	2,878	2,878	100.0%	2,374
Chris Hani	7,639	7,639	2,878	74.1%	5,658	2,658	100.0%	4,527
Gariep MC	2,382	2,382	2,658	89.3%	2,127	2,127	100.0%	1,829
Ikwezi	284	284	2,127	133.5%	379	379	100.0%	913
Inxuba Yethemba MC	5,036	2,036	379	102.3%	5,150	5,150	100.0%	1,800
KSD MC	7,576	7,576	5,150	89.3%	69′29	6,769	100.0%	6,398
Kouga	1,998	1,998	6,769	92.2%	1,842	1,842	100.0%	1,761
Lukhanji	4,844	4,844	1,842	71.1%	3,444	3,444	100.0%	•
Makana	5,300	5,300	3,444	91.4%	4,843	4,843	100.0%	3,569
Maletswai MC	2,404	2,404	4,843	15.1%	363	363	100.0%	1,249
Mnquma	1		ı	%0.0	,	ı		2,737
Ndlambe	2,112	2,112		94.3%	1,991	1,991	100.0%	2,255
Nelson Mandela	43,012	43,012	1,991	28.0%	12,058	12,058	100.0%	061'09
Nkonkobe	2,619	2,619	12,058	92.0%	2,409	2,409	100.0%	2,086
Nxuba Local Municipality	1		2,409		1,224	1,224	100.0%	1,868
Sakhisizwe MC	1,166	1,166	1,224	95.7%	1,116	1,116	100.0%	1,036
Sengu MC	408	408	1,116	%8'96	395	395	100.0%	324
Ukhahlamba	7,058	7,058	395	95.4%	6,732	6,732	100.0%	166'9
Western DC	1		6,732	%0.0				4,245
UNITRA		•		%0.0				26,800
OTHER	- (12,188)	(12,188)	986'69	(-573.8%)	986'69	986'69	100.0%	223,913
				•				
I	269.552		216,121		216,121	216,121		643,841





PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

ANNEXURE ID STATEMENT OF TRANSFERS TO DEPARTMENTAL AGENCIES AND ACCOUNTS

2003 /04	Final	Appropriation	Act	R'000																	
Transfer	% of Available	Funds	Transferred	%		%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0		%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0.0
Trar		Actual	Transfer	R'000		22,286	(16,149)	5,728	6,627		2,018	6,197	3,742	4,223	3,526	1,729	3,032	3,599	3,957	5,156	3,567
		Total	Available	R'000	•	1	1	1	•	•	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	•
Transfer Allocation			Roll Overs Adjustments	R'000																	
Transfer				R'000																	
		Adjusted	Appropriation	Act		ı	ı	1	1		•	1	•	'	1	1	1	•	1	1	•
		AGENCY/ACCOUNT			LIFECARES	Ngubela	Hewn	Kirkwood	Algoa Care	PROV AIDED HOSPITALS	Aberdeen	Adelaide	B J Vorster	Dordrecht	Indwe	Jamestown	Jansenville	Komga	Lady Grey	Maclear	Martje Venter

Molteno			3,676	%0:0	
New Haven			3,317	%0:0	
Sterkstroom	1	•	1,811	%0:0	
Stutterheim	1		7,474	%0:0	
St Francis	1		2,615	%0:0	
Sundays Valley	1	•	1,925	%0:0	
Willowmore	1		3,205	%0:0	
SANTAS					
Fort Grey	2,142	2,142	7,139	333.3%	
Jose Pearson	6,116	9119	11,734	191.9%	
Khotsong	3,997	3,997	7,977	199.6%	
Margery Parkes	2,186	2,186	3,156	144.4%	
Marjorie Parrish	7,114	7,114	7,114	100.0%	
Orsmond Centre	3,069	3,069	6,119	199.4%	
Temba Centre	2,622	2,622	3,311	126.3%	
Winterberg	1,221	1,221	3,616	296.2%	
HEALTH RESOURCE		•			
CENTRES	1,092	1,092	2,171	198.8%	
East London	99	99	4	6.1%	
Port Elizabeth	1,200	1,200	1,200	100.0%	
Oueenstown	52,201	52,201	51,176	%0'86	
UNITRA	52,675	52,675	7,294	13.8%	
OTHER		•		%0.0	
	135,701	135,701	195,272		
	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		-:-/-:		







STATEMENT OF TRANSFERS / SUBSIDIES TO PUBLIC CORPORATIONS AND PRIVATE ENTERPRISES **ANNEXURE 1F**

		TRANSF	TRANSFER ALLOCATION			EXPEN	EXPENDITURE		2003/04
Adjusted (NAME OF PUBLIC CORPORATION Appropriation	Adjusted Appropriation	Roll		Total	Actual	% of Available Funds			
/PRIVATE ENTERPRISE)	Act	Overs	Adjustments	Available	Transfer	Tramsferred	Capital	Current	Total Available
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000	R'000
Public Corporations									
Transfers						%0:0			
Districts	107			107	6,026	5631.8%			
Clinical H/Comp					378				
Others	(101)			(101)	4,854	(4536.4%)			
				ı		%0.0			
Subtotal			1	ı	11,258		1		1

Subsidies					
Subtotal					ı
Total			11,258		1
Private Enterprises Transfers					
Subtotal					
Subsidies					
Subtotal					
Total					1
TOTAL			11,258	ı	



PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3 ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2005

ANNEXURE 1H STATEMENT OF TRANSFERS TO NON-PROFIT INSTITUTIONS

TRANSFER	TRA	TRANSFER		ALLOCATION	EXPE	EXPENDITURE	2003/04
NON PROFIT	Adjusted			Total	Actual	% of	Final
ORGANISATION	ion	Roll Overs	Roll Overs Adjustments	Available	Transfer	Available	Appropriati
	Act	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	Funds	on Act
	R'000					Transferred	R'000
Transfers							
Ukhahlamba					4		
	•	-		-	4		-
Subsidies							
	•	•					1
TOTAL	ı	•	ı	ı	4		1



ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2005

ANNEXURE 11 STATEMENT OF TRANSFERS TO HOUSEHOLDS

	TRANSFER	FER	ALLOCATION	ATION	EXPENI	EXPENDITURE	2003/04
	Adjusted						Final
HOUSEHOU DS	Appropriation					% of	Appropriati
	Act	Roll Overs	Adjustments	Total	Actual	Available	on Act
	R'000	R'000	R'000	Available	Transfer	Funds	R'000
Iransfers							
Districts	19,471			19,471	18,309	94.0%	
Clinical H/Comp	4,689			4,689	5,053	107.8%	
Others	172			172	1,049	%6'609	
	24,332	•		24,332	24,411		
20,000							
absidies							
	•	•	1	1			1
Total	24,332	•		24,332	24,411		•

PART E - Annexures to the AFS





PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

ANNEXURE 3 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL GUARANTEES ISSUED AS AT 31 MARCH 2005 - LOCAL

Realised	losses i.r.o.	claims paid	ont	R'000																
	Closing	Balance	31/03/2005	R'000	9,652	2,214	4,676	161	109	29	3,099	1,075	1,044	•	183	15	10	E	10	22
Guaranteed	interest	outstanding as	at 31 March	2005																
Guarantees	Released	during the	year	R'000	311	11	145	16	23	25	19	49	83	423		4				
	Guarantees	issued during	the year	R'000	1,335	231	247	33			412	221	232		6			4		
	Opening	Balance	01/04/2004	R'000	8,628	2,054	4,574	774	132	54	2,748	903	895	423	174	19	10	7	10	22
Original	Guaranteed	capital	amonnt	R'000																
		Guarantee in	respect of	Housing																
		Guarantor institution			ABSA	Permanent (Peoples NBS)	Standard Bank	Nedbank	Nedbank (BOE)	BOE Bank Ltd	FNB (Firstrand)	FNB (Saambou Bank)	Peoples Bank (FBC Fid)	African Bank	GBS Mutual	Hlano Financial Services	Meeg	Ithala Limited	Southnet Financial Services	Old Mutual Financial Ltd

4,248 10	450 162 57 28 406 30	3,665 1,403	
1 1 1		25,685	



PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3

ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2005

PHYSICAL ASSET MOVEMENT SCHEDULE AS AT 31 MARCH 2005 **ANNEXURE 4**

	Opening	Additions	Disposals	Transfers in	Transfers Out	Closing
	Balance R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000 Balance R'000
BUILDINGS AND OTHER FIXED						
STRUCTURES		343,889		•		343,889
Dwellings Non-residential buildings	1					•
Investment properties	•	343,889				343,889
Other structures (Infrastructure assets)	•					1
Capital work in progress	•					•
Heritage assets	•					1
	•					
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT						
		26,779				26,779
Computer equipment	•					•
Furniture and office equipment	•					1
Other machinery and equipment	•	26,779				26,779
Specialised military assets	•					1
Transport assets						
	•					-

BIOLOGICAL OR CULTIVATED ASSETS					
LAND AND SUBSOIL ASSETS		,		,	
Land Mineral and other non regenerative assets					
	370,668	- 89			370,668
PHYSICAL ASSET MOVEMENT AS AT 31 MARCH 2004	- ARCH 2004				
BUILDINGS AND OTHER FIXED STRUCTURES	- 341,924				341,924
Dwellings	246	, rec			- 400 140
Not et estaetitat batanigs Investment properties	476,146	47/			- 141,724
Other structures (Infrastructure assets)					
Capital work in progress Heritage assets					
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	- 124,416	416			124,416
Computer equipment	3'1	1,867	ı	·	1,867
Furniture and office equipment Other machinery and equipment	- 122.549	49			- 122,549
Specialised military assets Transport assets					
BIOLOGICAL OR CULTIVATED ASSETS					
LAND AND SUBSOIL ASSETS					1
Land Mineral and other non renonceative accete					
ineral and Other Fibri regenerative assets	466′340	40			
					166 340







PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH VOTE 3 ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2005

ANNEXURE 6 INTER-GOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

IIVI EN-GOVENNIVICIVIAE NEGELVADEES				
	Confirmed balance outstanding	outstanding	Unconfirmed balance outstanding	e outstanding
Government Entity	31/03/2005	31/03/2004	31/03/2005	31/03/2004
,	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Department				
Provincial Treasury - Eastern Cape		25	151	
Health - Limpopo		70	_	
Social Development - Eastern Cape		49	38	
		144	190	
Other Government Entities				
1				
TOTAL		144	190	

ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2005

ANNEXURE 7 INTERDEPARTMENTAL PAYABLES CURRENT

	io cooled becaused	2010000	Linguistic months	2017000+0+110
	commen paralice outstanding	utstallullig	Uncollinied balance outstanding	e outstallully
GOVERNMENT ENTITY	31/03/2005	31/03/2004	31/03/2005	31/03/2004
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Department				
Amounts not included in Statement of financial				
position				
Current				
Water Affairs and Forestry			12	913
Arts, Sport and Culture - Eastern Cape	41		110	84
Transport - Eastern Cape				117
Justice				11,957
Welfare				832
Office of the Presidency				18
SAPS *				2
National Prosecuting Authority *				82
Treasury - Eastern Cape	2,380	822		
Office of the Premier - Eastern Cape		F		
Health			2,541	
Subtotal	2,432	998	2,663	14,005







Non-current				
Subtotal	0	0	0	0
Total	2,432	998	2,663	14,005
Amounts included in Statement of financial position Current Provincial Treasury - Eastern Cape Office of the Premier - Eastern Cape Arts Sport and Culture - Eastern Cape Subtotal Non-current Total	855 11 41 907	855 11 866 866		